CAMBRIDGE ENGLISH CLASSICS

Poems by Richard Crashaw

Born, 1613?

Died, 1649

STEPS TO THE TEMPLE DELIGHTS OF THE MUSES

AND OTHER POEMS

THE TEXT EDITED BY
A R WALLER



CAMBRIDGE at the University Press 1904

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His edition contains the whole of Crashaw's Poems English and Latin, now for the first time collected in one volume

Although not English Classics, it has been thought best to include Crashaw's Latin and Greek poems, for completeness sake These are reproduced faithfully from the original issues printed at the Cambridge University Press in 1634 and 1670 and from photo graphs of the Sancroft MS. No attempt has been made to 'improve Crishaw's spelling or punctuation sive in the one or two trifling instances mentioned in the notes, and save in the use of the modern type-forms for $J \le u$, \widetilde{m} etc

The arrangement of the text is is follows

I Epigrammatum Sacrorum Liber from the volume $(5\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ins})$ of 1634 A few additional epigrams that occur in the second edition of 1670 will be found on pp 299—306

II Steps to the Temple and The Delights of the Muses

The text of 1648 (5\frac{3}{2} \times 3\frac{3}{2} \times 18 \

Humphrey Moseley,.. 1646, has been collated with that of 1648, and both texts with that of Carmen Deo Nosno, and the verbal alterations, omissions and additions in these three texts will be found in the Appendix, this course being deemed more satisfactory than to form an eclectic text by guesswork. Certain poems belonging to these three volumes are also in Aichbishop Sancroft's MS. (see IV below) and in the British Museum MSS (see V. below), variations between these MSS and the printed volumes will be found in the Appendix. In the text, the latest published form has been printed in each case. For the loan of copies of the texts of 1646 and 1648 I am indebted to the Library of Trinity College, Cambridge.

III The revised collection of poems entitled Carmen Deo Nostro ($6\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ ins), printed and published in Paris in 1652 and adorned with small plates engraved from Crashaw's own drawings, has been followed from the first page to the last. It bears evidence of having been printed abroad, as its simple errors of the press are numerous. These have been corrected and their places marked by square brackets, and in the Appendix will be found reproductions of the engravings, with indications of their place. Copies of the edition of 1652 are very rare indeed, and it has been thought well to preserve its eccentricities of spacing and its generosity in the matter of titles and half-titles

IV The volume of Crashaw's (and other) poems, copied by Archbishop Sancroft and now preserved in the Bodleian, was kindly forwarded from Oxford to the Cambridge University Library, to enable me to collate it I am much indebted to the authorities at Oxford for this privilege, and to the University Librarian here for making the examination of the MS as easy as possible.

A great many poems in it were first published by Dr Grosart in his Fuller Worthes edition of 1872-3, they were rearranged by him to fill in with the scheme of his edition, but in the following pages they will be found printed in the order in which they occur in the MS, the poems published by Crishaw being of course, omitted As indicated above (see II), verbal differences between MS and published text will be found in the notes to the latter

The evidence that some poems other than those indicated in the MS by the initials R C are Crashiws is mainly based upon Abp Sincroft's table of contents to his volume, a photograph of which I have had made I regret that in one case the evidence seems clear that a poem printed by Dr Grosart as Crashaw's cannot be his, and it does not therefore find a place in the present text

Abp Sancroft's table of contents begins thus Crashaw's poems transcrib d fro his own copie before they were printed, among weh | are some not printed Latin, on ye Gospels v p 7 On other subjects p 39 95 229 English sacred poems p 111 on other subjects-39 162 164 v 167 v 196 202 v 206 223 v Suspetto di Herode | translat d'fro Car Marino p The table then gives the titles of poems other than Crashaws, and amongst these are indexed the two unsigned poems written on p 205 of the MS 'On a Freind On a Cobler of these, Dr Grosart printed one as Crashaw's and not the other Dr Grosart took '202 v 206 to mean that all the poems on and between those pages were Crashaw s If that were so then the verses On a Cobler would be Crashaws and these he omitted But apart from the fact that these two poems are indexed elsewhere among Abp Sancroft's miscellaneous and anonymous collection, they are preceded by a

the case of the Sancroft MS, variations between them and this British Museum MS

A further acquisition by the British Museum in 1894 (Addit MS 34,692) contains a transcript of Crashaw's 'Loe heere a little volume' and 'Upon the Assumption' It is dated 1642 and seems to have belonged to 'Thom Lenthall Pemb Hall' in which college Crashaw began his academical career. Its variations are recorded in the notes, as are those of the poems in Harl MSS 6917–8, and of the earliest appearances of some of Crashaw's verses in sundry volumes of contemporary verse and prose. Of these, attention may be called to the interesting alternative readings found in the lines under the portrait of Bp Andrewes (see pp. 134 and 372)

For assistance in the collation of the British Museum MSS I am indebted to Mr Richard Askham, and Mr Albert Ivatt, of Christ's College, has very kindly prepared the indexes for me

The copy of Carmen Deo Nostro used for the purpose of the present edition will rest in future in the library of Peterhouse, of which College Crashaw was made Fellow in 1637 and from which he was ejected, with others, six years later for refusing to accept the Solemn League and Covenant

A R. WALLER

CAMBRIDGE,

May 15, 1904

EPIGRAM-MATUM

SACRORUM LIBER



CANTABRIGIÆ, Ex Academiæ celeberrimæ typographeo 1634

REVERENDO ADMODUM VIRO

BENJAMINO LANY

SS Theologiæ Professori,

Aulæ Pembrochianæ Custodi dignissimo,

ex suorum minimis

minimis R C

custodiam coelestem

Ous est & florū fructus, quibus fruimur, si non utilius, delicatius certe Neque etiam rarum est quod ad spem veris, de se per flores suos quasi pollicentis, adultioris anni, ipsiuso, adeo Autumni exigamus fidem Ignoscas igitur (vir colendissime) properanti sub ora Apollinis sui, primæque adolescentiæ lascivia exultanti Musæ Teneræ ætatis flores adfert. non fructus seræ quos quidem exigere ad seram illam & sobriam maturitatem, quam in fructibus expectamus merito, durum fuerit, forsan & ipsa hac præcoci importunitate sua placituros magis. Tibi præsertim quem paternus animus (quod fieri solet) intentum tenet omni suæ spei diluculo quo tibi de tuorum indole promittas aliquid Ex more etiam eorum, qui in præmium laboris sui pretiumque patientiæ festini ex iis quæ severunt ipsi & excoluerunt quicquid est flosculi prominulum, prima quasi verecundia auras & apertum Jovem experientis arripiunt avide, saporemque illi non tam ex ipsius indole & ingenio quam ex animi sui

affectu, foventis in co curas suas & spes, affingunt. Patere igitui (reverende Custos) hanc tibi ex istiusmodi floribus corollam necti, convivalem veró nec aliter passuram Sydus illud oris tui auspicatissimum nisi (quâ est etiam amœnitate) remissiore radio cùm se reclinat, & in tantum de se demit. Neque sane hoc scriptionis genere (modò partes suas satis præstiterit) quid esse potuit otio Theologico accommodatius, quo nimirum res ipsa Theologica Poetica amænitate delinita majestatem suam venustate commendat. Hoc demum quiequid est, amare tamen poteris, & voles, scio non ut magnum quid, non ut egregium, non ut te dignum denique, sed ut tuum tuum summo jure; utpote quod è tua gleba, per tuum radium, in manum denique tuam evocatū fuerit Quod restat hujus libelli fatis, exorandus es igitur (vir spectatissime) ut quem sinu tam facili privatum excepisti, eum jam ore magis publico alloquentem te non asperneris Stes illi in limine, non auspicium modò suum sed & argumentum. auspicium modò suum, sed & argumentum Enimvero Epigramma sacrum tuus ille vultus vel est, vel quid sit docet; ubi nimirum amabili diluitur severum, & sanctum docet; ubi nimirum amabili diluitur severum, & sanctum suavi demulcetur. Pronum me vides in negatam mihi provinciam, laudum tuarum, intelligo quas mihi cùm modestia tua abstulerit, reliquum mihi est necessariò ut sim brevis imò verò longus nimiúm, utpote cui argumentum istud abscissum fuerit, in quo unicè poteram, & sine tædio, prolixus esse Vale, virorum ornatissime, neque dedigneris quòd colere audeam Genii tui serenitatem supplex tam tenuis, & (quoniam numen quoq; hoc de se non negat) amare etiam Interim verò da veniam Musæ in tantum sibi non temperanti, quin in hanc saltem laudis tuæ pai tem, quæ tibi ex rebus sacris apud nos ornatis meritissima est, istiusmodi carmine involare ausa sit, qualicunque,

S Alve, alme custos Pieris gregis
Per quem erudito exhalat in otio
Seu frigus udi captet antri,
Sive Jovem nitidosque soles

Non spse custos pulchrsor snvsas Egst sub umbras Æmonsos greges Non spse Apollo notus silis Lege suæ mehore cannæ

Tu si sereno des oculo frui Sunt rura nobis, sunt juga, sunt aquæ, Sunt plectra dulcium sororum (Non also mibi nota Phæbo)

Te dante, castos composust sinus Te dante, mores sumpsit & in suo Videnda vultu, pulveremque Relligio cineremque nescit

Stat cinîta dignâ fronde decens caput Subsque per te fassa palâm Deos, Comisque, Diva vestibusque Ingenium dedit ordinemque

Jámque ecce nobis amplior es modò Majórque cerni Quale jubar tremit Sub os l'verecundúsque quantâ Mole sui Genius laborat l

Jam qui serenas it tibi per genas, Majore cœlo Sydus babet suum Majorque circum cuspidatæ Ora comit tua flos diei

Stat causa Nempe hanc spse Deus, Deus Hanc ara, per te pulchra, diem tibi Tuam refundit, obvibque It radio tibi se colenti

Ecce, ecce! sacro in limine, dum pio Multhimque prono poplite amas humum, Altaria annuunt ab alto,

Et refluis tibi plaudit alis

Pulchro incalescens officio, puer Quicunque crispo sydere crinium, Vultúque non fatente terram, Currit ibi roseus satelles

Et jure Nam cum fana tot inviis Mærent ruinis, ipsaque (ceu preces Manusque, non decora supplex, Tendat) opem rogat, heu negatam!

Tibi ipsa voti est ara sui rea
Et solvet O quam semper apud Deum
Litabis illum, cujus aræ
Ipse preces priùs audiisti!

Venerabili viro Magistro Traria),

Tutori suo summe observando

M Fins tecurar it Cerert j re quart estila,
I tits latet B lar gastia intera sur. Nitra ex qu , frient flore tix alla fruiri. fusa tas Musa est redif are sea Ht remar he i'm & celim mite i illi Hi saa gu f Muns u-tra vil cura didit Sedit ili severa malus a il mmerit fusier. Que gra is byterrum vixerit cla Te en Newis ou seteres multum tils reserve e to est Nempe sed 1 f erus marmar amare tamen Tardem e ce (leu urili de pr le fuerfer) tardem His terere terera est tier re fi la barera Jame meam for 11 lem (regs) gain unus elter L teret? Dus mile tim r to rempe tep ris erat? Sed qu q & ifia Meus (de te) meus, im, rela, tutor (Quam beimum & tuit dicere) dixit, etit Has ego legitima, rec lato indere nata Nen buts deceneres and his esse r as a Nempe qu'd illa sus patri tam semper apert i, Tam semper faciles n'rit adire sinus Ergd tuam tibi sume tuas eat ill sub alas Hoe qui que de nistro, qui ditutaris, lale Sie que Suada tus f ntem sits fecit in ere. Santto & securo melle perernis eat Sie tua, sie nullas Siren n n mul est aures. Aula cus plausus & sua serta dedit Sie tuus ille (precor) Tagus aut eat obiice nullo. Aut omni (quad adbuc) objice majar eat

Ornatissimo viro Præceptori suo colondissimo, Magistro Brest

Mihi qui nunquam ron en ror dul e fiusti Tune quoque cum demart fronte temer dus eras! Ille ego pars vestri quonda intalissima regni, De nullo virger nota labore tuer, Do tibi quod de te pr secula lorga queretur Dudd de me nimiûn, non metuendus eras Quod tibi turpis ego torpentis mertia sceptri Tam ferula tulerim mitia jura tua Scilicet in folis quicquid peccabitur istis, Quod tua virga statim vapulet, illud erit Ergo tibi hac panas pro me mia pagina pindat Hîc agitur virga res tibi multa tua In me igitur quicquid nimis illa pepercerit olim, Id licet in fatu vindicit omne meo Hic tuus inveniet satis in quo saviat unguis, Dubdque veru docto trans obeliscus eat Scilicet hac mea sunt, hac qua mala scilicet o si (Quæ tua nempe forent) bic meliora forent! Qualiacunque, suum norunt hac flumina fontem (Nilus ab ignoto fonte superbus eat) Nec certe nibil est qua quis sit origine Fontes Esse solent fluvu nomen honorque sui Hic quoque tam parvus (de me mea secula dicant) Non parvi soboles hic quoque fontis erat Hoc modd & ipse velis de me dixisse, Meorum Ille fuit minimus Sed fuit ille meus

LECTORI

C Alve Jama, vale Quid enim quis pergeret ultra? Dua socus & lusus non vocat, ere voles? Scilicet bu, Lector, cur noster habebere, non est Delitiis folio non faciente tuis Nam nec Acidalios halat mihi pagina rores Nostra Cubidineæ nec favet aura faci Frustra bine ille suis aucquam promiserit alis Frustra hine illa novo speret abire sinu Ille è materna melius sibi talia mirto Illa jugis melius poscat ab Idaliis Duærat ibi suus in quo cespite surgat Adonis. Duæ melior teneris patria sit violis Illing totius Flore, verisque, suique Consilio. ille alas impleat, illa sinus Me mea (casta tamen, si sit rudis) herba coronet Me mea (si rudis est, sit rudis) herba suvat Nulla meo Ĉircæa tument tibi pocula versu Dulcia, & in furias officiosa tuas Nulla latet Lethe, quam fraus tibi florea libat Quam rosa sub falsis dat male fida genis Nulla verecundum mentitur mella venenum Captat ab insidis linea nulla suis Et splens, & secors folis bene parcitur istis Ab male cum rebus staret utrumoue meis Rara est quæ ridet nulla est quæ pagina prurit Nulla salax, si quid norit habere salis Non nudæ Veneres nec, si jocus, udus habetur Non nimium Bacchus noster Apollo fuit Nel cue ques putre set detorquendus ocello Est nibil oblique qued welt ore legi Hæc coram, atque oculis legeret Lucretia justis Iret & illæsis binc pudor ipse genis Nam neque candidior voti venit aura pudici De matutina virgine thura ferens Cum vestis nive vinsta sinus, nive tempora fulgens, Dans nive flammeolis frigida jura comis, Relligiosa pedum sensim vestigia librans. Ante aras tandem constitut & tremuit

Nec gravis ipsa suo sub numine castioi halat Dua pia non puras summovet ara manus. Tam Venus in nostro non est nimis aurea versu Tam non sunt pueri tela timenda dei Sæpe puer dubias circum me moverat alas, Jecit & incertas nostra sub ora faces Sæpe vel ipse sua calamum mihi blandus ab ala, Vel matris cygno de meliore dedit. Sape Dionaa pactus mihi serta corona, Sape, Meus vates tu, mihi dixit, eris. I procul, i cum matie tua, puer improbe, divi Non tibi cum numeris res evit ulla meis Tu Veronensi cum passere pulchrioi ibis Bilbilicisve queas comptius esse modis. Ille tuos finget quocunque sub agmine crines Undique nequities par erit ille tuis Ille nimis (dixi) patet in tua prælia campus Heu nimis est vates & nimis ille tuus Gleba illa (ah tua quam tamen urit adultera messis) Esset Idumæo germine quanta parens! Quantus ibi & quantæ premeret Puei ubera Matris! Nec cælos vultu dissimulante suos Ejus in isto oculi satis essent sydera versu, Sydereo matris quam bene tuta sinu! Matris ut hic similes in collum mitteret ulnas, Ing, sinus niveos pergeret, ore pari! Utá genis pueri hæc æquis daret oscula labris! Et bene cognatis iret in ora rosis! Quæ Marıæ tam larga meat, quàm disceret illic Uvida sub pretio gemma tumere suo! Staret ibi ante suum lacrymatrix Diva Magistrum Seu levis aura volet, seu gravis unda cadat, Luminis hæc soboles, & proles pyxidis illa, Pulchriùs unda cadat, suaviùs aura volet Quicquid in his sordet demum, luceret in illis Improbe, nec satis est hunc tamen esse tuum? Improbe cede puer quid enim mea carmina mulces? Carmina de jaculis muta futura tuis Cede puer, quà te petulantis fræna puellæ, Turpia quà revocant pensa procacis heræ, Quà miseri malè pulchra nitent mendacia limi, Quà cerussatæ, furta decora, genæ,

Duà mirere rosas, alieni sydera veris, Quas nivis haud propriæ bruma redempta domat Cede puer (dixi, & dico) cede improba mater Altera Cypris habet nos, habet alter Amor Scalicet hic Amor est Hic est quoque mater Amoris Sed mater virgo Sed neque cæcus Amor O puer! o Domine! o magnæ reverentia matris! Alme tui stupor & relligio gremii! O Amor, innocuæ cui sunt pia jura pharetræ Nec nisi de casto corde sagitta calens! Me, puer, o certa, quem figis, fige sagittà O tua de me sit facta pharetra levis Quedque illinc sitit & bibit, & bibit & sitit usque, Usque meum sitiat pestus, & usque bibat Fige, puer, corda bæc Seu spinis exiguus quis, Seu clavi aut hastæ cuspide magnus ades Seu major cruce cum tota seu maximus ipso Te corda hæc figis denique Fige puer O metam hanc tuus æternum inclamaverit arcus Stridat in hanc teli densior aura tui O tibi si jaculum ferat ala ferocior ullum, Hanc habeat triti vulneris ire viam Quique tuæ populus cunque est, quæ turba, pharetræ Hic bene vulnificas nidus habebit aves O mihi sis bello semper tam sævus in isto! Pestus in hoc nunquam mitior hostis eas Quippe ego quam jaceam pugna bene sparsus in illa! Duam bene sic lacero pectore sanus ero! Hæc mea vota Mei sunt hæc quoque vota libelli Hac tua sint Lector si meus esse voles St meus esse voles, meus ut sis, lumina (Lector) Casta, sed o nimium non tibi sicca precor Nam tibi fac madidis meus ille occurrerit alis, (Sanguine, seu lacryma diffluat ille sua) Stipite totus hians, claulsque reclusus & hasta Fons tuus in fluvios desidiosus erit? Si tibi sanguineo meus bic tener iverit amne, Tune tuas illi, dure, negabis aquas? Ab durus! quicunque meos, nisi siccus, amores Nolit, & bic lacrymæ rem neget esse suæ Sæpe hic Magdalinas vel aquas vel amaverit undas. Gredo nec Assyrias mens tua malit opes

Scilicet ille tuos ignis recalescet ad ignes,
Forsan & illa tuis unda natabit aquis
Hîc eris ad cunas, & odoros funere manes
Hinc ignes nasci testis, & indè meos
Hîc mecum, & cum matre sua, mea gaudia quæres
Maturus Procerum seu stupor esse velit,
Sive per antra sui lateat (tunc templa) sepulchri
Tertia lux reducem (lenta sed illa) dabit
Sint fidæ precor ah (dices) facilésque tenebræ,
Lux mea dum noctis (res nova!) poscit opem
Denique charta meo quicquid mea dicat amori,
Illi quo metuat cunque, fleátve, modo,
Læta parùm (dices) hæc, sed neque dulcia non sunt
Certè & amor (dices) hujus amandus erat

C I nimium hîc promitti tibi videtui Lector bone, pro eo cui satisfaciendo libellus iste futurus fuerit, scias me in istis non ad hæc modò spectare quæ hîc habes, sed ea etiam quæ olim (hæc interim fovendo) habere poteris Nolui enim (si hactenus deesse amicis meis non potui, flagitantibus a me, etiam cum dispendii sui periculo, paterer eos experiri te in tantum favorémque tuum) nolui, inquam, fastidio tuo indulgere Satis hic habes quod vel releges ad ferulam suam (neque enim maturiores sibi annos ex his aliqua vendicant) vel ut pignus plurium adultiorumque in sinu tuo reponas Elige tibi ex his utrumvis Me interim quod attinet, finis meus non fefellit Maximum meæ ambitionis scopum jamdudum attigi tunc nımırum cum qualecunque hoc meum pene infantıs Musæ murmur ad aures istas non ingratum sonuit, quibus neque doctiores mihi de publico timere habeo, nec sperare clementiores, adeò ut de tuo jam plausu (dicam ıngenue & breviter) neque securus sim ultra neque solicitus Prius tui, quisquis es Lector, apud me reverentia prohibet, de cujus judicio omnia possum magna sperare posterius illorum reverentia non sinit, de quorum perspicacitate maxima omnia non possum mihi non persuadere Quanquam ò quam velim tanti me esse in quo patria mea morem istum suum deponere velit, genio suo tam non dignum, istum scilicet quo, suis omnibus fastiditis, ea exosculatur unice, quibus trajecisse Alpes & de transmarino esse, in pietium cessit! Sed relictis hisce nimis improbæ spei votis, convertam me ad magistros Acygnianos, quos scio de novissimis meis verbis (quanquam neminem nominârim) iratos me reliquisse bilem verò componant, & mihi se hoc debere (ambitioso juveni verbum tam magnum ignoscant) debere, inquam, fateantur quòd nimirum in tam nobili argumento, in quo neque ad fœtida de suis Sanctis figmenta, neque ad putidas de nostris calumnias opus habeant confugere, de tenui hoc meo dederim illorum magnitudini unde emineat Emineat verò, (serius dico) Sciantque me semper se habituros esse sub ea, quam mihi eorum lux major affuderit, umbrâ, placidissimè acquiescentem

Luc 18

Pharisaeus & Publicanus

EN duo Templum adeunt (drversin mentibus ambo)
Ille pracul trepudo lumine signat bumum
It gravis ine, & in alta ferox penetralio tendit
Plus habet ine templi plus habet ille Dei

MATTH 21 7

In Asınum Christi vectorem

Lle suum didicit qu n'iam objurgare magistrum Et quid ni discas tu celebrare tuum?

Mirum non minus est, te jam potuisse tacere, Illum quam fuerat tum potuisse loqui

BALAAMI Asinus,

Luc 4

Dominus apud suos vilis

E N consunguines patris en exul in oris
Christus! & haud alibi tam peregrinus erat

Qui socio demum pendebat sanguine latro
O consanguineus quam fuit ille magis?

JOANN 5

Ad Bethesdæ piscinam positus

Uss novus hic refugis incumbit Tantalus undis, Quem fallit toties tam fugitiva salus? Unde hoc naufragium felix? medicæg, procellæ?

Vitàque, tempestas quam pretiosa dedit?

JOANN. 20

Christus ad Thomam.

Eva fides! voluisse meos tractare dolores?

Crudeles digiti! sic didicisse Deum?

Vulnera, nè dubites, vis tangere nostra sed eheu, Vulnera, dum dubitas, tu graviora facis.

MAITH 16 25

Quisquis perdiderit animam suam meâ causâ, inveniet eam

Vita, I, perdam mihi mois tua, Christe, reperta est (Mors tua vita mea est, mors tibi, vita mea)

Aut ego te abscondam Christi (mea Vita) sepulchro Non adeò procul est tertius ille dies

Joann 20 1

Primo mane venit ad sepulchrum MAGDALENA.

Tu matutinos prævertis, sancta, rubores,
Magdala, sed jam tum Sol tuus ortus erat

Jamque vetus meritò vanos Sol non agit ortus, Et tanti radios non putat esse suos

Quippe aliquo (reor) ille, novus, jam nictat in astro, Et se nocturnà parvus habet faculà.

Quàm velit ô tantæ vel nuntius esse diei!
Atque novus Soli Lucifer ire novo!

Joann 6

Quinque panes ad quinque hominum millia

N mensæ faciles, rediviváque vulnera cænæ, Quæģ indefessâ provocat ora dape!

Aucta Geres stupet arcanâ se crescere messe Denique quid restat? Pascitur ipse cibus.

Аст 8

Æthiops lotus

Lle niger sacris exit (quam lautus) ab undis Nee frustra Æthiopem nempe lavare fuit Mentem quam niveam piece cutis umbra feviebit ! Jam volet & nigros sancta Columba lares

Luc 18 13

Publicanus procul stans percutiebat pectus suum

E Cee hic peccator timidus petit advena templum, Qubdque audet solum, pectora mæsta ferit Fide miser, pulsáque fores bas fortiter illo Invenies templo tu propiore Deum

Marc 12 44

Obolum Viduæ

Utta brevis nummi (vitæ patrona senilis)
E digitis stillat non dubitantis anûs
Istis multa vagi spumant de gurgite census
Isti abjecerunt scilket, Illa dedit

Luc 10 39

Maria verò assidens ad pedes ejus, audiebat eum

A Spice (namg novum est) ut ab hospite pendeat hospes Huc ore parat hoc sumit ab ore cibos

Tune epulis aded es (soror) officiosa juvandis,

Et sinis has (inquit) MARTHA, perire dabes?

Аст 2

In Spiritôs sancti Descensum

Erte sinus, ô ferte cadit vindemia cœli,
Sanctaque ab æthereis volvitur uva jugis
Felices nimiùm, queîs tam bona musta bibuntur,
In quorum gremium lucida pergit hyems!
En caput! en ut nectareo micat & micat astro!
Gaudet & in roseis viva corona comis!
Illis (ô Superi! quis sic neget ebrius esse?)
Illis, nè titubent, dant sua vina faces

Luc 15. 13.

Congestis omnibus peregrè profectus est

I) Ic mihi, quò tantos properas, puer auree, nummos?
Quorsum festinæ conglomerantui opes?

Cur tibi tota vagos ructant patrimonia census?

Non poterunt siliquæ nempe minoris emi?

Acr. 21 13

Non solum vinciri sed & mori paratus sum

On modò vincla, sed & mortem tibi, Christe, subibo,
Paulus ait, docti callidus arte doli
Diceret hoc aliter Tibi non modò velle ligari,
Christe, sed & solvi nempe paratus ero

* Phil 1 23 την έπιθυμίαν έχων είς το αναλύσαι

Act 12 23

In Heiodem σκωληκόβρωτον

I Lle Deus, Deus hæc populi vox unica tantùm (Vile genus) vermes credere velle negant At citò se miseri, citò nunc errâsse fatentur, Carnes degustant, Ambrosiámque putant

Маттн 14

Videns ventum magnum, timuit, & cum coepisset demergi, clamavit, &c

 $\mathrm{P}^{\mathit{Etre}}$, cades, $^{\mathit{6}}$, si dubitas $^{\mathit{6}}$ fide nec ipsum (Petre) negat fidis æquor babere fidem

Pondere pressa suo subsidunt cætera solum (Petre) tuæ mergit te levitatis onus

Аст 8 18

Obtulit eis pecunias

(Simon?

Oversum hos hie nummos profers? quorsum, impie

Vis emisse Deum? potius (precor) hoc age, Simon, Si potes, ipse prius dæmona vende tuum

ACT 5 15

Umbra S Petri medetur ægrotis

Onveniunt alacres (sic, sic juvat ire sub umbras)
Aque umbras fieri (ereditis?) umbra vetat
O Petri umbra potens! quæ non miracula præstat?
Nunc quoque, Papa, tuum sustinet illa decus

Marc 7 33, 36

Tetigit linguam ejus, &c & loquebatur & præcepit illis në cui dicerent illi verò eò magls prædicabant

Hriste, jubes muta ora loqui muta ora loquuntur Sana tacere jubes ora, nec illa tacent Si digito tunc usus eras, muta ora resolvens Nonne opus est totà nunc tib, Christe, manu?

Luc 10 32

Sacerdos quidam descendens eldem vila, vidit & præteriit

Pettásne (ah!) placidísque oculis mea vulnera trattas?

O dolor! ô nostris vulnera vulneribus!

Pax oris quam torva tui est! quam triste serenum!

Tranquillus miserum qui videt, ipse facit

Luc 17

Leprosi ingrati

Um linquint Christum (ah morbus!) sanantur euntes
Ipse etiam morbus sic medicina fuit
At sani Christum (mens ah malesana!) relinquint
Ipsa etiam morbus sic medicina fuit

MAIIH 6 34

Nè soliciti estote in crastinum

I Miser, înque tuas rape non tua tempora cui as
Et nondum natis perge perire malis
Mî querulis satis una dies, satis angitur horis
Una dies lacrymis mî satis uda suis

Non mihi venturos vacat expectare dolores Nolo ego, nolo hodie crastinus esse miser

Манн 9 9

A telonio Matthæus

 $oldsymbol{\Lambda}^{H}$ satès, ah nimis est noli ultrà ferre magistrum, Et lucro domino turpia colla dare

Jam fuge, jam (Matthæe) feri fuge regna tyranni Ing bonam felix i fugitive *crucem

* CHRISTI scilicet

Luc 7

Viduze filius è feretro matri redditur

EN redeunt, lacrymdig, breves nova gaudia pentant Bliq, illa est, uno in pignore, fačla parens Felix, quæ maglis es nati per funera mater!
Amisisse, sterum eu peperisse fuit

MATTH 18

Bonum intrare in cœlos cum uno oculo, &c

No oculo? ab centum potsus muhs, milia centum Nam quis ibi, in cœlo, quis sath Argus erst?

Aut si oculus mih tantum unus conceditur, unus

Iste oculus fiam totus & omnis ego

Luc 14

Hydropicus sanatur

Pre suum pelagus, morbbque immersus aquoso Qui fuit, ut lætus nunc micat atque levis! Quippe in vina iterum Christui (puto) transtulit undas, Et nunc iste suis ebrius est ab aquis

Luc 2 7

Non erat iis in diversorio locus

Llt non locus est? Illum ergo pellitis? Illum? Ille Deus, quem sic pellitis sile Deus

O furor! humanı mıracula sæva furoris! Illi non locus est, quo sine nec locus est

Luc 16

In lacrymas Lazari spretas à Divite.

L'Elix ô lacrymis (ô Lazare) ditior istis,
Quam qui purpureas it gravis inter opes!

Illum cum rutili nova purpura vestiet ignis, Ille tuas lacrymas quam volet esse suas!

MATTH. 26. 65.

Indignatur Caiphas Christo se confitenti

1 U Christum, Christum quòd non negat esse, lacessis Ipsius hoc crimen, quod fuit ipse, fuit.

Téne Sacerdotem credam? Novus ille Sacerdos, Per quem impuné Deo non licet esse Deum.

JOANN. 12. 37

Cùm tot signa edidisset, non credebant in eum.

On tibi, Christe, fidem tua tot miracula præstant (O verbi, ô dextræ dulcia regna tuæ!)

Non præstant? neque te post tot miracula credunt? Mirac'lum, qui non credidit, ipse fuit

Marc 1. 16.

Ad S Andream piscatorem

Uippe potes pulchrè captare & fallere pisces!
Centum illic discis lubricus ire dolis

Heus bone piscator l tendit sua retia Christus ·
Artem inverte, et jam tu quoque disce capi

JOANN I 23

Ego sum vox &c

Vox ego sum, dicis tu vox es, sancte Joannes?
Si vox es, genitor cur tibi mutus erat?

Ista tui fuerant quam mira silentia patris!
Vocem non babuit tunc quoque cum genuit

ACT 12

Vincula sponte decidunt

Ut ferro Petrum cumulat, dursissme custos,
A ferro disces mollior esse tuo
Ecce fluit, nodisque suis evolvitur ultro
I fatue, & vinc lis vincula pone tus

In diem omnium Sanctorum

Rev 7 3

Nè lædite terram, neque mare, neque arbores, quousque obsignaverimus servos Dei nostri in frontibus suis

Nusqua summitis agat vientus sua murmura, nusqua Sylva tremat, crispis sollicitata comis

Æqua Thetis placide allabens ferat oscula Terræ
Terra suos Thetidi pandat amica sinus

Undique Pax effusa piis volet aurea pennis,
Frons bona dum signo est queque notata suo

Ab quid in hoc opus est signis alsunde petendis?
Frons bona sat lacrymis quæque notata suis

In die Conjurationis sulphureæ

Uàm bene dispositis annus dat currere festis!

Post Omnes Sanctos, Omne scelus sequitur

Deus sub utero virginis.

Gce tuus, Natura, pater! pater hic tuus, hic est!
Ille, uterus matris quem tenet, ille pater

Pellibus exiguis arctatur Filius ingens, Quem tu non totum (crede) nec ipsa capis.

Quanta uteri, Regina, tui reverentia tecum est, Dum jacet hîc, cœlo sub breviore, Deus!

Conscia divino gliscunt præcordia motu (Nec vehit æthereos sanctior aura polos)

Quàm bene sub testo tibi concipiuntur eodem Vota, & (vota cui concipienda) Deus!

Quod nubes alia, & tanti super atria cæli Quærunt, invenient hoc tua vota domi

O felix anima hæc, quæ tam sua gaudia tangit! Sub conclave suo cui suus ignis adest

Corpus amet (licet) illa suum, neque sydera malit Quod vinc'lum est aliis, hoc habet illa domum

Sola jaces, neque sola, toro quocunque recumbis, Illo estis positi tuque tuúsque toro

Immo ubi casta tuo posita es cum conjuge conjunx, (Quod mirum magès est) es tuus ipsa torus

Аст 7. 16.

Ad Judæos mactatores Stephani

Rustra illum increpitant, frustra vaga saxa nec illi Grandinis (heu sævæ!) dura procella nocet

Ista potest tolerare, potest nescire sed illi, Quæ sunt in vestro pectore, saxa nocent

Rev. 1 9.

D. Joannes in exilio

Xul, Amor Christi est Christim tamen invenit exul

Et solitos illîc invenit ille sinus

Ah longo, æterno ah terras indicite nobis Exilio, Christi si sinus exilium est

MATTH 2

Ad Infantes Martyres

F Undite ridentes animas, effundite cælo
Discet ibi vestra (o quam bene's) lingua loqui
Nec vos lac vestrum & maternos quærite fontes
Quæ vos expestat lactea tota via est

Luc 2

Quærit Jesum suum beata Virgo

AH, redeas miseræ, redeas (puer alme) parenti,
Ah, neque te cœlis tam citò redde tuis
Cœlum nostra tuum fuerint o òrachia, si te

Nostra suum poterunt brachsa ferre Deum

Матти 8

Non sum dignus ut sub tecta mea venias

N tua testa Deus veniet tuus haud sinit illud Et pudor, atque humili in pestore celsa sides

Illum ergò accipies quoniam non accipis ergò In te jam veniet, non tua tecta, Deus

Маттн 27 12

Christus accusatus nihil respondit

N II att o santhe pretiona silentia lingue i Ponderis è quanti res inhil illud erat!

Ille olim, verbum qui dixit, & omnia fecit, Verbum non dicens omnia nunc reficit

Luc 2.

Nunc dimittis.

Pesne meas tandem ergò mei tenuere lacerti?

Ergò bibunt oculos lumina nostra tuos?

Ergò bibant, possentque novam sperare juventam

O possint senii non meminisse sui!

Immo mihi potiùs mitem mors induat umbram

(Esse sub his oculis si tamen umbra potest)

Ah satis est. Ego te vidi (puer auree) vidi

Nil post te, nisi te (Christe) videre volo

Luc 8.

Verbum inter spinas.

Epe Dei verbum sentes cadit inter, & atrum
Miscet spina procax (ah male juncta!) latus
Gredo quidem nam sic spinas ah scilicet inter
Ipse Deus Verbum tu quoque (Christe) cadis

Luc. 14 5.

Sabbatum $\begin{cases} Judaicum, & \& \\ Christianum \end{cases}$

Res eadem vario quantum distinguitur usu!
Nostra hominė servant sabbata, vestra bovė
Observent igitur (paeto quid justius isto?)
Sabbata nostra homines, sabbata vestra boves.

MATTH 10 52

Ad verbum Dei sanatur cæcus

Hriste, loquutus er as (ô sacra licentia verbi!)
fámque novus cæci fluxit in ora dies
fam, credo, *Nemo est, sicut Tu, Christe, loquutus
Auribus? immo oculis, Christe, loquutus eras

MATTH II

Onus meum leve est

Ese levis quicunque voles, onus accipe Christi Ala tuis humeris, non onus, illud erit

Christi onus an quæris quam [sit] grave? scilicet, audi, Tam grave, ut ad summos te premat usque polos

JOANN 6

Miraculum quinque panum

E Cce vagi venit unda cibi, venit indole sacrâ Fortis, & in dentes fertilis innumeros

Quando erat invicta tam sancta licentia cænæ?

Illa famem populi pascit, & illa fidem

JOANN 8 52

Nunc scimus te habere dæmonium

A Ut Deus, aut saltem dæmon tibi notior esset, (Gens mala) quæ dicis dæmona habere Deum

Ignorasse Deum poteras, ô cæca sed oro, Et patrem poteras tam male nosse tuum?

In beatæ Virginis verecundiam

IN gremio, quæris, cur sic sua lumina Virgo Ponat? ubi melius poneret illa, precor?

O ubi, quam cœlo, melius sua lumina ponat?

Despicit, at cœlum sic tamen illa videt

In vulnera Dei pendentis

Frontis, lateris, manuling, pedlingue cruores! O quæ purpureo flumina fonte patent! In nostram (ut quondam) pes non valet ire salutem, Sed natat, in fluviis (ab!) natat ille suis Fixa manus, dat, fixa pios bona dextera rores Donat, & in donum solvitur ipsa suum O latus, ô torrens! quis enim torrentior exit Nilus, ubi pronis pracipitatur aquis? Mille & mille simul cadit & cadit undique guttis Frons viden' ut savus purpuret or a pudor? Spinæ hoc irriguæ florent crudeliter imbre, Ing novas sperant protinus ire rosas Quisque capillus it exiguo tener alveus amne, Hôc quasi de rubro 1 vulus oceano O nimium vivæ pretiosis amnibus undæ! Fons vitæ nunquam verior ille fuit

Маттн 9 11

Quare cum Publicanis manducat Magister vester?

Rgò istis socium se peccatoribus addit?
Ergò istis sacrum non negat ille latus?
Tu, Pharisæe, rogas Jesus cur fecerit istud?
Næ dicam Jesus, non Pharisæus, erat

MATTH 28

Ecce locus ubi jacuit Dominus

I Psum, Ipsum (precor) ô potius mihi (candide) monsti a Ipsi, Ipsi, ô laci ymis oro sit ire meis

Si monstrare locum satis est, & dicere nobis,
En, Maria, hîc tuus en, hîc jacuit Dominus,

Ipsa ulnas monstrare meas, & dicere possum,
En, Maria, hîc tuus en, hîc jacuit Dominus

Luc 17

Leprosi ingrati

Ex jubet ex hominum catu procul ire leprosos
At mundi à Christo cur abiere procul?
Non abit, at sedes tantum mutaint in illis,
Et lepra, que fuerat corpore, mente sedet
Sic igitur dignà vice res variatur, & a se
Quam procul anté homines, nunc habuer Deum

JOANN 20

In cicatrices quas Christus habet in se adhuc superstites

Utiquid spina procax, vel style clavos acuto,
Quicquid purpured scripterat hasto nota,
Vivit adduc tecum sed jam tua vulnera non sunt
Non, sed vulneribus sunt medicina meis

Аст 5

Æger implorat umbram D Petri

PEtre, tua lateam paulisper (Petre) sub umbra Sic mea me quærent fata, nec invenient

Umbra dabit tua posse meum me cernere solem, Et mea lux umbræ sic erit umbra tuæ

Luc 24 39

Quid turbati estis? Videte manus meas & pedes, quia ego ipse sum

EN me, & signa mei, quondam mea vulnera! certé,

O nunc ergò fidem sanent mea vulnera vestram
O mea nunc sanet vulnera vestra fides

Аст. 12.

In vincula Petro sponte delapsa, & apertas fores.

Erri non meminit ferium se vincula Petro Dissimulant nescit career habere fores.

Quàm bene liber erit, carcer quem liberat i ipsa Vincula quem solvunt, quam bene tutus erit!

Аст 19. 12

Deferebantur à corpore ejus sudaria, &c.

I Mperiosa premunt morbos, & feirea fati Jura ligant, Pauli lintea tacta manu

Unde hæc felicis laus est & gloria lini? Hæc (reor) è Lachesis pensa fuêre colo.

JOANN 15

Christus Vitis ad Vinitorem Patrem

N serpit tua, purpureo tua palmite vitis Serpit, & (ah !) spretis it per humum foliis

Tu viti succurre tuæ, mi Vinitor ingens Da fulcrum, fulcrum da mihi quale? crucem

Аст 26 28

Penè persuades mihi ut fiam Christianus.

PEne' quid hoc pene est? Vicinia sæva salutis!
O quam tu malus es proximitate boni!

Ah! portu qui teste perit, bis naufragus ille est, Hunc non tam pelagus, qu'am sua terra premit

Quæ nobis spes vix absunt, crudeliùs absunt Penè fui felix, Emphasis est miseri

JOANN 3 19

Lux venit in mundum, sed dileverunt homines magis tenebras quam lucem

Uce sub venit ecce Deus, mundbque refulget,
Pergit adbuc tenebras mundus amare suas
At Stygus sigitur mundus damnabtur umbris
Peroit adbuc tenebras mundus amare suas?

Luc 16

Dives implorat guttam

Mihi si digito tremat & tremat unica summo Gutta! 8 si flammas mulceat una meas!

Currat opum quocunque volet levis unda mearum Una mihi hæc detur gemmula, Dives eto

JOANN 3 4

Quomodo potest homo gigni qui est senex?

DIc, Phænix unde in nitidos novus emicat annos Plaudit & elusos aurea penna rogos?

Quis colubrum dolus insinuat per secula retro, Et subet emeritum luxuriare latus?

Cur rostro pereunte suam prædata senectam Torva ales, rapido plus legit ore diem?

Immo, sed ad nixus quæ stat Lucina secundos? Natales seros unde senex habeat

Ignoras, Pharisæe? sat est jam credere disces Dimidium fidei, qui bene nescit, habet

MARC. 11 13.

Arbor Christi jussu arescens

Lle jubet procul ite mei, mea gloria, rami Nulla vocet nostras amplius aura comas

Ite, nec ô pigeat nam vos neque fulminis ira, Nec trucis ala Noti verberat Ille jubet.

O vox 1 ô Zephyro vel sic quoque dulcior omni 1 Non possum Autumno nobiliore frui

Luc 1 12

Zacharias minus credens

I Nfantis forc to patiem, res mira videtur,
Infans interea factus es ipse pater

Et dum promissi signum (nimis anxie) quæris, Jam nisi per signum quærere nulla potes

JOANN 3

In aquam baptismi Dominici

L'elix ô, sacros cui sic licet ire per artus!
Felix! dum lavat hunc, ipsa lavatur aqua
Gutta quidem sacros quæcunque per ambulat artus,
Dum manet hîc, gema est, dum cadit hinc, lacryma

Luc 13 11

Mulieri incuivatæ medetur Dominus, indignante Archisynagogo.

In proprios replicata sinus quæ repserat, & jam Dæmonis (infelix!) nil nisi nodus erat, Solvitur ad digitum Domini sed strictior illo Unicus est nodus, cor, Pharisæe, tuum

MATTH 22 46

Neque ausus fuit quisquam ex illo die eum amplius interrogare

Hriste, malas fraudes, Pharisaica retia, fallis Et miseros sacro dis utis ore dolos

Ergò tacent tandem, atque invita silentia servant Tam bene non aliter te potuere loqui

MATTH 20 20

S Joannes matri suæ

Mihi cur dextram, mater, cur, oro, sinistram
Poicis, ab officio mater iniqua tuo?

Nolo manum Christi dextram mihi, nolo sinistram
Tam procul a sacro non libet esse sinu

Маттн 4

Si Filius Dei es, dejice te

Non credes quòd sit Filius ille Des

At mox te humano de pestore dejicit heus tu, Non credes quòd sit Filius ille Deil

Luc 19 41

Dominus flens ad Judæos

Discite vos miseri, venientes discite flammas
Nec facite o lacrymas suc periusie meas
Nec periuse tamen poterunt mibi credite, vestras
Vel reprimet flammas bæc aqua, vel faciet

Luc. 18. 11.

Nec velut hic Publicanus

I Stum? vile caput! quantum mihi gratulor, inquis Istum quòd novi tam mihi dissimilem!

Vilis at 1ste abiit sacris acception aris
I nunc, & jactes hunc tibi dissimilem.

Аст 9 3

In Saulum fulgore nimio excæcatum.

O Wæ lucis tenebræ? quæ nox est ista diei?

Nox nova, quam nimii luminis umbra facit!

An Saulus fuerit cæcus, vix dicere possum,

Hoc scio, quòd captus lumine Saulus erat.

Luc. 10. 23

Beati oculi qui vident

Um Christus nostris ibat mitissimus oris, Atque novum cæcos jussit habere diem,

Felices, oculus qui tunc habuêre, vocantur? Felices, & qui non habuêre, voco

Luc. 7 15

Filius è feretro matri redditur

Rgbne tam subitâ potuit vice flebilis horror In natalitia candidus ire toga?

Quos vidi, matris gemitus hos esse dolentis Credideram, gemitus parturientis erant.

MATTH 11 25

In seculi sapientes

Rgone delitias facit, & sibi plaudit ab alto Stullitia, ut velit bât ambitione peti? Difficilisne adeb faêta est, & seria tandem? Ergò & in bane etiam quis sipuisse potest? Tantum erat, ut possit tibi doctior esse ruina? Tanti igitur cerebri res, periisse, fiut? Nil opus ingenio nihil bât opus Atte furoris Simplicius poteris scilicit esse miser

Luc 4 29

In Judæos Christum præcipitare conantes

Dieste, quæ tanta est sceleris fiducia vestra? Quod nequist dæmon, id volusie scelus? Quod nequist dæmon scelus, id volusie patrare! Hoc tentare ipsum dæmona (credo) fust

Rev 7 9

In Draconem præcipitem

I Frustra truculente tuas procul aurea rident Astra minas, ceslo jam bene tuta suo Tune sigitur ceslum super ire atque astra parabas? Ascensu tanto non opus ad barathrum

Luc 2

Beatæ Virgini credenti

M Irans (quid emm faceres?) sed & hæc quoq credis Hæc uteri credis dultia monstra tui En fidei, Regina, tuæ dignissima merce Fida Dei fueras filia mater ens

MARC 12.

Licétne Cæsari censum dare?

Post tot Scribarum (Christe) in te pralia, tandem
Ipse venit Cæsar Cæsar in arma venit
Pugnant terribiles non Cæsaris ense, sed ense
Cæsare quin Cæsar vinceris ipse tamen
Hoc quoque tu conscribe tuis, Auguste, triumphis
Sic vinci dignus quis nisi Cæsar erat?

Маттн. 9

In tibicines & turbam tumultuantem circa defunctam

VAni, quid strepitis? nam, quamvis *dormiat illa,
Non tamen è somno est sic revocanda suo

Expestat solos Christi sopor iste susui ros
Dormit, nec dormit omnibus illa tamen

* Vers 24 Non enim mortua est puella, sed dormit

Маттн 6 19

Piscatores vocati

Udite jam pisces secura per æquora pisces
Nos quoque (sed varia sub ratione) sumus
Non potuisse capi, vobis spes una salutis
Una salus nobis est, potuisse capi

MARC 12

Date Cæsarı

Uncta Deo debentur habet tamen & sua Cæsar,
Nec minus indè Deo est, si sua Cæsar habet
Non minus indè Deo est, solio si cætera dantur
Cæsareo, Cæsar cùm datur ipse Deo

MATTH 21 7

Dominus asino vehitur

Le igitur vilem te, te dignatur asellum,
O non viellura non bene digne tud?
Heu quibus haud pugnat Christi patientia monstris?
Hoc. qu'id sic sectur, hoc quoque secre fuit

Luc 21 27

Videbunt Filium hominis venientem in nube

I mmo veni aërios (o Christe) accingere currus, Ing. triumphali nube corucus ades Nubem quæris? eruni nostra (ab l) suspiria nubes Aut 30l in nubem se dabit ipie tuam

JOANN 20

Nisi digitum immisero, &c

I Mpius ergò iterum clavos? iterum impius haitam? Et totum digitus triste revolvet opius? Tune igitur Christim (Thoma) quò vivete credas, Tu Christim facersi (ab truulente!) mon?

Аст 8

Ad Judæos mactatores S Stenhani

Utd datis (ah miseri) saxis nolentibus iras? Quid nimis in tragicum præcipitatis opus? In mortem Stephani se dant invita sed illi Occiso faciunt sponte sud tumulum

Sancto Joanni, dilecto discipulo

TU fruere augustéq sinu caput abde (quod o tum Nollet in atterna se possisse rosa) Tu fruere & sacro dum te sic pectore portat, O sat erit tergo me potusse wehi

Маттн. 2

In lactentes Martyres

Vulnera natorum qui vidit, & ubera matrum, Per pueros fluviis (ah!) simul ire suis, Sic pueros quisquis vidit, dubitavit, an illos Lilia cœlorum diceret, anne rosas.

MATTH. 1 23 Deus nobiscum

Obiscum Deus est? westrum hoc est (her mihi!) westrum Vobiscum Deus est, ô asini atque boves

Nobiscum non est nam nos domus aurea sumit Nobiscum Deus est, & jacet in stabulo?

Hoc igitui nostrum ut fiat (dulcissime Jesu) Nos dandi stabulis, vel tibi danda domus

Christus circumcisus ad Patrem

I as en primitias nostræ (Pater) accipe mortis, (Vitam ex quo sumpsi, vivere dedidici)

Ira (Pater) tua de pluviâ gustaverit istâ.
Olim ibit fluviis hoc latus omne suis

Tunc sitiat licet & sitiat, bibet & bibet usque Tunc poterit toto fonte superba frui

Nunc hastæ interea possit præludere culter Indolis in pænas spes crit ista meæ

In Epiphaniam Domini

On solità contenta dies face lucis Eoæ, Ecce micat radiis cæsariata novis

Persa sagax, propera discurre per ardua Regum Testa, per auratas marmoreásque domus

Quære ô, quæ intepuit Reginæ pur pur a partu, Principe vagitu quæ domus insonuit

Audin' Persa sagax? Qui tanta negotia cœlo Fecit, Bethlemiis vagiit in stabulis

Luc 2 49

Ecce quærebamus te, &c

TE quæro misera, & quæro tu nunc quoque tracias Res Patris Pater est unica cura tibi

Quippe qued ad poenas tantum & tot nomina mortis, Ad luctum & lacrymas (hei mihi!) mater ego

JOANN 2

Aquæ in vinum versæ

Numen (convivae) præsens agnoscite Numen
Numen (convivae) præsens agnoscite Numen
Nymbha_budica Deum vidit, & erubut

Маттн 8 13

Absenti Centurionis filio Dominus absens medetur

Uam tacitis inopina salus illabitur alis!
Alis, quas illi vox tua, Christe, dedit
Quam longas vox ista manus habet! hæc medicina
Absens, & præsens hæc medicina fuit

Marc 4 40

Quid timidi estis?

TAnquā illi insanus faceret sua fulmina ventus!

Tanquam illi scopulos norit habere fretum!

Vos vestri scopuli, vos estis ventus & unda

Naufragium cum illo qui metust, metust

Luc 2

Nunc dimittis.

I Te mei (quid enim ulteriùs, quid vultis?) ocelli · Leniter obductis ite superciliis.

Immo & adhuc & adhuc, iterling, iterling, videte,
Accipite hæc totis lumina luminibus

Jamque ite, & tutis ô vos bene claudite vallis Servate bæc totis lumina luminibus

Primum est, quòd potui te (Christe) videre secundum, Te viso, 1 està jam potuisse mori

MATTH 13 24

In segetem sacram.

Cce suam imploiat, demisso vertice, falcem Tu segeti falcem da (Pater alme) suam Tu falcem nor das? messem tu (Christe) moraris? Hoc ipsum falx est hæc mora messis erit

Luc. 7. 37

Cœpit lacrymis rigare pedes ejus, & capillis extergebat

Illa per has sordes lursor unda, similare
Ille per has lucet purior ignis aquas

Luc 18 41

Quid vis tibi faciam?

Und volo (Christe) rogas? quippe ah volo, Christe, videre Quippe ah te (dulcis Christe) videre volo

At video, fideique oculis te nunc quoque figo

Est mihi, quæ nunquam est non oculata, fides

Sed quamvis videam, tamen ah volo (Christe) videre Sed quoniam video (Christe) videre volo

MATTH 15 21

Christus mulieri Canaaneæ difficilior

VT pretium facias dono, donare recusas Usque rogat supplex, tu tamen usque negas Hoc etiam donare fuit donare negare Sæpe dedit, quisquis sæpe negata dedit

Luc 11 27

Beatus venter & ubera, &c

ET quid si biberet Jesus vel ab ubere vestro?
Quid facit ad vestram, quòd bibit ille, sitim?
Ubera mox sua & Hic (o quàm non lastea!) pandet
E nato Mater tum bibet ipsa suo

Joann 15 1

In Christum Vitem

Lumm vitis amat (quippe est & in arbore flama, Quam fovet in viridi pectore blandus amor) Illam ex arboribus cuncitis tu (Vitis) amasti, Illam, quæcunque est, quæ crucis arbor erat

JOANN 16 20

Vos flebitis & lamentabimini

Red min salvete mei mea gaudia lustus

Quam charum (o Deus) est hoc min flere meum!

Fleren ve fleren Solve en (dulen Infi)

Flerem ni flerem Solus tu (dulcis Iefu) Lætitiam donas tunc quoque quando negas

JOANN 10

In gregem Christi Pastoris

O ubi sunt tanto Pastore beatus!

O ubi sunt tanto pascua digna grege?

Nè non digna forent tanto grege pascua, Christus Ipse suo est Pastor, pascuum & ipse gregi

In vulnera pendentis Domini

Ive oculos, sive ora vocem tua vulnera, certè
Undique sunt ora (heu!) undique sunt oculi

Ecce or a! ô nimiùm roseis florentia labris!

Ecce oculi! sævis ah madidi lacrymis!

Magdala, quæ lacrymas solita es, quæ basia sacro Ferre pedi, sacro de pede sume vices

Ora pedi sua sunt, tua quò tibi basia reddat Quò reddat lacrymas scilicet est oculus

MARC 2

Paralyticus convalescens

Hristum, quòd misero facilis peccata remittit, Scribæ blasphemum dicere non dubitant Hoc scelus ut primum Paralyticus audit, irâ Impatiens, lectum sustulit atque abiit

Joann 8 59

Tunc sustulerunt lapides

Axa? illi? quid tam fædi voluêre furores?

Quid sibi de saxis hi voluêre suis?

Indolem, & antiqui agnosco vestigia patris

Panem de saxis hi voluêre suis

In resurrectionem Domini

Ascerts, en' teclimque tuus (Rex auree) mundus, Tecum "vivgineo nascitur è tumulo tecum un natales properat natura secundos, Atque novam vitam te novus orbis babet Ex vita (Sol alme) tua vitam omnia sumunt Nil certè, nis mors, cogitur inde mors At certè neque mors nempe ut queat illa sepulchro (Christe) tua condi, mors volet spia mors

* Joann 19 41 v & ovdénce ovdeis reby

Маттн 28 17

Alıquı verò dubitabant

Scheet & tellus *dubitat tremebunda sed ipsum hoc, Subd tellus dubitat, vos dubitate vetat

Ipsi custodes vobis, si quæritis, illud
Hoc ipso dicumt, *dicere quiod nequeunt

* Vers 2 σ ισμος εγ ετ μ γας

* Vers 4 εσ σθησαν τηρου τ ς κα εγ νοντο ωσεί νε ρο

JOANN 20 20

In vulnerum vestigia quæ ostendit Dominus, ad firmandam suorum fidem

His oculis (nec adhuc clausis coiere fenestris)
Invigilani nobis est tiuu susis amor
His oculis nos cernit amor tuus his & amorem
(Christe) tuum gaudet cernere nostra fides

Luc 17 19

Mittit Joannes qui quærant à Christo, an is sit

T U qui adeò impatiens properasti agnoicere Christum
Tunc cum claustra uteri te tenuere tui,
Tu, quis sit Christus, rogitas? Es quæris ab ipso?
Hoc tibi vel mutus dicere quisque potest

JOANN. 18. 10.

In Petrum auricîdam

Uantumcunque ferox tuus hic (Petre) fulminat ensis,
Tu tibi jam pugnas (ô bone) non Domino
Scilicet in miseram furis implacidissimus aurem,
Perfidiæ testis ne queat esse tuæ

Marc 3.

Manus arefacta sanatur.

Like! ergd tuæ spectas natalia dextræ,
Quæ modd spectanti flebile funus erat
Quæ nec in externos modd dextera profuit usus,
Gerte eit illa tuæ jam manus & fidei

MATTH. 27 24

In Pontium male lautum

Lla manus lavat unda tuas, vanissime Judex
Ah tamen illa scelus non lavat unda tuum
Nulla scelus lavet unda tuum vel si lavet ulla,
O volet ex oculis illa venire tuis.

MATTH 17 27

In piscem dotatum

Tu piscem si, Christe, velis, venit ecce, sulimque Fert pretium tanti est vel periisse tibi

Christe, foro tibi non opus est, addicei e nummos

Non opus est ipsum se tibi piscis emet

Joann 16 33 Ego vici mundum

TU contra mundum dux es meus, optime Jesu?
At tu (me miserum!) dux meus ipse jaces
Si tu, dux meus, ipse jaces, spes ulla salutis?
Immo, ni jaceas tu, mibi nulla salus

In ascensionem Dominicam

V Adst (101) per aperta sus penetralia cæli It cælo, & cælum fundst ab ore novum Spargstur ante pedes, & toto sidere pronus Jam propius Solis Sol bibit ora sus At fratrì debere negans sua lumina Phæbe, Aurea de Phæbo jam meliore redit Hos, de te victo, tu das (Pater) spse triumphos Unde triumphares, quis satis alter erat?

In descensum Spiritàs sancti

Am cash circum tonuit fragor arma, minasque
Exclamat J cum flammis mista ferebat hyemi
Exclamat J cudaus atrox Venit ecce nefandis,
Ecce venit meriti fulminis ira memor
Verum ubi composito sedit fax blandior astro,
Flammaque non læsas lambit amica comas,
Judaus, fulmen quia falsum apparuit esse,
Hoc ipso verum nomine fulmen erat

JOANN 3 16

Sic dilexit mundum Deus, ut Filium morti traderet

A H mmu est, illum nostræ vel tradere vntæ Guttula quod faceret, cur fact oceanus? Unde & luxuriare potest, habet hinc mea vita Ample & magnificè mors habet unde mori

Luc. 14 19.

Juga boum emi

igwedge D cænam voco te (domini quod jussa volebant) Tu mihi, nescio quos, dicis (inepte) boves.

Imò vale, nobis nec digne nec utilis hospes!

Gæna tuos (credo) malit habere boves.

Аст 14.

D Paulum, verbo sanantem claudum, pro Mercurio Lystres adorant

Us Tagus hic, quæ Pactoli nova volvitur unda?
Non hominis vox est hæc Deus ille, Deus

Salve, mortales nimiùm dignate penates!

Digna Deo soboles, digna tonante Deo!

O salve! quid enim (alme) tuos latuisse volebas? Te dicit certè vel tua lingua Deum

Laudem hanc haud miror Meruit facundus haberi, Qui claudo promptos suasit habere pedes

In S Columbam ad Christi caput sedentem

Us sacra sydereâ volucris suspenditur alâ? Hunc nive plùs niveum cui dabit illa pedem?

Christe, tuo capiti totis se destinat auris, Quà ludit densæ blandior umbra comæ

Illîc arcano quid non tibi murmui e narrat? (Murmure mortales non imitante sonos)

Sola avis hæc nido hoc non est indigna cubare Solus nidus hic est hâc bene dignus ave

j

ACT 12

In fores Divo Petro sponte apertas

Utd juvit clausisse fores (bone janitor) istas?
Et Petro claves jam liquet esse suas

Dices, Sponte patent Petri ergò hoc scilicet ipsum Est clavis, Petro clave quòd haud opus est

Luc 15 2

Murmurabant Pharisæi, dicentes, Recipit peccatores & comedit cum illis

A H mali, quisquis is est, pereat qui scihect istis
Convivam (sævus!) non sinit esse suum

Istis cum Christus conviva adjungitur, istis
O non conviva est Christus, at ipse cibus

MATTH 15

In trabem Pharisaicam

Edant, quæ, rerum si quid tenue atq minutum est,
Posse acie certh figere, vitra dabunt
Artis opus miræ! Pharisso en optica trabs est,
Ipsum (vera loquor) qud videt ille nihil

JOANN 9 22

Constituerunt ut si quis confiteretur eum esse Christum, synagogá moveretur

I Nfelix, Christium reus es quicunque colendi!
O reus infelix! quam tua culpa gravis!
Tu summis igitur, summis damnabere cælis
O reus infelix! quam tua pæna gravis!

MATTH. 20 20

De voto filiorum Zebedæi.

It tibi (Joannes) tibi sit (Jacobe) quod optas
Sit tibi dextra manus, sit tibi læva manus.

Spero, alia in cœlo est, & non incommoda, sedes Si neque læva manus, si neque dextra manus.

Cæli hanc aut illam nolo mihi quærere partem O, cælum, cælum da (Pater alme) mihi

Joann. 6

Ad hospites cænæ miraculosæ quinque panum

VEscere pane tuo sed & (hospes) vescere Christo
Est panis pani scilicet ille tuo

Tunc pane hoc CHRISTI restè satur (hospes) abibis, Panem ipsum CHRISTUM si magès esurias

Joann. 16 33

De Christi contra mundum pugna

Tune, miser? tu (Mundus ait) mea fulmina conti a Ferre manus, armis cum tibi nuda manus?

I listor, manibusque audacibus injice vinc'la Injecit listor vincula, & arma dedit

Аст 9 29

Græci disputatores Divo Paulo mortem machinantur

Uge argumentum! sic disputat euge sophista!
Sic pugnum Logices stringere, sic decuit

Hoc argumentum in causam quid (Græcule) dicit?

Dicit, te in causam dicere posse nihil

Luc 22 26

Qui maximus est inter vos, esto sicut qui minimus

Bone, discipulus Christi vis maximus esse?
At verd fies hisc ratione minor

Hoc sanctæ ambitionis iter (mibi crede) tenendum est, Hæc ratio, Tu, nè sis minor, esse velis

Luc 19 41

In lacrymantem Dominum

V^{Obis} (Judæi) vobis hæc volvitur unda, Quæ vobis, quoniam spernitis, ignis erit

Eta faces (Romane) faces! seges illa furoris, Non nisi ab bis undis, ignea messis erit

Маттн 2

Christus in Ægypto

H Unc tu (Nile) tuis majori flumine monitra
Hun. (nimis ignotum) dic caput esse tibi
Jam tibi (Nile) tumes jam te quoque multus inunda
Ipie tuæ jam sis lættitæ fluvius

Матти 9

In cæcos Christum confitentes, Pharisæos abnegantes

N E mibi, tu (Pharisme ferox) tua lumina jaëtes En cacus! Christum cacus at ille videt

Tu (Pharisæe) nequis in Christo cernere Christum Ille videt cæcus cæcus es ipse videns

MATTH 16. 24.

Si quis pone me veniet, tollat crucem & sequatur me

Rgd sequor, sequor en! quippe & mihi ciux mea,
Christe, est
Parva quidem, sed quam non satts, ecce, rego.

Non rego? non parvam hanc? ideo neq, parva putanda est Crux magna est, parvam non bene ferre crucem

Luc. 5 28.

Relictis omnibus sequutus est eum.

Uas Matthæus opes, ad Christi jussa, reliquit, Tum primum verð cæpit habere suas

Iste malarum est usus opum bonus, unicus iste, Esse malas homini, quas bene perdat, opes

MATTH 25 29

Ædificatis sepulchra Prophetarum

Anterorum in tumulis quid vult labor ille colendis?

Santtorum mortem non sinit ille mori

Vane, Prophetaium quot ponis saxa sepulchris, Tot testes lapidum, queis perière, facis

Marc 3

In manum arıdam quâ Christo mota est miseratio

PRende (miser) Christum, & cum Christo prende salutem At manca est (diccs) dextera prende tamen

Ipsum hoc, in Christum, manus est hoc prendere Christum est, Quâ Christum prendas, non habuisse manum.

Ad D Lucam medicum

N Ulla mibi (Luca) de te medicamina posco, Ipie licèt medicus sis, licèt æger ego Quippe ego in exemplum fidei dum te mibi pono, Tu, medice, ipie mibi es tu medicina mea

Luc 14 4

Hydropicus sanatus, Christum jam sitiens

P Ellitur indė iitis, sed & hine sitis altera surgit
Hine sitis ille magh, qub sitis inde minus
Fælix o, & mortem poterit qui temnere morbus!
Cus vitæ ex spis fonte sitiur aqua!

In cœtum cœlestem omnium Sanctorum

Elices animæ! quas cælo debita virtus Jam potuit vestris inseruisse polis

Hoc dedit egregii non parcus sanguinis usus, Spesque per obstantes expatiata vias

O ver! o longæ semper seges aurea lucis! Nocte nec alternå dimidiata dies!

O quæ palma manu ridet! quæ fronte corona!
O nix virgineæ non temeranda togæ!

Pacis inocciduæ vos illic ora videtis
Vos Agni dukis lumina vos Quid ago?

Маттн 8 13

Christus absenti medetur

Vox jam mussa suas potunt jam tangere metas?
O superi non hoc ere sed use fust
Murac lum fuit spsa salus (bene credere possis)
Ipsum, mirac lum est, quando salutis iter

Joann 9

Cæcus natus

Elix, qui potuit tantæ post nubila noctis (O dignum tantâ nocte!) videre diem Felix ille oculus, felix utrinque putandus, Quòd videt, & primum quòd videt ille Deum

MALIH 9

Et ridebant illum

Uctibus in tantis, Christum ridere vacabat?

Vanior iste fuit risus, an iste doloi?

Luctibus in tantis hic vester risus, inepti,

(Credite mî) meruit maximus esse dolor

MATTH 11 25

In sapientiam seculi

Oli altum sapere (hoc veteres voluêre magistri)
Nè retrahat lassos alta ruina gradus

Immo mihi dico, Noli sapuisse profundum
Non ego ad infernum me sapuisse velim

In stabulum ubi natus est Dominus

I Lla domus stabulum? non est (Puer auree) non est
Illa domus, quâ tu nasceris, est stabulum?

Illa domus toto domus est pulcherrima mundo, Vix cœlo dici vult minor illa tuo

Cernis ut illa suo passim domus ardeat auro? Cernis ut effusis rideat illa rosis?

Sive aurum non est, nec quæ 10sa 11deat illîc, Ex oculis facile est esse probare tuis

Аст 8

S Stephanus amicis suis, funus sibi curantibus

Mila (precor) busto surgant mihi marmora bustum Hæc mihi sint mortis conscia saxa meæ

Sic nec opus fuerit, notet ut quis carmine bustum, Pro Domino (dicens) occidit ille suo

Hic mihi sit tumulus, quem mors dedit ipsa melque Ipse hic martyrii sit mihi martyrium

In D Joannem, quem Domitianus ferventi oleo (illæsum) indidit

I Llum (qui, toto currens vaga flammula mundo, Non quidem Ioannes, ipse sed audit amor)

Illum ignem extingui, bone Domitiane, laboras? Hoc non est oleum, Domitiane, date

In tenellos Martyres

A^H qui tam propero cecidit sic funere, vitæ Hoc habust tantum, possit ut ille mori

At cujus Deus est sic usus funere, mortis Hoc tantum, ut possit vivvere semper, habet

Маттн 4 24

Attulerunt et omnes malé affectos, dæmoniacos, lunaticos & sanavit eos

Ollige te tibi (torve Draco) furidique facésque, Quásque vocant pestes nox Erebusque suas

Fac colubros jam tota suos tua vibret Erinnys Collige, collige te fortiter, ut pereas

Luc 2

Tuam ipsius animam pertransibit gladius

Uando habeat gladium tua, Christe, tragædia nullum,

Quis fuerit gladius, Virgo beata, tuus?

Námq, nec ulla alias tibi sunt data vulnera, Virgo,

Quam quæ à vulneribus sunt data, Christe, tuis.

Forsan quando senex jam caligantior esset,

Quod Simeon gladium credidit, hasta fuit

Immo neque hasta fuit, neque clavus, sed neg, spina

Hei mihi, spina tamen, clavus, & hasta fuit Nam queiscung, malis tua, Christe, tragædia crevit, Omnia sunt gladius, Virgo beata, tuus

In sanguinem circumcisionis Dominicæ.

Ad convivas, quos hæc dies apud nos solennes habet.

I I Eus conviva! bibin'? Maria hæc, Mariæg, puellus, Mittunt de prælo musta bibenda suo

Una quidem est (toti quæ pai tamen unica mundo) Unica gutta, suo quæ tiemit orbiculo.

- O bibite hinc, quale aut quantum vos cunque bibistis, (Credite mî) nil tam suave bibistis adhuc
- O bibite & bibite, & restat tamen usque bibendum Restat, quod poterit nulla domare sitis
- Scilicet hîc, mensura sitis, mensura bibendi est Hæc quantum cupias vina bibisse, bibis

Luc 2

Puer Jesus inter Doctores

Allitur, ad mentum qui pendit quemq, profundum, Ceu possint læves nil sapuisse genæ

Scilicet è barba malè mensuratur Apollo, Et bene cum capitis stat nive, mentis hyems

Discat, & à tenero disci quoque posse magistro Canitiem capitis nec putet esse caput

JOANN 2

Ad Christum, de aqua in vinum versa S Igna tuis tuus hostis babet contraria signis In vinum tristes tu mihi vertis aquas Ille autem è vino lacrymas & jurgia ducens, Vina sterum in tristes (bis mihi) mutat aquas

Luc 2

Christus infans Patri sistitur in templo

A Gnus eat, ludata (licet) sub patre petulco
Cumque sua longum conjuge turtur agat
Conciliatorem nibil bic opus ire per agnum
Nec tener ut volucris non sua fata ferat
Haltenis exigua bæc, quasi munera, lusimus bec quæ
Mulium excusanti sunt capienda manu
Hoc Donum est de quo, toto tibi dicimus ore,
Sume Pater meritis boc tibi sume suis
Donum boc est, boc est quod scilicet audeat ipso
Esse Deo dignum salicet ipso Deus

Маттн 8

Leprosus Dominum implorans

Redo qubd 1sta potes, velles modò sed quia credo, Christe, quòd 1sta potes, credo quòd 1sta voles Tu modò, tu faciles mibi, Sol meus, exere vultus Non potersi radios nix mea ferre tuos

Матти 8

Christus in tempestate

Udd fervet tanto circum te, Christe, tumultu,
Non hoc ira maris, Christe, sed ambitio est
Heec illa ambitio est, hoc tanto te rogat ore,
Possit ut ad monitus Christe, tacere tuos

ACT 16 21

Annunciant iitus, quos non licet nobis suscipere, cum simus Romani

I Oc Cæsar tibi (Roma) tuus dedit, armaq,? solis
Romanis igitur non licet esse piis?

Ah, meliùs, tragicis nullus tibi Cæsai in armis Altus anhelanti detonuisset equo,

Nec domini volucris facies horrenda per orbem Sueta tibi in signis torva venire tuis

Qu'am miser ut staret de te tibi (Roma) triumphus, Ut tanta fieres ambitione nihil

Non tibi, sed sceleri vincis proh laurea tristis!

Laurea, Gerbereis aptior umbra comis!

Tam turpi vix ipse pater diademate Pluto, Vix sedet ipse suo tam niger in solio

De tot Cæsareis redit hoc tibi (Roma) ti iumphis Cæsaree, aut (quod idem est) egregie misera es.

MATTH 4

Hic lapis fiat panis

T fuit ille lapis (quidni sit dicere?) panis, Christe, fuit panis sed tuus ille fuit Quippe, Patris cum sic tulerit suprema voluntas, Est panis, panem non habuisse, tuus

MATTH 15

Mulier Canaanitis

Urcquid Amazoniis dedit olim fama puellis,
Credite Amazoniam cernimus ecce fidem
Fæmina, tam fortis fidei? jam credo fidem esse
Plus qu'am grammatice fæminei generis

Luc 11

Deus, post expulsum Dæmonem mutum, maledicis Judæis os obturat

Na penè opera duplicem tibi Dæmona frangis Iste quidem Dæmon mutus, at ille loquax

Scilicet in laudes (quæ non tibi laurea surgit?)

Non magls hic loquitur, quam tacet ille tuas

JOANN 6

Dicebant, Verè hic est propheta

Post tot quæ videant, tot que miracula tangant, Hæc & quæ gustent (Christe) dabas populo

Jam Vates, Rex, & quicquid pia nomina possunt, Christus erat vellem dicere, venter erat

Namque his, quicquid erat Clristus, de ventre repleto Omne illud vero nomine venter erat

JOANN 10 22

Christus ambulabat in porticu Solomonis & hyems erat

BRuma fuit? non, non ab non fuit, ore sub isto Si fuit haud anni, nec sua bruma fuit

Bruma tibi vernis velit ire decentior horis, Per sibi non natas expatiata rosas

At, tibi ne possit se tam bene bruma negare, Sola hæc, quam vibrat gens tua, *grando vetat

* Vers 31 sustulerunt lapides

Маттн. 28

Dederunt nummos militibus.

Donas, quod possit, cum tacet ipse, loqui

Quæ facis à quoquam, pietio suadente, taceri,

Clarius, & dici turpiùs ista facis

Beatæ Virgini

De salutatione Angelicâ

X Αιρε suum neque Cæsareus jam nuntiet ales, Xaιρε tuum pennâ candidiore venit

Sed taceat, qui Xaîpe tuum quoque nuntiat, ales, Xaîpe meum pennâ candidiore venit

Quis dicat mihi Xaîpe meum mage candidus autor, Quam tibi quæ dicat candidus ille tuum?

Virgo, rogas, quid candidius qu'am candidus ille Esse potest? Virgo, quæ 1 ogat, esse potest

Xaîpe tuum (Virgo) donet tibi candidus ille, Donas candidior tu mihi Xaîpe meum

Xaîpe meum de Xaîpe tuo quid differat, audi Ille tuum dicit, tu paris (ecce) meum

Pontio lavanti

On satis est cædes, nisi stuprum hoc insuper addas, Et tam virgineæ sis violator aquæ?

Nympha quidem pura hæc & honesti filia fontis Luget, adulterio jam temerata tuo

Casta verecundo properat cum murmure gutta, Nec satis in lacrymam se putat esse suam

Desine tam nitidos stuprare (ah, desine) rores Aut dic, quæ miseras unda lavabit aquas

In die Passionis Dominicae

Amne ego sim tetricus? valeant jejunia virum Est mehr dul e mes (nec pudet esse) cado

Est mibi qued castis, neque prelum passa, racemis Palmite virgines protulit una barens

Hec mile (ter denis sat erim maturust annis) Tandem ecce & d lio bræhihit hasta suo

Famque it. & 6 quanto calet allus ar mate torrens! Acer ut hine aura divite currit odor!

Quæ rosa per eyath s volitat tam ina Falernes? Massica quæ tanto sidere vina tremunt?

O ego nescibam, atque ecce est Vinum illud amoris Unde ego sim tantis, unde ego par cyatlis?

Vincor & & istis totus profé misce r auris Non ego sum tantis, n'n ego par cyathis

Sed quid ego invicti metus bona rob ra vini? Ecce est. ouæ validum diluit, ounda, merum

· Joh 10 & continuò exivit sanguis & aqua

In die Resurrectionis Dominicae

Venit ad sepulchrum Magdalena ferens aromata

Uin & tu quoque busta tui Phænicis adora Tu quoque fer tristes (mens mea) delitias

Si nec aromata sunt, nec quod tibi fragrat amomum (Qualis Magdalina est messis odora manu)

Est quod aromatibus præstat, quod præstat amomo Hac tibi mollicula, bac gemmea lacrymula

Et lacryma est aliquid neque frustra Magdala flevit Sentit bæc, lacrymas non nibil esse suas

His illa (& tunc cum Domini caput iret amomo) Invidiam capitis fecerat esse pedes

Nunc quoq cum sinus buic tanto sub aromate sudet, Plus capit ex oculis, quo litet, illa suis

Christe, decent lacrymæ decet isto tore rigari Vitæ hoc æternum mane, tuumque diem

Luc. 24

In cicatrices Domini adhuc superstites

A Rma vides, arcus, pharetrámq,, levésq, sagittas, Et quocunque fuit nomine miles Amor

His fuit usus Amor sed & hace fuit ipse, sulunque Et jaculum, & jaculis ipse pharetra suis

Nunc splendent tantum, & deterso pulvere belli E memori pendent nomina magna tholo

Tempus erit tamen, hæc iræ quando arma, pharetrámq, Et sobolem pharetræ spicula tradet Amor

Heu! quâ tunc animâ, quo stabit conscia vultu, Quum scelus agnoscet dextera quæq, suum?

Improbe, quæ dederis, cernes ibi vulnera, miles, Quâ tibi cunque tuus luserit arte furor

Seu digito suadente tuo mala Laurus inibat Temporibus, sacrum seu bibit hasta latus

Sive tuo clavi sævum subuêre sub 181u, Seu puduit jussis ire flagella tuis

Improbe, quæ dederis, cernes ibi vulnera, miles Quod dederis vulnus, cernere, vulnus erit

Plaga sui vindex clavosque rependet & hastam Quoque rependet, erit clavus & hasta sibi

Quis tam terribiles, tam justas moverit ir as? Vulnera pugnabunt (Christe) vel ipsa tibi

TOANN 14

Pacem meam do vobis

BElla vocant arma (ô socu) nostra arma paremus Atque enses nostros scilicet (al·l') jugulos

Cur ego bella paro, cum Christus det mihi pacem? Qued Christus pacem dat mihi, bella paro

Ille dedit (nam quis potuit dare certior autor?)
Ille dedit pacem sed dedit ille suam

Аст 9

In D. Paulum illuminatum sunul & exercatum

Uæ, Christe, ambigua hæc bisidi tibi gloria teli est, Quod simul huic oculos abstulit, atq, dedit?

Sancia dies animi, bac oculorum in nocie, latebat, Te ut possit Pauliis cernere, cæcus erat

JOANN 15

Ego sum via Ad Judeos spretores Christi

Sed nec calcanda tamen pes improbe pergis? Improbe pes ergò hoc cœli erat ire viam?

Ab pereat (Judæe ferox) pes improbus ille, Qui coch tritam sie facit esse viam

MAITH 2

In nocturnum & hyemale iter infantis Domini

- Rgò viatores teneros, cum Prole Parentem,
 Nox habet hos, quess est digna nec ulla dies?
- Nam quid ad hæc Pueri vel labra, genåsve Parentis? Heu quid ad hæc facient oscula, nox & hyems?
- Lilia ad hæc facerent, faceret rosa, quicquid & halat Æterna Zephyrus qui tepet in viola.
- Hi meruêre, quibus vel nox sit nulla, vel ulla Si sit, eat nostrâ puriùs illa die
- Ecce sed hos quoque nox & hyems clausêre tenellos Et quis scit, quid nox, quid meditetur hyems?
- Ah ne quid meditetur hyems sævire per Austros! Quæg, solet nigios nox mala ferre metus!
- Ah nè noctis eat currus non mollibus Euris!

 Aspera nè tetricos nuntiet aura Notos!
- Heu quot habent tenebræ, quot vera pericula secum!
 Quot noctem dominam, quantaq, monstra colunt!
- Quot vaga quæ falsis veniunt ludibria formis! Trux oculus! Stygio concolor ala Deo!
- Seu veris ea, sive vagis stant monstra figuris, Vinginei satis est hinc, satis indè metûs
- Ergd veni, totoque veni resonantior arcu, (Cynthia) prægnantem clange procul pharetram
- Monstra vel ista, vel illa, tuis sint meta sagittis Nec fratris jaculum certior aura vehat
- Eigò veni, totòque veni flagrantior ore, Dignàque Apollineas sustinuisse vices
- Scis bene quid deceat Phæbi lucere sororem Ex his, si nescis, (Cynthia) disce genis
- O tua, in his, quantò lampas formosior iret!

 Nox suam, ab his, quantò malit habere diem!

- Quantum ageret tacitos bæc luna modestior ignes!

 Atque verecundis sobria staret equis!
- Luna, tuæ non est rosa tam pudibunda diei Nec tam virgineo fax tua flore tremit
- Ergd veni, sed & astra, tuas age (Cynthia) turmas Illa oculos pueri, quos imitentur, habent
- Hinc oculo, hinc astro at parili face niciat utrumque, Ætheris os, atque os æthereum Pueri
- Aspice, quam bene res utriusque deceret utrumque! Quam bene in alternas mutua regna manus!
- Ille oculus cœli hoc si staret in æthere frontis Sive astrum hoc Pueri, fronte sub ætherea
- St Puert hoc astrum ætherea sub fronte micaret, Credat & hunc oculum non minus esse suum
- Ille oculus cœli, boc si staret in æthere frontis, Non minus in cælis se putet esse suis
- Tam pulchras variare vices cum fronte Puelli, Cumque Puelli oculis, æther & astra queant
- Astra quidem vellent, vellent eterna pacisci Fædera mutatæ sedis inire vicem
- Ether & spse (licet numero tam dispare) vellet Mutatis oculis tam bona pa la dari
- Quippe cret cœlum quanto melsoribus astris, Astra sua bos oculos si modo babere queat
- Quippe astra in cœlo quantum meliore micarent, Si frontem hanc possint cælum habuisse suum
- Ether & astra velint frustra velit æther, & astra Ecce negat Pueri frons, ocullque negant
- Ab neget illa, negent illi nam quem æthera mallent Isti oculi? aut frons bec quæ magis astra velit?
- Quid si aliquod blanda face lenè renideat astrum? Lactea si cœli têrque quatêrque via est?

- Blandior hic oculus, roseo hôc qui ridet in ore, Lastea frons hæc est thique quathrque maghs.
- Ergò negent, cœlumque suum sua sydera servent Sydera de cœlis non bene danda suis.
- Ergò negant seque ecce sua sub nube recondunt, Sub tenera occidui nube supercilii
- Nec claudi contenta sui munimine cœli, Quærunt in gremio Matris ubi lateant
- Non nisi sic tactis ubi nix tepet illa pruinis, Castaque non gelido frigore vernat hyems
- Scilicet iste dies tam pulchio vespere tingi Dignus, & hos soles sic decet occideie
- Claudat pur pureus qui claudit vesper Olympum, Puniceo placeas tu tibi (Phæbe) toro,
- Dum tibi lascivam Thetis auget adultera noctem, Pone per Hesperias strata pudenda rosas
- Illas nempe 10sas, quas conscia purpura pinxit, Culpa pudórque suus queîs dedit esse 10sas
- Hos soles, niveæ nostes, castlimque cubile, Quod pui um sternet per mai e virgo Thetis,
- Hos, sancti flores, hos, tam sincera decebant Lilia, quæg, sibi non i ubuêre i osæ
- Hos, decuit sinus hic, ubi toto sydere proni Ecce lavant sese lacteo in oceano
- Atque lavent tandémque suo se mane resolvant, Ipsa dies ex hoc ut bibat ore diem

JOANN 16 26

Non dico, me rogaturum Patrem pro vobis

AH tamen Ipse roga tibi scilicet ille roganti Esse nequit durus, nec solet esse, Pater

Ille suos omni facie te figit amores, Ing tuos toto effunditur ore sinus

Quippe, tuos spetans oculos, se spectat in illis Ing tuo (fesu) se fovet ipse sinu

Ex te metitur sese, & sua numina discit Înde repercussus redditur îpse sibi

Ille tibi se, te ille sibi par neclit utrinque Tam tuus est, ut nec sit magis ille suus

Ergò roga Ipse roga tibi scilicet ille roganti Esse nequit durus, nec solet esse, Pater

Illum ut ego rogitem? Hoc (ebeu) non ore rogandum Ore satis puras non faciente preces

Illum ego si rogitem quis scit quibus ille procellis Surgat, & in miserum hoc quæ tonet ira caput?

Isto etiam forsan veniet mihi fulmen ab ore (Sæpe isto certé fulmen ab ore venit)

Ille una trati forsan me cuspide verbi, Uno me nutu figet, & interii

Non ego, non rogitem mihi scilicet ille roganti Durior esse potest & solet esse, Pater

Immo rogabo nec ore meo tamen immo rogabo Ore meo (Jesu) scilicet ore tuo

In die Ascensionis Dominicæ.

U Sg, etiam nostros Te (Christe) tenemus amores? Heu cæli quantam hinc invidiam patimur!

Invidiam patiamur habent sua sydera cæli, Quæg comunt tremulas crispa tot ora faces,

Phæbenque & Phæbum, & tot piêtæ vellera nubis, Vellera, quæ roseâ Sol variavit acu

Quantum erat, ut sinerent hâc unâ nos face ferri? Una sit hîc sunt (& sint) ibi mille faces.

Nil agimus nam tu quia non ascendis ad illum, Æther *descendit (Christe) vel ipse tibi

* Act r Nubes susceptum eum abstulit

FINIS

S'I'EPS TO THE I'EMPLE, Sacred Poems

WITH
The Delights of the Muses

By RICHARD CRASHAW, sometimes of Pembroke Hall, and late fellow of S Peters Coll in Cambridge

The second Edition wherein are added divers pieces not before extant

LONDON,

Printed for Humphrey Moseley, and are to be sold at his Shop at the Princes Armes in St Pauls Church yard



The Preface to the Reader

Learned Reader,

He Authors friend will not usurpe much upon thy eye This is onely for those whom the name of our Divine Poet bath not yet seized into admiration. I dare undersake that what Jamblicus (in vita Pythagore) affirmeth of his Master, at his Contemplations, these Poems can, viz. They shall lift thee, Reader, some yards above the ground and, as in Pythagores Schoole, every temper was first uned into a beight by severall proportions of Musick, and spiritualized for one of his weighty Lectures, So maist thou take a Poem bence, and tune thy soule by it, into a heavenly pitch, and thus refined and borne up upon the sings of meditation, In these Poems thou maist talke freely of God, and of that other state.

Here s Herbert's second, but equals, who bath retrive de Poetry of late, and return d it up to its Primitive use, Let u bound back to beaven gates, vibence it came. Thinke yee, St Augustine would have steyned his graver Learning with a booke of Poetry, had be fancied its dearest end to be the wanty of Love-Sonnets, and Epithalamiums? No, no, be thought with this our Poet, that every foot in a high-borne verse, might helpe to measure the soule into that better world. Divine Poetry, I dare hold it, in position against Suarez on the subject, to be the Language of the Angels, it is the Quintessence of Phantasie and discourse center d in Heaven, its the very Out goings of the soule, its what alone our Author is able to tell you, and that in his owne verse

It were prophane but to mention here in the Preface those under-headed Poets, Retainers to seven shares and a

halfe; Madrigall fellowes, whose onely businesse in verse, is to rime a poore six-penny soule a Suburb sinner into hell, May such arrogant pretenders to Poetry vanish, with their prodigious issue of tumorous heats, and flashes of their adulterate braines, and for ever after, may this our Poet fill up the better roome of man. Oh! when the generall arraignment of Poets shall be, to give an accompt of their higher soules, with what a triumphant brow shall our divine Poet sit above, and looke downe upon poore Homer, Virgil, Horace, Claudian? &c who had amongst them the ill lucke to talke out a great part of their gallant Genius, upon Bees, Dung, froggs, and Gnats, &c and not as himself here, upon Scriptures, divine Graces, Martyrs and Angels

Reader, we stile his Sacred Poems, Steps to the Temple, and aptly, for in the Temple of God, under his wing, he led his life, in St Maries Church neere St Peters Colledge There he lodged under Tertullian's roofe of Angels; There he made his nest more gladly than David's Swallow neere the house of God, where like a primitive Saint, he offered more prayers in the night, than others usually offer in the day, There he penned these Poems, Steps for happy soules to climbe heaven by

And those other of his pieces, intituled The Delights of the Muses, (though of a more humane mixture) are as sweet as they are innocent

The praises that follow are but few of many that might be conferr'd on him he was excellent in five Languages (besides his Mother tongue) vid Hebrew, Greek, Latine, Italian, Spanish, the two last whereof he had little helpe in, they were of his own acquisition

Amongst his other accomplishments in Accademick (as well pious as harmlesse arts) he made his skill in Poetry, Musick, Drawing, Limming, Graving, (exercises of his curious invention and sudden fancy) to be but his subservient

recreations for vacant boures, not the grand businesse of his soule

To the former Qualifications I might adde that which would crowne them all, his rare moderation in diet (almost Lessian temperance) be never created a Muse out of distempers, nor (with our Canary scribblers) cast any strange mists of surfets before the Intelectuall beames of his mind or memory, the latter of which, he was so much a master of, that he had there under locke and key in readinesse, the richest treasures of the best Greek and Latine Poets, some of which Authors hee had more at his command by heart, than others that onely read their works, to retaine little, and understand lesse

Enough Reader, I intend not a volume of praises larger than his booke, nor need I longer transport thee to think over his vast perfections, I will conclude all that I have impartially writ of this Learned young Gent (now dead to us) as be himselfe doth, with the last line of his Poem upon Bishop Andrews Picture before bis Sermons

Verte paginas

-Look on his following leaves, and see him breath

The Authors Motto.

Live Jesus, Live, and let it bee My Life, to dye for love of thee.

The Teare

Hat bright soft thing is this Sweet Marie the C Sweet Mary thy faire eyes expence? A moist sparke it is, A watry Diamond from whence The very terme I thinke was found, The water of a Diamond

2

O tis not a teare. Tis a star about to drop From thine eye its spheare, The Sun will stoope and take it up, Proud will his Sister be to weare This thine eyes Jewell in her care

3

O tis a teare Too true a teare for no sad eyne How sad so e re Raine so true a teare as thine Each drop leaving a place so deare, Weeps for it self, is its owne teare

Such a Pearle as this is (Slipt from Aurora's dewy Brest) The Rose buds sweet lip kisses And such the Rose it self when vext With ungentle flames does shed, Sweating in too warme a bed

5

Such the Maiden gem
By the wanton spring put on,
Peeps from her Parent stem,
And blushes on the watry Sun
This watry blossome of thy Eyne,
Ripe, will make the richer Wine

6

Faire drop, why quak'st thou so?
Cause thou streight must lay thy head
In the dust? ô no,
The dust shall never be thy bed,
A pillow for thee will I bring,
Stuft with downe of Angels wing.

7

Thus carried up on high,
(For to heaven thou must goe)
Sweetly shalt thou lye,
And in soft slumbers bath thy woe,
Till the singing Orbes awake thee,
And one of their bright Chorus make the

8

There thy selfe shalt bee
An eye, but not a weeping one,
Yet I doubt of thee,
Whether th' had'st rather there have shone,
An eye of heaven, or still shine here,
In th' Heaven of Maries eye a teare

Divine Epigrams

On the water of our Lords Baptisme Ach blest drop, on each blest limme, Is wash t it self, in washing him Tis a gemme while it stayes here, While it falls hence, tis a Teare

Ads 8

On the baptized Æthiopian

T Et it no longer be a forlorne hope To wash an Æthiope Hee s washt, his gloomy skin a peacefull shade For his white soule is made And now, I doubt not, the Eternall Dove, A black fac d house will love

On the miracle of multiplied Loaves

SEe here an easie Feast that knowes no wound,
That under Hungare Track That under Hungers Teeth will needs be found, A subtle Harvest of unbounded bread, What would ye more? Here food it selfe is fed

> Upon the Sepulcher of our Lord Ere where our Lord once laid his head Now the grave lyes buried

The Widows Mites

TWo Mites, two drops yet all her house and land Falls from a steady heart though trembling hand The others wanton wealth foams high and brave The other cast away, she onely gave

On the Prodigall.

Ell me bright boy, tell me my golden Lad, Whither away so frolick? why so glad? What all thy wealth in counsaile? all thy state? Are huskes so deare? troth 'tis a mighty rate

Acts 5

The sick imploie St Peters shadow

Death's busic search I'le easily beguile,
Thy shadow, Peter, must shew me the Sun
My light's thy shadowes shadow, or 'tis done

On the still surviving marks of our Saviours wounds

W Hat ever storie of their crueltie,
Or Naile, or Thorne, or Speare have writ in thee
Are in another sence,
Still legible,
Sweet is the difference,
Once I did spell
Every red Letter
A wound of thine
Now (what is better)
Balsome for mine

Mark 7

The dumb healed and the people enjoyned silence.

Hrist bids the dumb tongue speak, it speakes, the sound
He charges to be quiet, it runs round
If in the first he us'd his fingers touch,
His hands whole strength here could not be too much

Mat 28

Come see the place where the Lord lay

Shew me himself, himself (bright Sir) o show Which way my poor teares to himself may goe, Were it enough to show the place and say Looke Mary here, see where thy Lord once lay, Then could I show these armes of mine, and say Looke Mary here, see where thy Lord once lay

To Pontius washing his hands

Thy hands are wash t, but ô the waters spilt
That labourd to have washt thy guilt,
The flood, if any can, that can suffice,
Must have its fountaine in thine eyes

To the infant Martyrs

Oc smiling soules, your new built Cages breake, In heaven you I learne to sing, ere here to speake Nor let the milkie fonts that bath your thirst Be your delay,

- The place that calls you hence, is at the worst
Milke all the way

On the miracle of Loaves

N Ow Lord, or never, they I believe on thee Thou to their teeth hast prov d thy Deity

Mark 4.

Why are ye afraid, O ye of little faith?

S if the storme meant him,
Or 'cause heavens face is dim,
His needs a cloud
Was ever froward wind
That could be so unkind?
Or wave so proud?

The wind had need be angry, and the water black, That to the mighty Neptune's self daie threaten wrack

There is no storme but this
Of your owne Cowardise
That braves you out,
You are the storme that mocks
Your selves, you are the rocks
Of your owne doubt

Besides this feare of danger, ther's no danger here, And he that here feares danger, does deserve his feare

On the B Virgins bashfullnesse

That on her lap she casts her humble eye,

'Tis the sweet pride of her humilitie
The faire starre is well fixt, for where, ô where,
Could she have fixt it on a fairer spheare?
'Tis heaven, 'tis heaven she sees, Heaven's God there lyes,
She can see heaven, and ne're lift up her eyes
This new guest to her eyes, new lawes hath given,
'Twas once looke up, 'tis now looke downe to heaven

Upon Lazarus his teares.

Ich Lazarus! richer in those Gems thy Teares,
Then Dives in the roabes he weares
He scorns them now, but ô they'l sute full well
With th' Purple he must weare in hell

Two went up into the temple to pray

Two went to pray? ô rather say One went to brag, th other to pray One stands up close, and treads on high, Where th other dares not send his eye One neerer to God's Altar trod, The other to the Altars God

Upon the asse that bore our Saviour

Ath only anger an Omnipotence in Eloquence?
Within the lips of love and joy doth dwell
No miracle?
Why else had Balaams asse a tongue to chide
His masters pride?
And thou (heaven burthen d beast) hast ne re a word
To praise thy Lord?
That he should find a tongue and vocall thunder
Was a great wonder,
But ô me thinkes tis a farre greater one
That thou find st none

Mat 8

I am not worthy that thou should'st come under my roofe

Thy God was making hast into thy roofe
Thy humble faith and feare, keepes him aloofe
Heel be thy guest because he may not be
Heel come—into thy house? no, into thee

I am the Doore.

And his owne hope

Hath shut these Doores of heaven, that durst

Thus set them ope

Mat 10.

The blind cured by the word of our Saviour

Thou speak'st the word (Thy word's a Law)
Thou spak'st and streight the blind man saw
To speake, and make the blind man see,
Was never man Lord spake like thee!
To speake thus was to speake (say I)
Not to his eare, but to his eye

Mat 27

And he answered them nothing

Mighty Nothing! unto thee,
Nothing, we owe all things that bee
God spake once, when he all things made,
He sav'd all when he Nothing said
The world was made of Nothing then,
'Tis made by Nothing now againe

To our Lord, upon the water made Wine.

Hou water turn'st to wine (faile filend of life)
Thy foe to crosse the sweet arts of thy reigne
Distills from thence the teals of wrath and strife,
And so turnes wine to water back againe

Mat 22

Neither durst any man from that day, aske him any more questions

M Id'st all the darke and knotty snares, Thy glorious wisedome breaks the Nets. And treds with uncontrouled steps Thy quell d foes are not onely now Thy triumphs, but thy Trophies too They both at once thy Conquests bee. And thy Conquests memorie Stony amazement makes them stand Wayting on thy victorious hand, Like statues fixed to the fame Of thy renoune, and their own shame, As if they onely meant to breath To be the life of their own death Twas time to hold their peace, when they Had ne re another word to say, Yet is their silence unto thee. The full sound of thy victorie Their silence speaks aloud, and is Thy well pronounc d Panegyris While they speak nothing, they speak all Their share in thy Memoriall While they speake nothing, they proclame Thee, with the shrillest trump of fame To hold their peace is all the waves These wretches have to speake thy praise

Upon our Saviours tombe wherein never man was laid

Thou had st a virgin wombe,
And tombe,
A Joseph did betroth

Them both

It is better to goe into beaven with one eye, &c

Ne eye? a thousand rather, and a thousand more,
To fix those full-fac't glories, ô hee's poore
Of eyes that has but Argus store.
Yet if thou'lt fil one poor eye, with thy heaven, & thee,
O grant (sweet goodnesse) that one eye may be
All and every whit of me

Luke 11

Upon the dumb Devill east out, and the slanderous Jewes put to silence

Wo devills at one blow thou hast laid flat,
A speaking Devill this, a dumbe [one] that
Was't thy full victories fairer increase,
That th' one spake, or that th' other held [his] peace?

Luke 10.

And a certaine Priest comming that way, looked on him and passed by

Why doest thou wound my wounds, ô thou that passest by,
Handling & turning them with an unwounded eye?
The calme that cooles thine eye does shipwrack mine, for ô, Unmov'd to see one wretched is to make him so

Luke 11.

Blessed be the Paps which thou hast sucked

Suppose he had been tabled at thy Teates, Thy hunger feels not what he eates Hee'l have his Teat e're long, a bloody one, The mother then must suck the son

To Pontius washing his blood stafinled hands

Murther no sin? Or a sin so cheape
That thou did st heape
A Rape upon t? till thy adult rous touch
Taught her these sullied checks, this blubber d face,
She was a Nimph, the meadows knew none such,

Of honest parentage, of unstain d race, The daughter of a faire, and well fam d fountaine, As ever Silver tipt the side of shadie mountaine

See how she weeps, and weepes, that she appeares

Nothing but teares, Each drops a teare, that weeps for her owne wast Harke how at every touch she does complaine her, Harke how she bids her frighted drops make hast,

And with sad murmurs, chides the hands that staine her Leave, leave for shame, or else (good judge) decree What water shal wash this, when this hath washed thee

Mat 23

Yee build the Sepulchres of the Prophets

Thou trim'st a Prophets Tombe, and dost bequeath The life thou took st from him unto his death Vaine man't the stones that on his Tombe doe lye Keep but the score of them that made him dye

Upon the Infant Martyrs

TO see both blended in one flood, The Mothers milke the Childrens blood, Makes me doubt if heav n will gather Rotes hence, or Lillus rather

Joh. 16

Verily I say unto you, wee shall week and lament.

To me my Legacie of Tearcs!

I'le wiefe, and wiefe, and will therefore

Weefe, 'cause I can wiefe no more

Thou, thou (Deare Lord) even thou alone,

Giv'st joy, even when thou givest none

John 15.

Upon our Lord's last confortable discourse with his Disciples

A LL Hybla's honey, all that sweetnesse can, Flowes in thy Song (ô faire, ô dying swan!) Yet is the joy I take in't small or none, It is too sweet to be a long-liv'd one

Luke 16

Dives asking a drop

Drop, one drop, how sweetly one faire drop Would tremble on my pearle-tipt fingers top? My wealth is gone, ô goe it where it will, Spare this one jewell, I'le be Dives still

Marke 12

(Give to Cæsar---)
(And to God-----)

LL we have is God's, and yet Cæsar challenges a debt,

Nor hath God a thinner share,

What ever Cæsar's payments are,

All is God's, and yet 'tis true

All we have is Cæsar's too,

All is Cæsar's, and what ods,

So long as Cæsar's selfe is Gods?

But now they have seen and hated

S Eene? and yet hated thee? they did not see, They saw thee not, that saw and hated thee No, no, they saw thee not, & Life, & Love, Who saw ought in thee that their hate could move

Upon the Crewne of therees taken desine from the lead of our B Lord the dy

Now st thou this Souldier? tis a much changd plant, which yet

Thy self did st set,

O! who so hard a husbandman did eter find,

A soyle so kind?

Is not the soyle a kind one which returnes

Roses for Thornes?

Luke 7

She began to wash his feet with teares, and wife them with the haires of ler head

Her eyes flood lickes his feetes faire staine, Her haires flame lickes up that againe This flame thus quench t hath brighter beames, This flood thus stained, fairer streames

On St Peter cutting off Malchus In eare

W Ell Peter dost thou wield thy active sword,
Well for thy selfe (I meane) not for thy Lord
To strike at eares, is to take heed there be
No witnesse Peter of thy perjury

Joh 3

But men loved darknesse rather than light

The world's light shines, shine as it will I the world will love its Darkenesse still I doubt though when the World's in Hell, It will not love its Darkenesse halfe so well

Acts. 21.

I am readie not onely to be bound, but to die

Ome death, come bands, nor do you shrink, my ears, At those hard words man's cowardise calls feares Save those of feare no other bands feare I, No other feare than this, the feare to dye

On St Peter casting away his Nets at our Saviours call

Hou hast the art on't *Peter*, and canst tell
To cast thy Nets on all occasions well
When Christ calls, and thy Nets would have thee stay,
To cast them well's to cast them quite away.

Our B Lord in his Circumcision to his Father.

O thee these first fruits of my growing death (For what else is my life?) lo I bequeath Tast this, and as thou lik'st this lesser flood Expect a Sea, my heart shall make it good Thy wrath that wades here now, e're long shall swim, The floodgate shall be set wide ope for him Then let him drinke, and drinke, and doe his worst To drowne the wantonnesse of his wild thirst Now's but the Nonage of my paines, my feares Are yet both in their hopes, not come to yeares The day of my darke woe is yet but morne, My teares but tender, and my death new borne Yet may these unfle d g'd griefes give fate some guesse, These Cradle-torments have their towardnesse These purple buds of blooming death may bee, Erst the full stature of a fatall tree And till my riper woes to age are come, This Knife may be the speares Præludium

On the wounds of our crucified Lord

These wakefull wounds of thine!
Are they Mouthes? or are they eyes?
Be they mouthes, or be they eyne
Each bleeding part some one supplies

Lo, a mouth! whose full bloom d lips At too deare a rate are roses Lo, a blood shot eye! that weeps, And many a cruell teare discloses

O thou that on this foot hast laid Many a kisse, and many a teare, Now thou shalt have all repaid, What soe re thy charges were

This foot hath got a mouth and lips
To pay the sweet summe of thy kisses,
To pay thy teares, an eye that weeps,
Instead of teares, such gems as this is

The difference onely this appeares, (Nor can the change offend)

The debt is paid in Ruby teares
Which thou in Pearles did st lend

On our crucified Lord, naked and bloody

They have left thee naked Lord O that they had, This Garment too, I would they had deny d Thee with thy selfe they have too richly clad, Opening the purple wardrobe of th, side O never could there be garment [too] good For thee to weare, but this of thine owne blood

Sampson to bes Dalılah

Ould not once blinding mee, cruell suffice?
When first I look t on thee I lost mine eyes

Psalme 23

Appy me! O happy sheepe! 1 Whom my God vouchsafes to keepe, Even my God, even he it is That points me to these wayes of blisse, On whose pastures cheerefull spring, All the yeare doth sit and sing, And rejoycing smiles to see Their green backs weare his livene Pleasure sings my soulc to rest, Plentie weares me at her brest, Whose sweet temper teaches me Nor wanton, nor in want to be At my feet the blubb'ring Mountaine Weeping melts into a Fountaine, Whose soft silver-sweating streames Make high noone forget his beames When my way-ward breath is flying, He calls home my soule from dying, Strokes, and tames my rabid griefe, And does wook me into life When my simple weakenes strayes, (Tangled in forbidden wayes) He (my shepheard) is my guide, Hee's before me, on my side, And behind me, he beguiles Craft in all her knottie wiles He expounds the giddy wonder Of my weary steps, and under Spreads a Path as cleare as Day, Where no churlish rub says nay To my joy conducted feet, Whil'st they gladly goe to meet Grace and Peace, to meet new lates Tun'd to my great S[h]epheards praise Come now all ye terrors, sally, Muster forth into the valley, Where triumphant darknesse hovers

With a sable wing that covers Brooding horror Come thou Death Let the damps of thy dull Breath Over shadow even the shade. And make darkenes selfe afraid There my feet, even there, shall find Way for a resolved mind Still my Shepheard, still my God Thou art with me, still thy Rod, And thy staffe, whose influence Gives direction, gives defence At the whisper of thy word Crown d abundance spreads my boord While I feast, my foes doe feed Their ranck malice not their need. So that with the self same bread They are starv d and I am fed How my head in ointment swims? How my cup orelook's her brims! So even so still may I move By the Line of thy deare love, Still may thy sweet mercy spread A shady arme above my head, About my Paths, so shall I find The faire center of my mind Thy Temple, and those lovely walls Bright ever with a beame that falls Fresh from the pure glance of thine eye, Lighting to eternity There I le dwell, for ever there Will I find a purer aire To feed my life with, there I le sup Balme and Nectar in my cup And thence my ripe soule will I breath Warme into the Armes of Death

Psalme 137.

Our Harpes that now no musick understood,
Nodding on the willowes slept,

While unhappy captiv'd wee Lovely Sion thought on thec

They, they that snatcht us from our countries breast Would have a song carv'd to their eares

In Hebrew numbers, then (o cruell jest!)

When Harpes and Hearts were drown'd in teares Come, they cry'd, come sing and play One of Sions Songs to day.

Sing? play? to whom (ah) shall we sing or play If not Jerusalem to thee?

Ah thee Jeiusalem! ah sooner may This hand forget the masterie

Of Musicks dainty touch, then I

The Musick of thy memory,

Which when I lose, ô may at once my tongue Lose this same busic speaking art,

Unpearch't, her vocall Arteries unstrung,

No more acquainted with my heart, On my dry pallats roof to rest A wither'd leaf, an idle guest

No, no, thy good Sion alone must crowne The head of all my hope-nurst joyes

But Edom cruell thou! thou cryd'st downe, downe Sinke Sion, downe and never rise,

Her falling thou did'st urge, and thrust, And haste to dash her into dust,

Dost laugh? proud Babels daughter! do, laugh on, Till thy ruine teach thee teares,

Even such as these, laugh, till a venging throng
Of woes, too late doe rouze thy feares

Laugh till thy childrens bleeding bones Weepe pretious teares upon the stones

Upon Easter Day

.

Rise heire of fresh eternity
From thy virgin Tombe,
Rise mighty man of wonders, and thy world with thee,
Thy Tombe the universall Last
Natures new wombe
Thy tombe faire immortalities perfumed Nest

2

Of all the glories make Noone gay,
This is the Morne,
This Rock bud's forth the fountaine of the streames of Day,
In joyes white annalls lives this howre
When life was borne
No cloud scoule on his radiant lids, no tempest lower

3

Life, by this light's Nativity
All creatures have,
Death onely by this Dayes just doome is forct to Dye
Nor is Death forct for may he ly
Thrond in thy Grave
Death will on this condition be content to dye

Sospetto d' Herode.

Libro Primo

Aigomento

Casting the times with their strong signes,
Death's Master his owne death divines
Strugling for helpe, his best hope is
Herod's suspition may heale his
Therefore he sends a fiend to wake,
The sleeping Tyrant's fond mistake,
Who feares (in vaine) that he whose Birth
Meanes Heav'n, should meddle with his Earth

1

Use, now the servant of soft Loves no more,
Hate is thy Theame, and Herod, whose unblest
Hand (ô what dares not jealous Greatnesse?) tore
A thousand sweet Babes from their Mothers Brest
The Bloomes of Martyrdome O be a Dore
Of language to my infant Lips, yee best
Of Confessours whose Throates answering his swords,
Gave forth your Blood for breath, spoke soules for words

2

Great Anthony! Spains well-beseeming pride,
Thou mighty branch of Emperours and Kings,
The Beauties of whose dawne what eye may bide?
Which With the Sun himselfe weigh's equall wings,
Mappe of Heroick worth! whom farre and wide
To the believing world Fame boldly sings
Deigne thou to weare this humble Wreath, that bowes
To be the sacred Honour of thy Browes

2

Nor needs my Muse a blush, or these bright Flowers Other than what their owne blest beauties bring. They were the smiling sons of those sweet Bowers, That drinke the deaw of Life, whose deathlesse spring, Nor Strian flame, nor B rean frost deflowers. From whence Heav n labouring Bees with busic wing, Suck hidden sweets, which well digested proves Immortall Hons for the Hive of Loves.

4

Thou, whose strong hand with so transcendent worth, Holds high the teine of faire Parthenipe,
That neither Rome, nor Athens can bring forth
A Name in noble deeds Rivall to thee!
Thy Fames full noise, mikes proud the patient Larth,
Farre more than matter for my Muse and mee
The Tyrhene Seas, and shores sound all the same,
And in their murmurs keepe the mights Name

5

Below the Botome of the great Abysse,
There where one Center reconciles all things
The worlds profound Heart pants There placed is
Mischiefes old Master, close about him clings
A curl d knot of embracing Snakes, that kisse
His correspondent cheekes these loathsome strings
Hold the perverse Prince in eternall Tres
Fast bound, since first he forfeited the skies

•

The judge of Torments and the King of Teares, He fills a burnisht Throne of quenchlesse fire And for his old faire Roabes of Light, he weares A gloomy Mantle of darke flames the Tire That crownes his hated head on high appeares Where seav n tall Hornes (his Empires pride) ispire And to make up Hells Majesty, each Horne Seav n crested Hydra's horribly adorne

7.

His Eyes, the sullen dens of Death and Night,
Startle the dull Ayre with a dismall red
Such his fell glances as the fatall Light
Of staring Comets, that looke Kingdomes dead
From his black nostrills, and blew lips, in spight
Of Hells owne stinke, a worser stench is spread
His breath Hells lightning is and each deepe groane
Disdaines to thinke that Heav'n Thunders alone

8

His flaming Eyes dire exhalation,
Unto a dreadfull pile gives fiery Breath,
Whose unconsum'd consumption pieys upon
That never-dying Life of a long Death
In this sad House of slow Destruction,
(His shop of flames) hee fryes himself, beneath
A masse of woes, his Teeth for Torment gnash,
While his steele sides sound with his Tayles strong lash.

q

Three Rigourous Virgins waiting still behind,
Assist the Throne of th' Iron-sceptred King
With whips of Thornes and knotty vipers twin'd
They rouse him, when his ranke thoughts need a sting
Their lockes are beds of uncomb'd snakes that wind
About their shady browes in wanton Rings
Thus reignes the wrathfull King, and while he reignes
His Scepter and himselfe both he disdaines

10

Disdainefull wretch! how hath one bold sinne cost
Thee all the Beauties of thy once bright Eyes?
How hath one black Eclipse cancell'd, and crost
The glories that did gild thee in thy Rise?
Proud Morning of a perverse Day! how lost
Art thou unto thy selfe, thou too selfe-wise

Narcissus? foolish Phaeton? who for all
Thy high-aym'd hopes, gaind'st but a flaming fall.

T 7

From Death's sad shades, to the Life breathing Ayre, This mortall Enemy to mankinds good, Lifts his Malignant Eyes, wasted with care, To become beautifull in humane blood Where Jordan melts his Chrystall, to make faire The fields of Palestina, with so pure a flood, There does he fixe his Eyes and there detect

New matter, to make good his great suspect

12

He calls to mind th old quarrell, and what sparke Set the contending Sons of Heav n on fire Oft in his deepe thought he revolves the darke Sibils divining leaves he does enquire Into th old Prophesies, trembling to marke How many present prodigies conspire,

To crowne their past predictions, both he layes

To crowne their past predictions, both he layer Together, in his pondrous mind both weighs

13

Heavens Golden winged Herald, late he saw To a poore Galilean virgin sent How low the Bright Youth bow d and with what awe Immortall flowers to her fairt hand present He saw th old Hebrewes wombe, neglect the Law Of Age and Barennesse, and her Babe prevent His Birth, by his Devotion who began Betimes to be a Saint, before a Man

14.

He saw rich Nectar thawes release the rigour Of th Icy North, from frost bount Atlas hands His Adamantine fetters fall green vigour Gladding the Sosthian Rocks, and Libian sands He saw a vernall smile sweetly disfigure Winters sad face, and through the flowry lands Of faite Engaddi hony sweating Fountaines With Manna, Milk, and Balm, new broach the Mountaines

15

He saw how in that blest Day-bearing Night,
The Heav'n-rebuked shades made hast away,
How bright a Dawne of Angels with new Light
Amaz'd the midnight world, and made a Day
Of which the Morning knew not Mad with spight
He markt how the poore Shepheards ran to pay
Their simple Tribute to the Babe, whose Birth
Was the great businesse both of Heav'n and Earth

16

He saw a threefold Sun, with rich encrease,
Make proud the Ruby portalls of the East
He saw the Temple sacred to sweet Peace,
Adore her Princes Birth, flat on her Brest
He saw the falling Idolls, all confesse
A comming Deity He saw the Nest
Of pois'nous and unnaturall loves, Earth-nurst,
Toucht with the worlds true Antidote to burst.

17

He saw Heav'n blossome with a new-borne light,
On which, as on a glorious stranger gaz'd
The Golden eyes of Night whose Beame made bright
The way to Beth'lem, and as boldly blaz'd,
(Nor askt leave of the Sun) by Day as Night
By whom (as Heav'ns illustrious Hand-maid) rais'd
Three Kings (or what is more) three Wise men went
Westward to find the worlds true Orient

т8

Strucke with these great concurrences of things,
Symptomes so deadly, unto Death and him,
Faine would he have forgot what fatall strings,
Eternally bind each rebellious limbe
He shooke himselfe, and spread his spatious wings
Which like two Bosom'd sailes embrace the dimme
Aire, with a dismall shade, but all in vaine,
Of sturdy Adamant is his strong chaine.

10

While thus Heav is highest counsails, by the low Foot steps of their Effects, he trac d too well, He tost his troubled eyes, Embers that glow Now with new Rage, and wax too hot for Hell With his foule clawes he fenc d his furrowed Brow, And gave a gastly shreeke, whose horrid yell Ran trembling through the hollow vaults of Night,

Ran trembling through the hollow vaults of Night. The while his twisted Tayle he graw d for spight

20

Yet on the other side, faine would he start Above his feares, and thinke it cannot be He studies Scripture, strives to sound the heart, And feele the pulse of every Prophecy He knows (but knowes not how, or by what Art) The Heav n expecting Ages hope to see

A mighty Babe, whose pure, unspotted Birth, From a chast Virgin wombe, should blesse the Earth

21

But these vast Mystenes his senses smother, And Reason (for what's Faith to him?) devoure How she that is a maid should prove a Mother, Yet keepe involate her virgin flower How Gods eternall Sonne should be mans Brother, Poseth his proudest Intellectuall power How a pure Spirit should incarnate bee And life it selfe weare Deaths fraile Livery

2.2

That the Great Angell blinding light should shrinke His blaze, to shine in a poore Shepherds eye That the unmeasurd God so low should sinke, As Pris ner in a few poore Rags to lye That from his Mothers Brest he milke should drinke Who feeds with Nectar Heav in faire family That a vile Manger his low Bed should prove, Who in a Throne of stars Thunders above.

23

That he whom the Sun serves, should faintly peepe Through clouds of Infant flesh that he the old Eternall Word should be a Child, and weepe That he who made the fire, should feare the cold, That Heav'ns high Majesty his Court should keepe In a clay cottage, by each blast control'd

That Glories self should serve our Griefs, & feares And free Eternity, submit to yeares

24.

And further, that the Lawes eternall Giver,
Should bleed in his owne lawes obedience
And to the circumcising Knife deliver
Himselfe, the forfet of his slaves offence
That the unblemisht Lambe, blessed for ever,
Should take the marke of sin, and paine of sence
These are the knotty Riddles, whose darke doubt
Intangles his lost Thoughts, past getting out

25.

While new Thoughts boyl'd in his enraged Brest,
His gloomy Bosomes darkest Character,
Was in his shady forehead seen exprest
The forehead's shade in Griefes expression there,
Is what in signe of joy among the blest
The faces lightning, or a smile is here
Those stings of care that his strong Heart opprest,
A desperate, Oh mee, drew from his deepe Brest

26

Oh mee! (thus bellow'd he) oh mee! what great
Portents before mine eyes their Powers advance?
And serves my purer sight, onely to beat
Downe my proud Thought, and leave it in a Trance?
Frowne I, and can great Nature keep her seat?
And the gay starrs lead on their Golden dance?
Can his attempts above still prosp'rous be,

Auspicious still, in spight of Hell and me?

96

27

Hee has my Heaven (what would he more?) whose bright And radiant Scepter this bold hand should beare And for the never fading fields of Light, My faire Inheritance, he confines me here, To this darke House of shades, horrour, and Night, To draw a long liv d Death, where all my cheere Is the solemnity my sorrow weares, That Mankinds Torment waits upon my Teares

28

Darke, dusky Man, he needs would single forth,
To make the partner of his owne pure ray
And should we Powers of Heav n Spirits of worth,
Bow our bright Heads, before a king of clay?
It shall not be, said I, and clombe the North,
Where never wing of Angell yet made way
What though I mist my blow? yet I strooke high,
And to dare something, is some victory

29

Is he not satisfied? meanes he to wrest
Hell from me too, and sack my Territories?
Vile humane Nature means he not t invest
(O my despight!) with his divinest Glories?
And rising with rich spoiles upon his Brest,
With his faire Triumphs fill all future stories?
Must the bright armes of Heav n, rebuke these eyes?
Mocke me, and dazle my darke Mysteries?

30

Art thou not Lucsfer? he to whom the droves Of Stars, that gild the Morne in charge were given? The nimblest of the lightning winged Loves? The fairest, and the first borne smile of Heav n? Looke in what Pompe the Mistrisse Planet moves Rev rently circled by the lesser seaven, Such, and so rich, the flames that from thine eyes, Opprest the common people of the skyes

c

Ah wretch! what bootes thee to cast back thy eyes, Where dawning hope no beame of comfort showes? While the reflection of thy forepast joyes, Renders thee double to thy present woes Rather make up to thy new miseries, And meet the mischiefe that upon thee growes If Hell must mourne, Heav'n sure shall sympathize, What force cannot effect, fraud shall devise

32.

And yet whose force feare I? have I so lost My selfe? my strength too with my innocence? Come try who dares, Heav'n, Earth, what ere dost boast, A borrowed being, make thy bold defence Come thy Creator too, what though it cost Me yet a second fall? wee 'd try our strengths Heav'n saw us struggle once, as brave a fight Earth now should see, and tremble at the sight

33

Thus spoke th' impatient Prince, and made a pause, His foule Hags rais'd their heads, & clapt their hands And all the Powers of Hell in full applause Flourisht their Snakes, and tost their flaming brands We (said the horrid sisters) wait thy lawes, Th' obsequious handmaids of thy high commands Be it thy part, Hells mighty Lord, to lay On us thy dread commands, ours to obey

34

What thy Alecto, what these hands can doe, Thou mad'st bold proofe upon the brow of Heav'n, Nor should'st thou bate in pride, because that now, To these thy sooty Kingdomes thou art driven Let Heav'ns Lord chide above lowder than thou In language of his Thunder, thou art even With him below here thou art Lord alone

Boundlesse and absolute Hell is thine owne.

35

If usuall wit, and strength will doe no good, Vertues of stones, nor herbes—u.e. stronger charmes, Anger, and love, best hookes of humane blood— If all faile wee I put on our proudest Armes And pouring on Heavins face the Seas huge flood Quench his curl d fires, wee I wake with our Alarmes Ruine, where e re she leepes at Natures feet, And crush the world till his wide corners meet

36

Reply d the proud King, O my Crownes Defence, Stay of my strong hopes you of whose brave worth, The finghted stars tooke faint experience. When gainst the I hunders mouth we marched forth Still you are prodigall of your I over expence. In our great projects both gainst Heavin and Larth I thanke you all, but one must single out, Cruelty, she alone shall cure my doubt.

37

Fourth of the cursed knot of Hags is shee,
Or rather all the other three in one
Hells shop of slaughter shee do s oversee,
And still assist the Execution
But chiefly there do s she delight to be,
Where Hells capacious Couldron is set on
And while the black soules boile in their own gore,
To hold them down, and looke that none seeth o re

38

Three howld the Caves of Night, and three the sound, Thundring upon the bankes of those black lakes Rung through the hollow vaults of Hell profound At last her listing Eares the noise or e takes, She lifts her sooty lampes, and looking round, A gen rall hisse from the whole Tire of synkes Rebounding, through Hells immost Cavernes came In answer to her formulable Name.

39

'Mongst all the Palaces in Hells command,
No one so mercilesse as this of hers
The Adamantine Doois, for ever stand
Impenetrable, both to prai'rs and Tcaies,
The walls inexorable steele, no hand
Of Time, or Teeth of hungry Ruim feares.
Their ugly ornaments are the bloody staines,
Of lagged limbs, torne sculls, & dasht out Braines

40

There has the purple Vengeance a proud seat,
Whose ever-biandisht Sword is sheath'd in blood
About her Hate, Wrath, Warre, and Slaughter sweat,
Bathing their hot limbs in life's pretious flood
There rude impetuous Rage do's storme, and fret
And there, as Master of this murd'ring brood,
Swinging a huge Sith stands impartiall Death,
With endlesse businesse almost out of Breath

41

For hangings and for Curtaines, all along
The walls, (abominable ornaments!)
Are tooles of wrath, Anvills of Torments hung,
Fell Executioners of foule intents,
Nailes, hammers, hatchets sharpe, and halters strong,
Swords, Speares, with all the fatall Instruments
Of sin, and Death, twice dipt in the dire staines
Of brothers mutuall blood, and Fathers braines

42

The Tables furnisht with a cursed Feast,
Which Harpyes, with leane Famine feed upon,
Unfill'd for ever Here among the rest,
Inhumane Erisi-cthon too makes one,
Tantalus, Atreus, Progne, here are guests
Wolvish Lycaon here a place hath won
The cup they drinke in is Medusa's scull,
Which mixt with gall & blood they quaffe brim full

43

The foule Queens most abhorred Maids of Honour Medea, Jezabell, many a meager Witch, With Circe, Scylla, stand to wait upon her But her best huswifes are the Parce, which Still worke for her, and have their wages from her They prick a bleeding heart at every stitch

Her cruell cloathes of costly threds they weave, Which short cut lives of murdred Infants leave

44

The house is hers d about with a black wood, Which nods with many a heavy headed tree Each flowers a pregnant poyson, try d and good, Each herbe a Plague The winds sighes timed bee By a black Fount, which weeps into a flood Through the thick shades obscurely might you see Minitaurie, Ozlobjes, with a darke drove Of Dragons, Hidraes, Sphinses, fill the Grove

45

Here Diomed's Horses, Phereus dogs appeare,
With the fierce Lyons of Therodomas
Busturs has his bloody Altar here,
Here Silla his severest prison has
The Leitrigonians here their Table reare
Here strong Proeruster Plants his Bed of Brasse
Here cruell Serron boasts his bloody rockes,
And hatefull Schinis his so feared Oakes

46

What ever Schemes of Blood, fantastick frames Of Death Mezentus, or Gerjon drew Phalaris, Odus Ezelinus, names Mighty in mischiefe, with dread Nero too Here are they ill Here all the swords or flames Assyrian Tyrants or Egiptian knew Such was the House, so furnisht was the Hall, Whence the fourth Fury, answerd Phutos call

47

Scarce to this Monster could the shady King,
The horrid summe of his intentions tell,
But shee (swift as the momentary wing
Of lightning, or the words he spoke) left Hell
She rose, and with her to our world did bring,
Pale proofe of her fell presence, Th' aire too well
With a chang'd countenance witnest the sight,
And poore fowles intercepted in their flight.

48.

Heav'n saw her rise, and saw Hell in the sight The field's faire Eyes saw her, and saw no more, But shut their flowry lids, for ever Night, And Winter strow her way, yea, such a sore Is she to Nature, that a generall fright, An universall palsie spreading o're

The face of things, from her dire eyes had run, Had not her thick Snakes hid them from the Sun

49.

Now had the Night's companion from her den, Where all the busie day she close doth ly, With her soft wing wipt from the browes of men Day's sweat, and by a gentle Tyranny, And sweet oppression, kindly cheating them Of all their cares, tam'd the rebellious eye Of sorrow, with a soft and downy hand, Sealing all brests in a Lethean band

50.

When the Erinnys her black pineons spread,
And came to Bethlem, where the cruell King
Had now retyr'd himselfe, and borrowed
His Brest a while from care's unquiet sting,
Such as at Thebes dire feast she shew'd her head,
Her sulphur-breathed Torches brandishing,
Such to the frighted Palace now she comes,
And with soft feet searches the silent roomes

51

By Hered now was borne The Scepter, which of old great David swaid Whose right by David s image so long worne, Himselfe a stranger to, his owne had made And from the head of Judabs house quite torne The Crowne, for which upon their necks he laid A sad yoake, under which they sigh d in vaine, And looking on their lost state sigh d againe

52

Up, through the spatious Pallace passed she,
To where the Kings proudly reposed head
(If any can be soft to Tyrann)
And selfe tormenting sin) had a soft bed
She thinkes not fit such he her face should see,
As it is seene by Hell and seen with dread
To change her faces stile she doth devise,
And in a pale Ghost's shape to spare his Eyes

53

Her selfe a while she layes aside, and makes
Ready to personate a mortall part
Foseph the Kings dead Brothers shape she takes
What he by Nature was, is she by Art
She comes toth' King and with her cold hand slakes
His Spirits, the Sparkes of Life, and chills his heart,
Lifes forge fain d is her voice and false too, be
Her words sleep st thou fond man' sleep st thou' said she

54

So sleeps a Pilot, whose poore Barke is prest
With many a mercylesse o re mastring wave
For whom (as dead) the wrathfull winds contest,
Which of them deep st shall digge her watry Grave
Why dost thou let thy brave soule lye supprest
In Death like slumbers while thy dangers crave
A waking eye and hand? looke up and see

The fates ripe, in their great conspiracy

55

Know'st thou not how of th' Hebrewes royall stemme (That old dry stocke) a despair'd branch is sprung A most strange Babe! who here conceal'd by them In a neglected stable lies, among Beasts and base straw Already is the streame Quite turn'd th' ingratefull Rebells this their young Master (with voyce free as the Trumpe of Fame) Their new King, and thy Successour proclame

56.

What busy motions, what wild Engines stand
On tiptoe in their giddy Braynes? th' have fire
Already in their Bosomes, and their hand
Already reaches at a sword, They hire
Poysons to speed thee, yet through all the Land
What one comes to reveale what they conspire?
Goe now, make much of these, wage still their wars
And bring home on thy Brest more thanklesse scarrs

57

Why did I spend my life, and spill my Blood,
That thy firme hand for ever might sustaine
A well-pois'd Scepter? does it now seeme good
Thy brothers blood be-spilt, life spent in vaine?
'Gainst thy owne sons and Biotheis thou hast stood
In Armes, when lesser cause was to complaine
And now crosse Fates a watch about thee keepe,
Can'st thou be carelesse now? now can'st thou sleep?

58

Where art thou man? what cowardly mistake
Of thy great selfe, hath stolne King Herod from thee?
O call thy selfe home to thy self, wake, wake,
And fence the hanging sword Heav'n throws upon thee
Redeeme a worthy wrath rouse thee, and shake
Thy selfe into a shape that may become thee
Be Herod, and thou shalt not misse from mee

Immortall stings to thy great thoughts, and thee

59

So said her richest snake, which to her wrist For a beseeming bracelet she had ty d (A speciall Worme it was as ever kist The foamy lips of Cerberus) she apply d To the Kings Heart, the Snake no sooner hist, But vertue heard it, and away she hy d,

Dire flames diffuse themselves through every veine, This done, Home to her Hell she hy d amaine

60

He wakes, and with him (ne re to sleepe) new feares His Sweat bedewed Bed hath now betraid him, To a vast field of thornes, ten thousand Speares All pointed in his heart seem d to invade him So mighty were th amazing Characters With which his feeling Dreame had thus dismay d him, He his owne fancy framed foes defies

He his owne fanc; framed foes defies In rage, My armes, give me my armes, he cryes

61

As when a Pile of food preparing fire,
The breath of artificiall lungs embraves
The Caldron prison d waters streight conspire
And beat the hot Brasse with rebellious waves
He murmurs, and rebukes their bold desire
The impatient liquor frets, and foames and raves

Till his ore flowing pride suppresse the flame, Whence all his high spirits, and hot courage came

62

So boyles the fired Herods blood swolne brest, Not to be slakt but by a Sea of blood His fathlesse Crowne he feeles loose on his Crest Which on false Tyrants head ne re firmely stood The worme of jealous envy and unrest To which his gnaw d heart is the growing food Makes him impatient of the lunguing light

Makes him impatient of the lingring light Hate the sweet peace of all-composing Night

63

A Thousand Prophecies that talke strange things,
Had sowne of old these doubts in his deepe brest.
And now of late came tributary Kings,
Bringing him nothing but new feares from th' East,
More deepe suspicions, and more deadly stings,
With which his feav'rous cares their cold increast
And now his dream (Hels firebrand) stil more bright,
Shew'd him his feares, and kill'd him with the sight

64.

No sooner therefore shall the Morning see
(Night hangs yet heavy on the lids of Day)
But all his Counsellours must summon'd bee,
To meet their troubled Lord Without delay
Heralds and Messengers immediately
Are sent about, who poasting every way
To th'heads and Officers of every band,
Declare who sends, and what is his command

65

Why art thou troubled *Herod*? what vaine feare Thy blood-revolving Brest to rage doth move? Heavens King, who doffs himselfe weak flesh to weare, Comes not to rule in wrath, but serve in love Nor would he this thy fear'd Crown from thee Teare, But give thee a better with himselfe above Poore jealousie! why should he wish to prey Upon thy Crowne, who gives his owne away?

66

Make to thy reason man, and mock thy doubts,
Looke how below thy feares their causes are,
Thou art a Souldier Herod, send thy Scouts,
See how hee's furnish't for so fear'd a warre?
What armour does he weare? A few thin clouts
His Trumpets? tender cries, his men to dare
So much? rude Shepheards, What his steeds? Alas
Poore [Beasts]! a slow Oxe, and a simple Asse

Il fine del primo Libro

Votiva Domus Petrensis Pro Domo Dei

U T magis in Mundi votis, Aviumg querelis Jam veniens solet esse Dies, ubi cuspide primâ Palpitat, & roseo Lux prævia ludit ab ortu Cum nee abest Phoebus, nee Eois lætus babenis Totus adest, voluerlung procul vaga murmura mulcet

Nos ita quos nuper radiis affiavit honestis Relligiosa Dies, nostrig per atria Cæli (Sacra Domus nostrum est Cœlum) jam luce tenellà Libat adhuc trepidæ Fax nondum firma Diel Nos ita jam exercet numi impatientia Voti, Spég sui propiore premit

Ques petiora tanti
Tendit amor Cæpti! Desiderio quam longo
Lentre spes inhiant! Domus o duktisima rerum!
Plena Deo Domus! Ab, Quis enti Quis (dicimus) Ille,
(O Bonus, o Ingens meritis, o Praximus ipsi,
Quem vecat in sua Dona, Deo!) quo vindice totas
Excuttant Tenebras hee Sancta Crepuscula?

Quando,

Quando erit, ut tremulæ Flos beu tener ille Diei, Qui velut ex Oriente suo jam Altaria circum Lambit, & ambiguo nobis procul annuit astro, Plenis se pandat folis, & Lampade tota Leetus (ut è medio cum Sol micat aureus axe) Attonitam penetrare Domum bene possit adulto Sidere, nec dubio Pia Moenia mulecat ore? Quando erit, ut Convexa suo quaque pulchra sereno Florescant, roseòg tremant Laquearia risu? Quæ nimium informis tanq[u]am sibi conscia frontis Perpetuis jam se histrant lacry manta guttis

Quando erst, ut claris meliori luce Fenestris Plurima per vitreos vivat Pia Pagina vultus?

Quando erit, ut Sacrum nobis celebrantibus Hymnum Organicos facili, & nunquam fallente susurro Nobile mui mur agat nervos pulmonis iniqui Fistula ne monitus nee faciat male fida sinistros?

Denique, quicquid id est, quod Res hîc Sacra requirit, Favsta illa, & felix (sitá ô Tua) Dextia, suam cui Debeat hæc Auioia Diem Tibi supplicat Ipsa, Ipsa Tibi facit Ara preces. Tu jam Illius audi, Audiet Illa tuas Dubium est (modò poi rige dextram) Des magls, an capias aude tantim esse beatus, Et danum hoc luci ar e Tibi.

Scis Ipse volucies

Quæ Rota volvat opes, has ergò hîc fige perennis Fundamenta Domîs Petrensi in Rupe, suâmá Fortunæ sic deme Rotam. Scis Ipse procaces Divitias quâm prona vagos vehat ala per Euros, Divitiis illas, agè, deme volucribus alas, Fácá suus Nostras illis sit nidus ad Aras Remigii ut tandem pennas melioris adeptæ, Se rapiant Dominumq, suum super æthera secum

Felix ô qui sic potuit bene providus uti
Proveib 23 5 Fortunæ pennis & opum levitate suarum,
Devitilsque suis Aquilæ sic addidit Alas

In cæterorum Operum difficili

Parturitione GEMITUS

Felix nimis Illa, & noitre nobile Nomen Invidue Volucris! facili q[u]ae funere surgens Mater edvra sui nitudu nova fila juventre, Et festinatos peragii sibi fata per ignes Illa, haud natales tot tardis mensibus biras Tam miseris tenuata moris, salutu volut uno In nova stela rapit seia, & caput omne deceras Explicat in frondes, roselg repullulat ortu Cinnames simul Illa rojos consenderst, omnem Lata bibit Phoebum, & jari jam victiricibus alis Plaudit bumum, Cineresque suos

Heu dispare Fato

Nos ferimur, Seniorá suo sub Apolline Phenix
Petrensis Mater, dubias librata per auras
Petrensis Mater, dubias librata per auras
Petrensis Mater, dubias librata per auras
Petrensis mater la sum su su ponat inertes
Exuvias, spolitig sua Repartia Senecte
Ore Pari surgat Similig per omnia Vultu
At nunc beu nixu sech milioris in ipso
Deliquium patitur!—
At nunc beu Lentæ longo in molimine Vitæ
Interea moritur! Dubio stant Mænia vultu
Parte sui Pulchra, & fratres in fadera Muros
Invitant fr[u]itra, nec respondentia Saxis
Saxa suis Mærent Opera intermissa, manusq
Implorant

Succurre Piæ, succurre Parenti,

O Quisquis pius es Illi succurre Parenti,
Quam sibi tot sanctie Matres babuere Parentem
Quisquis es o Tibi, crede Tibi tot hiantia ruptis
Mæmibus Ora loqui! Matrem Tibi, crede, verendam
Muros tam longo laceros senog situque
Ceu Canos monitrare suos Succurre roganti
Per Tibi Plena olim, per jam Sibi Sicca precatui
Ubera, ne desis Senio Sie longa Juventus
Te foveat, querulæ munquam cessura Senectæ

On M: George Herberts booke intituled the Temple of Sacred Poems, sent to a Gentle-woman.

> Now you faire on what you looke, Divinest love lyes in this booke Expecting fier from your eyes, To kindle this his sacrifice When your hands until these strings, Think yo'have an Angell by the wings. One that gladly will be nigh, To waite upon each morning sigh. To flutter in the balmy aire, Of your well-perfumed praier, These white plumes of his hee'l lend you, Which every day to heaven will send you To take acquaintance of the spheare, And all the smooth-fac'd kindred there And though Herbert's name doe owe These devotions, fairest, know That while I lay them on the shrine

Of your white hand, they are mine.

On a treatise of Charity

R Ise then, immortall maid! Religion rise!
Put on thy self in thine owne lookes t our eyes Be what thy beauties, not our blots have made thee, Such as (ere our darke sinnes to dust betrayed thee) Heav n set thee down new drest when thy bright birth Shot thee like lightning to the astonisht earth From th dawn of thy faire eye lids wipe away, Dull mists, and melancholy clouds, take day And thine owne beames about thee, bring the best Of what so ere perfum d thy Eastern Nest Girt all thy glories to thee then sit down, Open thy booke, faire Queen, and take thy crowne These learned leaves shall vindicate to thee. Thy holiest, humblest, hand maid Charitie She I dresse thee like thy self, set thee on high, Where thou shall reach all hearts, command each eye, Lo where I see thy off rings wake, and rise, From the pale dust of that strange sacrifice Which they themselves were each one putting on A majestie that may be eeme thy throne The Holy youth of Heav n whose golden rings Girt round thy awfull altars, with bright wings Fanning thy faire locks (which the world beleeves, As much as sees) shall with these sacred leaves Trick their tall plumes, and in that garbe shall go, If not more glorious, more conspicuous tho Be it enacted then

By the faire lawes of thy firm pointed pen, God's services no longer shall put on A thattishnesse, for pure religion.

No longer shall our Churches frighted stones. Lie scatter d like the burnt and martyr d bones. Of dead Devotton nor faint marbles weep. In their sad ruines nor Religion keep. In their sad ruines nor Religion keep. A melancholy mansion in those cold.

Urns Like God's Sanctuaries they look t of old.

Now seeme they Temples consecrate to none, Or to a new God desolation No more the Hypocrite shall th' upright bee Because he's stiffe, and will confesse no knee While others bend their knee, no more shalt thou (Disdainefull dust and ashes) bend thy brow, Nor on God's Altar cast two scortching eyes Bak't in hot scorn, for a burnt sacrifice But (for a Lambe) thy tame and tender heart New struck by love, still trembling on his dart, Or (for two Turtle Doves) it shall suffice To bring a paire of meek and humble eyes This shall from henceforth be the masculine theme Pulpits and pens shall sweat in, to redeeme Veitue to action, that life-feeding flame That keepes Religion warme, not swell a name Of faith, a mountaine word, made up of aire, With those deare spoiles that wont to dresse the faire And fruitfull Charities full breasts (of old) Turning her out to tremble in the cold What can the poore hope from us, when we bee Uncharitable ev'n to Charitie?

Fides qua sola justificat, non est sine Spe & Dilectione

Am neg tam sola est O quis male censor amarus Tam so las negat in mutua sceptra manus? Deme Fidem nec aget, nec erit iam nomen Amoris Et vel erit, vel aget quid sine Amore Tides? Ergo Amor, I, morere, I magnas, Puer alme, per umbras Elvsus non tam numen inane locis O bene, quòd pharetra boc saltem tua præstat & arcus, Ne tibi in extremos sit pyra nulla rogos! O bene, and thus has salten tibe providet ignis. In tu aquas possis funera ferre, faces! Durus es, ab, quisquis tam dulcia vincula solvis Quæ ligat, & quibus est tose ligatus Amor O bene junctarum divortia sæva sororum, Tam penstus mixtas quæ tenuere manus! Nam quæ (tam varia) in tam mutua viscera vivunt? Aut ubi, quæ duo sunt, tam prope sunt eadem? Alternis sese circum amplectuntur in ulnis Extraque & supra, subter & intus eunt Non tam Nympha tenax, Baccho jam mista marito, Abdidit in liquidos mascula vina sinus Compare 1am dempto saltem sua murmura servat Turtur, & in viduos vivit amara riodos At Fider sit demptus Amor non illa dolebit, Non erit impatiens, ægraque jam moritur Palma, marem cus tristis brems procul abstulit umbram. Protinus in viridem procubuit faciem? Undique circumfert caput omnibus annuit Euris Siqua maritalem misceat aura comam Ab misera, expectat longum, lentlimque expirat, Et demum totis excutitur foliis At sine Amore Fides, nec tantum vivere perstat Quo dici possit vel moritura Fides Mortua jam nunc est nisi demuni mortua non est Corporea hæc, animâ deficiente, domus

Corpore ab hoc Fider hanc animam si demis Amoris,

Jam tua sola quidem est, sed malè sola Fides

Hestore ab hoc, currus quem jam nunc sentit Achillis,

Hestora eum speres quem modò sensit herus?

Tristes exuvias, Oetær frusta furoris,

(Vanus) in Alcidæ nomen & asta vocas?

Vel satis in monstra hæc, plùs qùam Nemeæa, malorum

Hoc Fider torvum & triste cadaver erit?

Immo, Fidem usquè suos velut ipse Amor ardet amores,

Sic in Amore fidem comprobat ipsa Fides

ERGO

Illa Fides vacuâ quæ sola suber biet aulâ, Quam Spes desperet, quam nec amabit Amor, Sola Fides hæc, tam miserè, tam desolatè Sola, (quod ad nos est) sola sit usque licet A sociis quæ sola suis, à se quoque sola est. Quæ sibi tam nimia est, sit mihi nulla Fides

Baptismus non tollit futura peccata

Uisquis es ille tener modd quem tua* mater Achilles In Stygis æthereæ provida tinxit aquis, Sanus, sed non securus dimitteris illinc In nova non tutus vulnera vivis adbuc Mille patent aditus, & plus quam calce peterdus Ad nigri metues spicula mille dei Quòd si est vera salus, veterem meminisse salutem Si nempe boc verè est esse, fuisse pium Illa tibi veteres navis quæ vicerat Austros, Si manet in mediis usque superstes aquis Ac dum tu miseros in littore visis amicos. Et peccatorum triste sodalitium, Illa tibi interea tutis trabet otia velis. Expectans donec tu rediisse queas Quin igitur da vina, puer, da vivere vitæ Mitte suum senibus, mitte supercilium Donemus timidæ, o socii, sua frigora brumæ Æternæ teneant hic nova regna rosæ Ab non tam tetricos sic eluctabimur Euros Effractam non est sic revocare ratem

Has undas alus decet ergò extinguere in undis Naufragium hoc alio immergere naufragio Possit ut ille malis oculus modò naufragus undis, Jam lacrymis melius naufragus esse suis

* Ecclesia

FINIS

THE DELIGH'T'S

OF THE

MUSES.

OR,

Other Poems written on

severall occasions

By Richard Crashaw, sometimes of Pembroke Hall, and late Fellow of St Peters Colledge in Cambridge

Mart Die mihi quid melius desidiosus agas

LONDON,

Printed by TW for H Moseley, at the Princes Armes in S Pauls Church-yard, 1648 ~

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Musicks Duell

Of Noons high Glory, when hard by the streams Of Tiber on the sceane of a greene plat, Under protection of an Oake there sate A sweet Lutes master in whose gentle aires He lost the Dayes heat, and his owne hot cares

Close in the covert of the leaves there stood A Nightingale, come from the neighbouring wood (The sweet inhabitant of each glad Tree, Their Muse their Siren, harmlesse Syren she) There stood she listning, and did entertaine The Musicks soft report and mold the same In her owne murmures, that what ever mood His curious fingers lent her voyce made good The man perceiv d his Rivall and her Art. Dispos d to give the light foot Lady sport Awakes his Lute and gainst the fight to come Informes it, in a sweet Præludium Of closer straines, and ere the warre begin, He lightly skirmishes on every string Charg d with a flying touch and streightway she Carves out her dainty voyce as readily Into a thousand sweet distinguish d Tones, And reckons up in soft divisions, Outcke volumes of wild Notes to let him know By that shrill taste, she could do something too

His nimble hands instinct then taught each string A capring cheerefullnesse and made them sing To their owne dance now negligently rash He throwes his Arme, and with a long drawne dash Blends all together then distinctly tripps From this to that then quicke returning skipps And snatches this again, and pauses there Shee measures every measure, every where Meets art with art sometimes as if in doubt, Not perfect yet, and fearing to be out,

Trayles her plaine Ditty in one long-spun note, Through the sleeke passage of her open throat, A cleare unwrinckled song, then doth shee point it With tender accents, and severely joynt it By short diminutives, that being rear'd In controverting waibles evenly shar'd, With her sweet selfe shee wrangles Hee amazed That from so small a channell should be rais'd The torrent of a voyce, whose melody Could melt into such sweet variety, Straines higher yet, that tickled with rare art The tatling strings (each breathing in his part) Most kindly doe fall out, the grumbling Base In surly groans disdaines the Trebles Grace, The high-perch't treble chirps at this, and chides, Untill his finger (Moderatour) hides And closes the sweet quarrell, rowsing all Hoarce, shrill, at once, as when the Trumpets call Hot Mars to th'Harvest of Deaths field, and woo Mens hearts into their hands this lesson too Shee gives him back, her supple Biest thrills out Sharpe Aires, and staggers in a warbling doubt Of dallying sweetnesse, hovers o're her skill, And folds in wav'd notes with a trembling bill The plyant Series of her slippery song, Then starts shee suddenly into a Throng Of short thicke sobs, whose thundring volleyes float, And roule themselves over her lubrick throat In panting murmurs, still'd out of her Breast, That ever-bubling spring, the sugred Nest Of her delicious soule, that there does lye Bathing in streames of liquid Melodie, Musicks best seed-plot, where in ripen'd Aires A Golden-headed Harvest fairely reases His Honey-dropping tops, plow'd by her breath Which there reciprocally laboureth In that sweet soyle, it seemes a holy quire Founded to th' Name of great Apollo's lyre, Whose silver-roofe rings with the sprightly notes Of sweet-lipp'd Angell-Imps, that swill their throats

In creame of Morning Helicon and then Preferre soft Anthems to the Lares of men, To woo them from their Beds, still murmuring That men can sleepe while they their Mattens sing (Most divine service) whose so early lay, Prevents the Eye lidds of the blushing day! There you might heare her kindle her soft voyce, In the close murmur of a sparkling noyse, And lay the ground worke of her hopefull song, Still keeping in the forward streame, so long Till a sweet whirle wind (striving to get out) Heaves her soft Bosome wanders round about. And makes a pretty Earthquake in her Breast, Till the fledg d Notes at length forsake their Nest, Fluttering in wanton shoales and to the Sky Wing d with their owne wild Eccho's pratling fly Shee opes the floodgate, and lets loose a Tide Of streaming sweetnesse, which in state doth ride On the way d backe of every swelling straine, Rising and falling in a pompous traine And while she thus discharges a shrill peale Of flashing Aires she qualifies their zeale With the coole Epode of a graver Noat, Thus high, thus low, as if her silver throat Would reach the brasen voyce of war's hoarce Bird Her little soule is ravisht and so pour d Into loose extastes, that shee is plact Above her selfe, Musicks Enthusiast

Shame now and anger mixt a double staine
In the Musitians face yet once againe
(Mistresse) I come now reach a straine my Lute
Above her mocke, or he for ever mute
Or tune a song of victory to me,
Or to thy selfe, sing tinne owne Obsequie,
So said, his hands sprightly as fire he flings,
And with a quavering coynesse tasts the strings
The sweet lipt sisters musically frighted,
Singing their feares are fearefully delighted
Trembling as when Appello's golden haires
Are fand and frizled, in the wanton ayres

Of his own breath which mirried to he live Doth time the Stireres, and make Heaven selfe looke higher From this to that, from that to the he five. Feeles Musicks pulse in all her Afterye, Caught in a net which there Afrill spreads, His linguis struggle with the vocall threads, Following those little rills, he sinker into A Sea of Helicon, his hand doe goe Those parts of spectnesse which with Ne tar drop, Softer then that which pante in Herrs cup The humourous strings expound his learned touch, By various Glosses, now they seems to grutch, And murmur in a buzzing dinne, then gingle In shrill tongu'd accents striving to be single Every smooth turne, every delicious strode Gives life to some new Grace, thus doth h'invoke Sweetnesse by all her Names, thus, bravely thus (Fraught with a fury so hirmonious) The Lutes light Geneas now does proudly rise, ~ Heav'd on the surges of swolne Rapsodyes Whose flourish (Metcor-like) doth curle the airc With flash of high-borne fancyes—here and there Dancing in lofty measures, and anon Creeps on the soft touch of a tender tone Whose trembling murmurs melting in wild aircs Runs to and fro, complaining his sweet cares Because those pretious mysteryes that dwell, In musick's ravish't soule he dares not tell, But whisper to the world thus doe they vary Each string his Note, as if they meant to carry Their Masters blest soule (snatcht out at his Eares By a strong Extasy) through all the sphæares Of Musicks heaven, and scat it there on high In th' Empyræum of pure Harmony At length (after so long, so loud a strife Of all the strings, still breathing the best life Of blest variety attending on His fingers furest revolution In many a sweet rise, many as sweet a fall) A full-mouth Diapason swallowes all

This done, he lists what she would say to this, And she although her Breath's late exercise Had dealt too roughly with her tender throate, Yet summons all her sweet powers for a Noate Al's 'n vaine 'for while (sweet soule) she tryes To measure all those wild diversities Of chatt ring strings by the small size of one Poore simple voyce, rais d in a natural! Tone She failes, and failing grieves and grieving dyes She dyes and leaves her life the Victors prise, Falling upon his Lute of fit to have (That livd so sweetly) dead, so sweet a Grave!

Ad Reginam

T verò jam tempus erat tibi, maxima Mater,
Dulcibus his oculis accelerare diem Tempus erat, nè qua tibi basia blanda vacai ent, Sarcina ne collo sit minus apta tuo Scilicet ille tuus, timor & spes ille suorum, Quo primum es fælix pignore facta parens, Ille ferox iras jam nunc meditatur & enses, Fam patris magis est, jam magis ille suus Indoles O stemulos! Vix dum illi transiit infans, Jamque sibi impatiens arripit ille virum Improbus ille suis adeò negat ire sub annis Jam nondum puer est, major & est puero Si quis in aulæis pictas animatus in iras Stat leo, quem doctà cuspide lusit acus, Hostis (101) est, neg enim ille alium dignabitur bostem, Nempe decet tantas non minor ira manus. Tunc hastâ gravis adversum fuiit, hasta bacillum est Mox falsum vero vulnere pectus hiat Stat leo, ceu stupeat tali bene fixus ab hoste, Ceu quid in his oculis vel timeat vel amet, Tam torvum, tam dulce micant nescire fatetur Mars ne sub his oculis esset, an esset Amor Quippe illic Mars est, sed qui bene possit amari, Est & Amor certe, sed metuendus Amor Talis Amor, talis Mars est ibi ceinere, qualis Seu puer hic esset, sive vii ille deus Hic tibi jam scitus succedit in oscula fratris, Res (ecce 1) in lusus non operosa tuos Basia jam veniant tua quantacunque caterva, Jam quocunque tuus murmure ludat amor. En! Tibi materies tenera & tractabilis hic est Hic ad blanditias est tibi cera satis Salve infans, tot basiolis, molle argumentum, Maternis labiis dulce negotiolum, O salve! Nam te nato, puer auree, natus Et Carolo & Mariæ tertius est oculus

Out of Martiall

Poure Teeth thou had st that ranck d in goodly state Kept thy Mouthes Gate

The first blast of thy cough left two alone,
The second, none

This last cough Ælia, cought out all thy feare, Th hast left the third cough now no businesse here

Out of Virgil, In the praise of the Spring

ALL Trees, all leavy Groves confesse the Spring Their gentle friend, then, then the lands begin To swell with forward pride, and seed desire To generation, Heavens Almighty Sire Melts on the Bosome of his Love, and powres Himselfe into her lap in fruitfull showers. And by a soft insinuation, mixt With earths large Masse, doth cherish and assist Her weake conceptions, No lone shade, but rings With chatting Birds delicious murmurings Then Venus mild instinct (at set times) yields The Heids to kindly meetings, then the fields (Quick with warme Zephyres lively breath) lay forth Their pregnant Bosomes in a fragrant Birth Each body's plump and jucy, all things full Of supple moisture no coy twig but will Trust his beloved bosome to the Sun (Growne lusty now,) No Vine so weake and young That feares the foule-mouth'd Auster or those stormes That the Southwest-wind hurries in his Armes, But hasts her forward Blossomes, and layes out Freely layes out her leaves Nor doe I doubt But when the world first out of Chaos sprang So smil'd the Dayes, and so the tenor ran Of their felicity A spring was there, An everlasting spring, the jolly yeare Led round in his great circle, No winds Breath As then did smell of Winter, or of Death When Lifes sweet Light first shone on Beasts, and when From their hard Mother Earth, sprang hardy men, When Beasts tooke up their lodging in the Wood, Starres in their higher Chambers never cou'd The tender growth of things endure the sence Of such a change, but that the Heav'ns Indulgence Kindly supplyes sick Nature, and doth mold A sweetly temper'd meane, nor hot nor cold 126

With a Pisture sent to a Friend

I Paint so ill my peece had need to be Painted againe by some good Poesie I write so ill, my slender Line is scarce So much as th Picture of a well lim d verse Yet may the love I send be true, though I Send nor true Picture, nor true Poesie Both which away I should not need to feare, My Love, or Feign d or painted should appeare

The beginning of Helidorus

The smiling Morne had newly wakt the Day, And tipt the Mountaines with a tender ray When on a hill (whose high Imperious brow Lookes downe, and sees the humble Nile below Licke his proud feet, and histe into the seas Through the great mouth that's nam'd from Hercules) A band of men, rough as the Armes they wore Look t round, first to the sea, then to the shore The shore that shewed them what the sea denv d. Hope of a prey There to the maine land ty'd A ship they saw, no men she had, yet prest Appear d with other lading, for her brest Deep in the groaning waters wallowed Up to the third Ring ore the shore was spread Death's purple triumph, on the blushing ground Lifes late forsaken houses all lay drown d In their owne bloods deare deluge, some new dead, Some panting in their yet warme ruines bled While their affrighted soules now wing d for flight Lent them the last flash of her glimmering light Those yet fresh streames which crawled every where Shew d'that sterne warre had newly bath d him there Nor did the face of this disaster show Markes of a fight alone, but feasting too, A miserable and a monstruous feast, Where hungry warre had made himself a Guest And comming late had eat up Guests and all, Who prov d the feast to their owne funerall, &c

Out of the Greeke Cupid's Cryer.

Ove is lost, not can his Mother Her little fugitive discover She seekes, she sighes, but no where spycs him, Love is lost, and thus shee cryes him O yes! if any happy eye, This roaving wanton shall descry, Let the finder surely know Mine is the wagge, Tis I that owe The winged wand'rer, and that none May thinke his labour vainely gone, The glad descryer shall not misse, To tast the Nectar of a kisse From Venus lipps, But as for him That brings him to me, he shall swim In riper joyes more shall be his (Venus assures him) than a kisse But lest your eye discerning slide, These markes may be your judgements guide, His skin as with a fiery blushing High-colour'd is, His eyes still flushing With nimble flames, and though his mind Be ne're so curst, his Tongue is kind For never were his words in ought Found the pure issue of his thought The working Bees soft melting Gold, That which their waxen Mines enfold, Flow not so sweet as doe the Tones Of his tun'd accents, but if once His anger kindle, presently It boyles out into cruelty, And fraud He makes poor mortalls hurts The objects of his cruell sports With dainty curles his froward face Is crown'd about, But ô what place, What farthest nooke of lowest Hell Feeles not the strength, the reaching spell

Of his small hand? Yet not so small As tis powerfull therewithall Though bare his skin, his mind he covers, And like a saucy Bird he hovers With wanton wing, now here, now there, Bout men and women, nor will spare Till at length he perching rest, In the closet of their brest His weapon is a little Bow. Yet such a one as (fove knows how) Ne re suffred, yet his little Arrow, Of Heavens high st Archies to fall narrow The Gold that on his Quiver smiles, Deceives mens feares with flattering wiles But o (too well my wounds can tell) With bitter shafts tis sauc t too well He is all cruell, cruell all. His Torch Imperious though but small Makes the Sunne (of flames the fire) Worse then Sun burnt in his fire Wheresoe re you chance to find him Ceasale him, bring him, (but first bind him) Pitty not him, but feare thy selfe Though thou see the crafty Elfe, Tell down his Silver drops unto thee, They r counterfeit, and will undoe thee With baited smiles if he display His fawning cheeks, looke not that way If he offer sugred kisses, Start, and say, The Serpent hisses Draw him, drag him, though he pray Wooe, intreat, and crying say Prethee, sweet now let me go, Here's my Quiver Shafts and Bow, I le give thee all, take all, take heed Lest his kindnesse make thee bleed What e re it be Love offers, still presume That though it shines, tis fire and will consume

On Nanus mounted upon an Ant.

I Igh mounted on an Ant Nanus the tall Was thrown alas, and got a deadly fall Under th'unruly Beasts proud feet he lies All torne, with much adoe yet e're he dyes, Hee straines these words, Base Envy, doe, laugh on Thus did I fall, and thus fell Phaethon

Upon Venus putting on Mars his Aimes.

Why art thou arm'd so desperately to day?

Mars thou hast beaten naked, and ô then

What need'st thou put on arms against poore men?

Upon the same

PAllas saw Venus arm'd, and streight she cry'd,
Come if thou dar'st, thus, thus let us be try'd
Why foole! saies Venus, thus provok'st thou mee,
That being nak't, thou know'st could conquer thee?

In Sefrenlissime Regina pafrtlum hyemalem

CErta, puer (quis nunc flores non præleat bortus?) Texe mibi facili pollice serta, puer Quid tu nescio quos narras mibi, stulte, Decembres? Quid mibi cum nivibus? da mibi serta, puer Nix? & byems? non est nostras quid tale per oras, Non est vel si sit, non tamen esse potest Ver agitur quæcunque trucem dat larva Decembrem, Quid fera cung fremant frigora, ver agitur Nonne vides quali se palmite regia vitis Prodit, & in sacris quæ sedet uva jugis? Tam lætis quæ bruma solet ridere racemis? Quas byemis pingit purpura tanta genas? O Maria O divum soboles, genitrixque Deorum! Siccine nostra tuus tempora ludus erunt? Siccine tu cum vere tuo nibil horrida brumæ Sydera, nil madidos sola morare notos? Siccine sub media poterunt tua surgere bruma, Atque suas solum lilia nosse nives? Ergò vel invitis nivibus, frendentibus Austris, Nostra novis poterunt regna tumere rosis? O bona turbatrix anni, quæ limite noto Tempora sub signis non sinis tre suis! O pia predatrix byemis, quæ tristia mundi Murmura tam dulci sub ditione tenes! Perge precor nostris vim pulchram ferre Calendis Perge precor menses sic numerare tuos Perge intempestiva atg importuna videri Ing uteri titulos sic rape cuncta tui Sit nobis, sit sæpe hyemes sic cernere nostras Exhæredatas floribus ire tuis Sape sit has vernas hyemes Maiosá Decembres, Has per te roseas sæpe videre nives Altera gens varium per sydera computet annum, Atq suos ducant per vaga signa dies Nos deceat nimiis tantum permittere nimbis? Tempora tam tetricas ferre Britanna vices? Quin nostrum tibi nos omnem donabimus annum

1

In partus omnem expende, Maria, tuos

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Sit tuus ille uterus nostri bonus arbiter anni
Tempus & in titulos ti anseat omne tuos
Nam quæ alia indueret tam dulcia nomina mensis?
Aut quâ tam posset candidus ire togâ?
Hanc laurum Janus sibi vertice vellet utrog,
Hanc sibi vel tota Chloride Maius emet
Tota suam (vere expulso) respublica florum
Reginam cuperent te, sobolèmve tuam
O bona sors anni, cùm cuncti ex ordine menses
Hic mihi Carolides, hic Marianus erit!

Epitaphium in Dominum Herrisium

CIste te paulum (viator) ubi longum sisti Necesse erit, huc tempe properare te scias quocunque properas Moræ prætium erit Et Lacrimæ, Si jacere hic scias Gulielmum Splendidæ Herrisionum familiæ Splendor em maximum Quem cum talem vixisse intellexeris, Et vixisse tantum, Discas licet In quantas spes possit Assurgere mortalitas, De quantis cadere Quem {Infantem, Essexia Juvenem, Cantabrigia} vidit Senem, ah infælix utrag Quod non vidit. Collegii Christi Alumnus, Aulæ Pembrokianæ socius, Utriá, ingens amoris certamen fuit

Dance Dulers Lites elusit Deus, Euroue carlestis Collegii Curus semper Alumnus fuit socium fecit . Qui & spee Collegium fuit, In quo Musæ omnes & gratiæ. Nullibi magis sorores. Sub pracide religione In tenacissimum sodalitium coaluere Quem Poetica Poetam Potam Potam Potam Potam Potam Potam Potam Oratorem Philosophum Agnovere Christianum Omnes Poetica Mundum Spe Caclum Charitate Preximum Aumitate Seipsum Sub verna fronte senilis animus, Sub morum [f]acilitate, [s]everitas virtutis Sub plurima indole, pauci anni Sub majore modestia, maxima indoles adeo se occuluerune ut vitam eius Pulchram dixeris & pudicam dissimulationem Imo vero & morte. Ecce enim in ipso funere Dissimulari se passus est, Sub tantillo marmore tantum hospitem. Eo nimerum majore monumento quo minore tumulo Eo ipso die occubuit quo Ecclesia Anglica nec ad vesperas legit, Raptus est ne militia mutaret Intellectum ejus Scilicet Id Octobris, Anno Sal 1631

In Picturam Reverendissimi Episcopi, D Andrews.

Ec charta monstrat, Fama quem monstrat magis,
Sed & ipsa quem dum fama quem non monstrat satis,
Ille, ille solus totam implevit Tubam,
Tot ora solus domuit & famam quoque
Fecit modestam mentis igneæ pater
Agilig, radio Lucis æternæ vigil,
Per alta rerum pondera indomito Vagus
Cucurrit Animo, Quippe naturam ferox
Exhausit ipsam, mille Fætus artibus,
Et mille Linguis ipse se ingentes procul
Variavit omnes, fuitá, toti simul
Cognatus orbi sic sacium & solidum jubar
Saturumá, cælo pectus ad patrios Libens
Porrexit ignes hac eum (Lector) vides
Hac (ecce) charta O utinam & audires quoá

Upon Bishop Andrews PiEture before his Sermons.

This reverend shadow cast that setting Sun, Whose glorious course through our Horrizon run, Left the dimme face of this du[l]l Hemisphæare, All one great eye, all drown'd in one great Teare Whose faire illustrious soule, led his free thought Through Learnings Universe, and (vainly) sought Room for her spatious selfe, untill at length Shee found the way home, with an holy strength Snatch't her self hence to Heaven fill'd a bright place, 'Mongst those immortall fires, and on the face Of her great Maker fixt her flaming eye, There still to read true pure divinity And now that grave aspect hath deign'd to shrinke Into this lesse appearance, If you thinke, 'Tis but a dead face, art doth here bequeath Looke on the following leaves, and see him breath

Upon the Death of a Gentleman

Atthlesse and fond Mortality Who will ever credit thee? Fond and faithlesse thing that thus, In our best hopes beguilest us What a reckoning hast thou made, Of the hopes in him we laid? For Life by volumes lengthened, A Line or two, to speake him dead For the Laurell in his verse, The sullen Cypresse ore his Herse For a silver crowned Head, A durty pillow in Death's Bed For so deare, so deep a trust, Sad requitall, thus much dust ! Now though the blow that snatch him hence, Stopt the Mouth of Eloquence, Though shee be dumbe ere since his Death, Not us d to speake but in his Breath, Yet if at least shee not denyes, The sad language of our eyes, Wee are contented for then this Language none more fluent is Nothing speake our Griefe so well As to speak Nothing Come then tell Thy mind in Teares who ere Thou be, That owst a Name to misery Eyes are vocall, Teares have Tongues, And there be words not made with lungs Sententious showers, o let them fall, Their cadence is Rhetoricall Here's a Theame will drinke th expence, Of all thy watry Eloquence Weepe then, onely be exprest Thus much, Hee's Dead, and weep the rest

Upon the Death of Mr Herrys.

Plant of noble stemme, forward and faire, As ever whisper'd to the Morning Aire, Thriv'd in these happy Grounds, the Earth's just pride, Whose rising Glories made such haste to hide His head in Cloudes, as if in him alone Impatient Nature had taught motion To start from time, and cheerfully to fly Before, and seize upon Maturity Thus grew this gratious plant, in whose sweet shade, The Sunne himselfe oft wisht to sit, and made The Moining Muses perch like Birds, and sing Among his Branches yea, and vow'd to bring His owne delicious Phœnix from the blest Arabia, there to build her Virgin nest, To hatch her selfe in, 'mongst his leaves the Day Fresh from the Rosie East rejoyc't to play To them shee gave the first and fairest Beame That waited on her Birth she gave to them The purest Pearles, that wept her evening Death The balmy Zephirus got so sweet a Breath By often kissing them, and now begun Glad Time to ripen expectation The timorous Maiden-Blossomes on each Bough, Peept forth from their first blushes so that now A Thousand ruddy hopes smil'd in each Bud, And flatter'd every greedy eye that stood Fixt in Delight, as if already there Those rare fruits dangled, whence the Golden Yeare His crowne expected, when (ô Fate, ô Time That seldome lett'st a blushing youthfull Prime Hide his hot Beames in shade of silver Age, So rare is hoary vertue) the dire rage Of a mad storme these bloomy joyes all tore, Ravisht the Maiden Blossoms, and downe bore The trunke Yet in this Ground his pretious Root Still lives, which when weake Time shall be pour'd out

Into Eternity, and circular joyes
Dance in an endlesse round, again shall rise
The faire son of an ever-youthfull Spring,
To be a shade for Angels while they sing,
Meane while who e re thou art that passest here,
O doe thou water it with one kind Feare

In Lundem Scizon

Legit optime lace, Quem legere non sinit fiellus Ars nuper & natura, forma, vortusq, Emulatione fervidae, paciscuntur Probare in uno juvene quid quean omnes, Furer tanta terra nuper fuit litt Ergo bie ab ipso Judicem manent eælo

Upon the Death of the most desired M1. Herrys

Eath, what dost? ô hold thy Blow, What thou dost, thou dost not know Death thou must not here be cruell, This is Natures choycest Jewell This is hee in whose rare frame, Nature labour'd for a Name, And meant to leave his pretious feature, The patterne of a perfect Creature Joy of Goodnesse, Love of Art, Vertue weares him next her heart Him the Muses love to follow, Him they call their vice-Apollo Apollo golden though thou bee, Th'art not fairer then is hee Nor more lovely lift'st thy head, Blushing from thine Easterne Bed The Glories of thy Youth ne're knew, Brighter hopes then he can shew Why then should it e're be seen, That his should fade, while thine is Green? And wilt Thou, (ô cruell boast!) Put poore Nature to such cost? O 'twill undoe our common Mother, To be at charge of such another What? thinke we to no other end, Gracious Heavens do use to send Earth her best perfection, But to vanish and be gone? Therefore onely give to day, To morrow to be snatcht away? I've seen indeed the hopefull bud, Of a ruddy Rose that stood Blushing, to behold the Ray Of the new-saluted Day, (His tender toppe not fully spread) The sweet dash of a shower now shead,

Invited him no more to hide Within himselfe the purple pride Of his forward flower, when lo While he sweetly gan to show His swelling Gloryes, Auster spide him, Cruell Auster thither hi d him, And with the rush of one rude blast, Sham d not spitefully to wast All his leaves, so fresh, so sweet, And lay them trembling at his feet I ve seen the Mornings lovely Ray, Hover ore the new borne Day, With rosie wings so richly Bright, As if he scorn d to thinke of Night When a ruddy storme whose scoule Made Heavens radiant face looke foule, Call d for an untimely Night, To blot the newly blossom d Light But were the Roses blush so rare, Were the Mornings smile so faire As is he, nor cloud, nor wind But would be courteous, would be kind Spare him Death, & spare him then, Spare the sweetest among men Let not pitty with her leares, Acene such distance from thine Lares But o thou wilt not, canst not spare, Haste hath never time to heare Therefore if he needs must go, And the Fates will have it so, Softly may he be possest, Of his monumentall rest Safe, thou darke home of the dead, Safe ô hide his loved head For Pitties sake o hide him quite, From his Mother Natures sight Lest for Grieft his losse may move All her Births abortive prove

Another

IF ever Pitty were acquainted With sterne Death, if e're he fainted, Or forgot the cruell vigour Of an Adamantine rigour, Here, ô here we should have knowne it, Here or no where hee'd have showne it. For hee whose pretious memory, Bathes in Teares of every eye Hee to whom our sorrow brings, All the streames of all her springs Was so rich in Grace and Nature, In all the gifts that blesse a Creature, The fresh hopes of his lovely Youth, Flourisht in so faire a growth, So sweet the Temple was, that shrin'd The Sacred sweetnesse of his mind, That could the Fates know to relent, Could they know what mercy meant, Or had ever learnt to beare, The soft tincture of a Teare Teares would now have flow'd so deepe, As might have taught Griefe how to weepe Now all their steely operation, Would quite have lost the cruell fashion Sicknesse would have gladly been, Sick himselfe to have say'd him And his Feaver wish'd to prove, Burning onely in his Love Him when wrath it selfe had seen, Wrath its selfe had lost his spleen Grim Destruction here amaz'd, In stead of striking would have gaz'd Even the Iron-pointed pen, That notes the Tragick Doomes of men Wet with teares still'd from the eyes, Of the flinty Destinies,

Would have learn t a softer style. And have been ashim d to spoyle His lives sweet story, by the hast. Of a cruell stop ill plac t In the darke volume of our fate. Whence each leafe of Life bath date. Where in sad particulars, The totall summe of Man appeares And the short clause of mortall Breath. Bound in the period of Death. In all the Booke if any where Such a tearme as this, stare here Could have been found twould have been read. Writ in white Letters ore his head Or close unto his name annext, The faire glosse of a fairer Text In briefe, if any one were free, Hee was that one, and onely he But he, alas I even hee is dead, And our hopes faire harvest spread In the dust Pitty now spend All the teares that griefe can lend Sad mortality may hide In his ashes all her pride With this inscription ore his head All hope of never dying, here lyes dead

His Epitaph

Assenger who e're thou art, Stay a while, and let thy Heart Take acquaintance of this stone, Before thou passest further on This stone will tell thee that beneath, Is entomb'd the Crime of Death, The ripe endowments of whose mind Left his Yeares so much behind, That numbring of his vertues praise, Death lost the reckoning of his Dayes, And believing what they told, Imagin'd him exceeding old In him perfection did set forth The strength of her united worth Him his wisdomes pregnant growth Made so reverend, even in Youth, That in the Center of his brest (Sweet as is the Phænix nest) Every reconciled Grace Had their Generall meeting place In him Goodnesse joy'd to see Learning learne Humility The splendor of his Birth and Blood Was but the glosse of his owne Good The flourish of his sober Youth Was the Pride of Naked Truth In composure of his face, Liv'd a faire, but manly Grace His mouth was Rhetoricks best mold, His tongue the Touchstone of her Gold What word so e're his Breath kept warme, Was no word now but a charme For all persuasive Graces thence Suck't their sweetest Influence His vertue that within had root, Could not chuse but shine without And th'heart-bred lustre of his worth, At each corner peeping forth,

Pointed him out in all his wayes, Circled round in his owne Rayes That to his sweetnesse, all mens eyes Were vow d Loves flaming Sacrifice Him while fresh and fragrant Time

Him while fresh and fragrant Time Cherisht in his Golden Prime E re Hibe's hand had overlaid His smooth cheekes with a downy shade, The rush of Death's unruly wave, Swept him off into his Grave

Enough, now (if thou canst) passe on, For now (alas) not in this stone (Passenger who ere thou art) Is he entomb d, but in thy Heart

An Epstaph

Upon Doctor Brooke

A Brooke whose streame so greut, so good, Was lov d, was honour d, as a flood Whose Bankes the Muses dwelt upon, More than their owne Helcon, Here at length, hath gladly found A quiet passage under ground Meane while his loved bankes now dry, The Muses with their teares supply

Upon Fords two Tragedies

Loves Sacrifice

and

The Broken Heart

Thou cheat st us Ford, mak st one seeme two by Art What is Loves Sacrifice, but The broken Heart

On a foule Morning, being then to take a journey

W Here art thou Sol, while thus the blind fold Day Staggers out of the East, loses her way Stumbling on night? Rouze thee Illustrious Youth, And let no dull mists choake the Lights faire growth. Point here thy beames, ô glance on yonder flocks, And make their fleeces Golden as thy locks. Unfold thy faire front, and there shall appeare Full glory, flaming in her owne free spheare Gladnesse shall cloath the Earth, we will instile The face of things, an universall smile Say to the Sullen Morne, thou com'st to court her, And wilt command proud Zephirus to sport her With wanton gales his balmy breath shall licke The tender drops which tremble on her cheeke, Which rarified, and in a gentle raine On those delicious bankes distill'd againe, Shall rise in a sweet Harvest, which discloses To every blushing Bed of new-borne Roses. Hee'l fan her bright locks, teaching them to flow, And friske in curl'd Mæanders, Hee will throw A fragrant Breath suckt from the spicy nest O'th' pretious *Phænix*, warme upon her Breast. Hee with a dainty and soft hand will trim, And brush her Azure Mantle, which shall swim In silken Volumes, wheresoe're shee'l tread, Bright clouds like Golden fleeces shall be spread Rise then (faire blew-ey'd Maid) rise and discover Thy silver brow, and meet thy Golden lover. See how hee runs, with what a hasty flight, Into thy bosome, bath'd with liquid Light Fly, fly prophane fogs, farre hence fly away, Taint not the pure streames of the springing Day, With your dull influence, it is for you, To sit and scoule upon Nights heavy brow, Not on the fresh cheekes of the virgin Morne, Where nought but smiles, and ruddy joyes are woine. Fly then, and doe not thinke with her to stay, Let it suffice, shee'l weare no maske to day

Upon the faire Ethiopian sent to a Gentlewoman

O here the faire Charicha! in whom strove
So false a Fortune, and so true a Love
Now after all her toyles by Sea and Land,
O may she but arrive at your white hand,
Her hopes are crown d, onely she feares that than,
Shee shall appeare true Ethiopian

On Marriage

Would be married, but I de have no Wife, I would be married to a single Life

To the Morning

Satisfaction for sleepe

What succour can I hope the Muse will send Whose drowsinesse hath wrong'd the Muses friend? What hope Aurora to propitiate thee, Unlesse the Muse sing my Apologie?

O in that morning of my shame! when I Lay folded up in sleepes captivity, How at the sight did'st Thou draw back thine Eyes, Into thy modest veyle? how did'st thou rise Twice dy'd in thine own blushes, and did'st run To draw the Curtaines, and awake the Sun? Who rowzing his illustrious tiesses came, And seeing the loath'd object, hid for shame His head in thy faire Bosome, and still hides Mee from his Patronage, I pray, he chides And pointing to dull Morpheus, bids me take My owne Apollo, try if I can make His Lethe be my Helicon, and see If Morpheus have a Muse to wait on mee Hence 'tis my humble fancie findes no wings, No nimble rapture starts to Heaven and brings Enthusiasticke flames, such as can give Marrow to my plumpe Genius, make it live Drest in the glorious madnesse of a Muse, Whose feet can walke the milky way, and chuse Her starry Throne, whose holy heats can warme The grave, and hold up an exalted arme To lift me from my lazy Urne, to climbe Upon the stooping shoulders of old Time, And trace Eternity But all is dead, All these delicious hopes are buried In the deepe wrinckles of his angry brow, Where mercy cannot find them but ô thou

Bright Lady of the Morne, pitty doth Ive So warme in thy soft Brest it cannot dye Have mercy then, and when He next shall rise O meet the angry God, invade his Eves, And stroake his radiant Checkes one timely kisse Will kill his anger, and revive my blisse So to the treasure of thy pearly deau, Thrice will I pay three Teares, to show how true My griefe is, so my wakefull lay shall knocke At th Orientall Gates and duly mocke The early Larkes shrill Orizons, to be An Anthem at the Daves Nativitie And the same rosse finger d hand of thine, That shuts Nights dying eyes, shall open mine But thou, faint God of sleepe, forget that I Was ever known to be thy votary No more my pillow shall thine Altar be. Nor will I offer any more to thee My selfe a melting sacrifice, I me borne Againe a fresh Child of the Buxome Morne. Heire of the Suns first Beames why threat st thou so? Why dost thou shake thy leaden Scepter? goe, Bestow thy Poppy upon wakefull woe, Sicknesse, and sorrow, whose pale lidds ne re know Thy downie finger, dwell upon their I yes, Shut in their Teares. Shut out their miseries

Upon the Powder day

Ow fit our well rank d Feasts do follow!
All mischiefe comes after All Hallow

Loves Holoscope

Ove, brave Vertues younger Brother,

Erst hath made my Heart a Mother,

Shee consults the conscious Spheares,

To calculate her young sons yeares.

Shee askes if sad, or saving powers,

Gave Omen to his infant howers,

Shee askes each starre that then stood by,

If poore Love shall live or dy.

Ah my Heart, is that the way?

Are these the Beames that rule thy Day?

Thou know'st a Face in whose each looke,
Beauty layes ope Loves Fortune-booke,
On whose faire revolutions wait
The obsequious motions of Loves fate,
Ah my Heart, her eyes and shee,
Have taught thee new Astrologie
How e're Loves native houres were set,
What ever starry Synod met,
'Tis in the meicy of her eye,
If poore Love shall live or dye

If those sharpe Rayes putting on
Points of Death bid Love be gon,
(Though the Heavens in counsell sate,
To crowne an uncontrouled Fate,
Though their best Aspects twin'd upon
The kindest Constellation,
Cast amorous glances on his Birth,
And whisper'd the confederate Earth
To pave his pathes with all the good
That warms the Bed of youth and blood,)
Love ha's no plea against her eye,
Beauty frownes, and Love must dye.

But if her milder influence move,
And gild the hopes of humble Love
(Though heavens inauspicious eye
Lay blacke on Loves Nativitie,
Though every Diamond in Joves crowne
Fixt his forchead to a frowne,)
Her Eye a strong appeale can give,
Beauty smiles and Love shall live

O if Love shall live, o where,
But in her Lye, or in her Lare,
In her Brest, or in her Breath,
Shall I hide poore Love from Death?
For in the life ought else can give,
Love shall dye, although he live

Or if Love shall dye, ô where
But in her Eye, or in her Este,
In her Breath, or in her Breast,
Shall I Build his funerall Nest?
While Love shall thus entombed lye,
Love shall live, although he dye

Principi recèns natæ omen maternæ indolis

Resce, ô dulcibus imputanda Divis, O cresce, & propera, puella Princeps, In matris propera venire partis Et cum par breve fulminum mirorum, Illine Carolus, & Jacobus inde, In paties faciles subire famam, Ducent fata furoribus decoris, Cum terror sacer, Anglicia, magnum Murmur nominis increpabit omnem Late Bosporon, Ottomanicasque Non pieto quatiet tremore Lunas, Te tunc altera, nec timenda paci, Poscent pralia Tu potens pudici Vibratiix oculi, pios in hostes Latè dulcia fata dissipabis O cum flos tener ille, qui recenti Pressus sidere jam sub ora ludit, Olim fortion omne cuspidatos Evolvet latus aureum per ignes, Quig imbellis adhuc, adultus olim, Puris expatiabitui genaium Campis imperiosior Cupido, O quam certa superbiore penna Ibunt spicula, melleæque mortes, Exultantibus binc & inde turmis, Quoquò jusseris, impigi è volabunt! O quot corda calentium deorum De te vulnera delicata discent! O quot pectora Principum magistris Fient molle negotium sagittis Nam quæ non poteris per arma ferii, Cui matris sinus atque utrumque sidus Magnorum patet officina Amorum? Hinc sumas licet, ô puella Princeps, Quantacunque opus est tibi phaieti à. Centum sume Cupidines ab uno Matris lumine, Gratiasque centum, Et centum Veneres adhuc manebunt Centum mille Cupidines, manebunt Ter centum Veneresque Gratiæque Puro fonte superstites per ævum.

Out of the Italian

A Song

To thy Lover,
Deere, discover
That sweet blush of thine that shameth
(When those Roses
It discloses)
All the flowers that Nature nameth

In free Ayre,
Flow thy Haire
That no more Summers best dresses,
Bee beholden
For their Golden
Locks, to Phochus flaming Tresses

O deliver
Love bis Quiver,
From the Eyes he shoots his Arrowes,
Where Apollo
Cannot follow
Featherd with his Mothers Sparrowes

O envy not
(That we die not)
Those deere lips whose doore encloses
All the Graces
In their places,
Brother Pearles, and sister Roses

From these treasures
Of ripe pleasures
One bright smile to cleere the weather
Earth and Heaven
Thus made even,
Both will be good friends together

The aire does wook thee,
Winds cling to thee,
Might a word once flye from out thee,
Storme and Thunder
Would sit under,
And keepe silence round about thee

But if Natures
Common Creatures,
So deare Glories dare not borrow
Yet thy Beauty
Owes a Duty,
To my loving, lingring, sorrow

When to end mee
Death shall send mee
All his Terrors to affright mee
Thine eyes Graces
Gild their faces,
And those Terrors shall delight mee.

When my dying
Life is flying,
Those sweet Aires that often slew mee
Shall revive mee,
Or reprive mee,
And to many Deaths renew mee

Out of the Italian

Ove now no fire hath left him,
We two betwixt us have divided it
Your Eyes the Light hath reft him,
The heat commanding in my Heart doth sit
O't hat poore Love be not for ever spoyled,
Let my Heat to your Light be reconciled

So shall these flames, whose worth Now all obscured lyes, (Drest in those Beames) start forth And dance before your eyes

Or else partake my flames (I care not whither) And so in mutuall Names Of Love, burne both together

Out of the Italian

W Ould any one the true cause find How Love came nak t, a Boy, and blind? Tis this listning one day too long, To th Syrens in my Mistris Song, The extasie of a delight So much ore mastring all his might, To that one Sense made all else thrall, And so he lost his Clothes, eyes, heart and all

In faciem Augustiss Regis à morbillis integram.

Usa redit, vocat alma parens Academia. Noster
En redit, ore suo noster Apollo redit.
Vultus adhuc suus, & vultu sua purpura tantum
Vivit, & admixtas pergit amare nives
Tune illas violare genas? tune illa profanis,
Morbe ferox, tentas ire per ora notis?
Tu Phæbi faciem tentas, vanissime? Nostra
Nec Phæbe maculas novit habere suas
Ipsa sui vindex facies morbum indignatur,
Ipsa sedet radiis ô bene tuta suis
Quippe illîc deus est, cælumque & sanctius astrum,
Quippe sub his totus ridet Apollo genis
Quòd facie Rex tutus erat, quòd cætera tactus
Hinc hominem Rex est fassus, & inde deum.

[On the Frontispiece of Isancsons Chronologie explaned

I F with distinctive Eye, and Mind, you looke Upon the Front, you see more than one Booke Creation is Gods Boke, wherein he writ Each Creature, as a Letter filling it History is Creations Booke which showes To what effects the Series of it goes Chronologies the Booke of Historie, and beares The just account of Dayes, Moneths, and Yeares But Resurre Tion, in a Later Presse, And New Edition, is the summe of these The Language of these Bookes had all been one, Had not th Aspiring Tower of Babylon Confus d the l'ongues, and in a distance hurl d As farre the speech, as men, oth new filld world Set then your eyes in method, and behold Times embleme, Saturne, who, when store of Gold Coyn d the first age, Devour d that Birth he fear d Till History, Times eldest Child appear d And Phanix like, in spight of Saturnes rige, Forc d from her Ashes, Heyres in every age From th rising Sunne, obtaining by just Suit, A Springs Ingender, and an Autumnes Truit Who in those Volumes at her motion pend, Unto Creations Alpha doth extend Againe ascend, and view Chronology, By Optick Skill pulling farre History Neerer whose Hand the piercing Eagles Eye Strengthens, to bring remotest Objects nigh Under whose Feet, you see the Setting Sunne, From the darke Gnomon, ore her Volumes runne, Drown d in eternall night, never to rise, Till Resurrection show it to the eyes Of Earth-worne men and her shrill Trumpets sound Affright the Bones of Mortals from the ground The Columnes both are crown d with either Sphere, To show Chronology and History beare, No other Culmen than the double Art, Astronomy, Geography, impart]

Or Thus

I Et hoary Time's vast Bowels be the Grave To what his Bowels birth and being gave, Let Nature die, (Phænix-like) from death Revived Nature takes a second breath, If on Times right hand, sit faire Historie, If, from the seed of emptie Ruine, she Can raise so faire an Harvest Let Her be Ne're so farre distant, yet Chronologie (Sharp-sighted as the Eagles eye, that can Out-stare the broad-beam'd Dayes Meridian) Will have a Perspicill to find her out, And, through the Night of error and dark doubt, Discerne the Dawne of Truth's eternall ray, As when the rosie Morne budds into Day

Now that Time's Empire might be amply fill'd, Babells bold Artists strive (below) to build Ruine a Temple, on whose fruitfull fall History reares her Pyramids more tall Than were th'Ægyptian (by the life these give, Th'Egyptian Pyramids themselves must live) On these she lifts the World, and on their base Shewes the two termes and limits of Time's race That, the Creation is, the Judgement, this, That, the World's Morning, this her Midnight is

An Epitaph

Upon Mr Ashton a conformable Citizen

The modest front of this small floore, Beleeve me, Reader, can say more Than many a braver Marble can, Here lyes a truly honest man One whose Conscience was a thing, That troubled neither Church nor King One of those few that in this Towne, Honour all Preachers, heare their owne Sermons he heard, yet not so many As left no time to practise any He heard them reverendly, and then His practice preach d them ore agen His Parlour-Sermons rather were Those to the Eye, then to the Eare His prayers took their price and strength, Not from the lowdnesse, nor the length He was a Protestant at home, Not onely in despight of Rome He lov d his Father yet his zeale Tore not off his Mothers veile To th Church he did allow her Dresse, True Beauty, to true Holinesse Peace, which he lovd in Life, did lend Her hand to bring him to his end When age and death call d for the score, No surfets were to reckon for Death tore not (therefore) but sans strife Gently untwind his thread of Life What remaines then, but that Thou Write these lines, Reader, in thy Brow, And by his faire Examples light, Burne in thy Imitation bright So while these Lines can but bequeath A Life perhaps unto his Death His better Epitaph shall bee, His Life still kept alive in Thee

Rex Redux

Le redit, redit Hoc populi bona mui mui a volvunt,
Publicus hoc (audin'?) plausus ad astra refert Hoc omni sedet in vultu commune serenum, Omnibus hinc una est lætitiæ facies Rex noster, lux nostra redit, redeuntis ad ora Arridet totis Anglia lata genis Quisque suos oculos oculis accendit ab istis, Atque novum sacro sumit ab ore diem Forte roges tanto quæ digna pericula plausu Evadat Carolus, quæ mala, quosve metus. Anne pererrati malè fida volumina ponti Ausa illum terris penè negare suis Hospitis an nimii rursus sibi conscia, tellus Vix bene speratum reddat Ibera Caput Nil horum, nec enim male fida volumina ponti, Aut sacrum tellus vidit Ibera caput Verus amor tamen hæc sibi falsa pericula fingit. (Falsa peric'la solet fingere verus amor) At Carolo qui falsa timet, nec vera timeret (Vera peric'la solet temnere verus amor) Illi falsa timens, sibi vera pericula temnens, Non solum est fidus, sed quoque fortis amoi Interea nostri satis ille est causa trisumphi Et satis (ah!) nostri causa doloris erat Causa doloris erat Carolus, sospes licet esset, Anglia quòd saltem dicere posset, Abest Et satis est nostri Carolus nunc causa triumphi, Dicer e quòd saltem possumus, Ille redit

Out of Catullus

Come and let us inc.
Let us love and never feare, Ome and let us live my Deare, What the sowrest Fathers say Brightest Sol that dyes to day Lives againe as blith to morrow But if we darke sons of sorrow Set, ô then, how long a Night Shuts the Eyes of our short light ! Then let amorous kisses dwell On our lips begin and tell A thousand, and a Hundred score, An Hundred, and a Thousand more, Till another Thousand smother That, and that wipe offf another Thus at last when we have numbred Many a Thousand, many a Hundred, Weel confound the reckoning quite, And lose our selves in wild delight While our joyes so multiply, As shall mocke the envious eye

Ad Principem nondum natum

Ascere nunc o nunc! quid enim, puer alme, moraris?

Nulla tibi dederit dulior bora diem
Ergone tot tardos (o lente!) morabere menses?
Rex redit Ipse veni, & die bone, Gratus ades
Nam quid Ave nostrum? quid nostri verba triumphi?
Fogitu melius dixeris sita tuo
At maneas tamen & nobis nova causa triumphi
Sic demum fueris, nec nova causa tamen
Nam, quoties Garolo novus aut nova nascitur inf[a]ns,
Revera tottes Carolos tipse redit

Wishes.

To his (supposed) Mistresse.

W Ho ere she be, That not impossible she That shall command my heart and me,

Where ere she lye, Lock't up from mortall Eye, In shady leaves of Destiny,

Till that ripe Birth Of studied fate stand forth, And teach her faire steps to our Earth,

Till that Divine Idea, take a shrine Of Chrystall flesh, through which to shine,

Meet you her my wishes, Bespeake her to my blisses, And be ye call'd my absent kisses

I wish her Beauty,
That owes not all his Duty
To gaudy Tire, or glistring shoo-ty

Something more than Taffata or Tissew can, Or rampant feather, or rich fan

More than the spoyle Of shop, or silkewormes Toyle, Or a bought blush, or a set smile

A face thats best By its owne beauty drest, And can alone command the rest

A face made up, Out of no other shop Than what natures white hand sets ope

A cheeke where Youth, And Blood, with Pen of Truth Write, what the Reader sweetly ruth

A Cheeke where growes More than a Morning Rose Which to no Boxe his being owes

Lipps, where all Day A lovers kisse may play, Yet carry nothing thence away

Lookes that oppresse Their richest Tires, but dresse And cloath their simplest Nakednesse

Eyes, that displaces The Neighbour Diamond, and out faces That Sunshine, by their own sweet Graces

Tresses, that weare Jewells, but to declare How much themselves more pretious are

Whose native Ray, Can tame the wanton Day Of Gems, that in their bright shades play

Each Ruby there, Or Pearle that dare appeare, Be its own blush, be its own Teare

A well tam d Heart For whose more noble smart Love may be long chusing a Dart

Eyes, that bestow Full quivers on loves Bow Yet pay lesse Arrowes than they owe

Smiles, that can warme The blood, yet teach a charme, That Chastity shall take no harme

Blushes, that bin
The burnish of no sin,
Nor flames of ought too hot within.

Joyes, that confesse, Vertue their Mistresse, And have no other head to dresse

Feares, fond and flight, As the coy Brides, when Night First does the longing Lover right.

Teares, quickly fled, And vaine, as those are shed For a dying Maydenhead

Dayes, that need borrow, No part of their good Morrow, From a fore spent night of sorrow

Dayes, that in spight Of Darkenesse, by the Light Of a cleere mind are Day all Night

Nights, sweet as they, Made short by Lovers play, Yet long by th' absence of the Day

Life, that dares send A challenge to his end, And when it comes say Welcome Friend

Sydnæan showers
Of sweet discourse, whose powers
Can Crown old Winters head with flowers

Soft silken Hours, Open sunnes, shady Bowers, 'Bove all, Nothing within that lowers

What ere Delight Can make Dayes forehead bright, Or give Downe to the Wings of Night

In her whole frame, Have Nature all the Name, Art and ornament the shame

Her flattery, Picture and Poesy, Her counsell her owne vertue be

I wish, her store Of worth may leave her poore Of wishes, And I wish No more

Now if Time knowes That her whose radiant Browes Weave them a Garland of my vowes,

Her whose just Bayes, My future hopes can raise, A trophie to her present praise

Her that dares be, What these Lines wish to see I seeke no further, it is she

Tis she, and here Lo I uncloath and cleare, My wishes cloudy Character

May she enjoy it, Whose merit dare apply it, But modestly dares still deny it

Such worth as this is Shall fixe my flying wishes And determine them to kisses

Let her full Glory
My fancyes, fly before ye
Be ye my fictions But her story

Ad Reginam,

Et sibi & Academiæ pa[r]turientem

I Uc ô sacris circumflua cætibus, Huc ô frequentem, Musa, choris pedem Fer, annuo doctum labore Pur pur eas agitar e cunas. Fæcunditatem provocat, en, tuam Maria partu nobilis altero, Prolèmque Musarum ministram Egregius sibi poscit Infans. Nempe Illa nunquam pignore simplici Siblue soli facta puerpera est Partu repercusso, vel absens, Perpetuos procreat gemellos Hos Ipsa partus scilicet efficit, Ing ipsa vires carmina suggerit, Quæ spiritum vitámque donat Principibus simul & Camænis Possit Camcenas, non sine Numine, Lassare nostras Diva puerpeia, Et gaudiis siccare totam Perpetuis Heliconis undam. Quin experiri pergat, & in vices Certare san&tis conditionibus Lis dulcis est, nec indecoro Pulvere, sic potuisse vinci

Alternis Natura Diem meditatur & Umbras,
Hinc atro, hinc albo pignore fasta parens
Tu melior Natura tuas, dulcissima, servas
(Sed quam dissimili sub ratione!) vices
Candida Tu, & partu semper Tibi concolor omni
Hinc Natam, hinc Natum das, sed utrinque Diem.

To the Queen

An Apologie for the length of the following Panegyrick

When you are Mistresse of the song, Mighty Queen, to thinke it long, Were treason gainst that Majesty Your vertue wears Your modesty Yet thinks it so But ev n that too (Infinite, since part of You) New matter for our Muse supplies, And so allowes what it denies Say then Dread Queen how may we doe To mediate twixt your self and You? That so our sweetly temper d song Nor be [too] short, nor seeme [too] long Needs must your Noble prayses strength That made it long excuse the length

To the Queen,

Upon her numerous Progenie,

A Panegyrick

Ritain! the mighty Oceans lovely bride!

Now stretch thy self, fair Isle, and grow, spread wide
Thy bosome, and make roome Thou art opprest
With thine own glories, and art strangely blest
Beyond thy self For (lo) the Gods, the Gods
Come fast upon thee, and those glorious ods
Swell thy full honours to a pitch so high
As sits above thy best capacitie.

Are they not ods? and glorious? that to thee Those mighty Genii throng, which well might be Each one an ages laboui? that thy dayes Are gilded with the union of those rayes Whose each divided beam would be a Sunne To glad the sphere of any nation? Sure, if for these thou mean'st to find a seat Th' hast need, O Britain, to be truly Great

And so thou art, their presence makes thee so
They are thy greatnesse Gods, where-e're they go,
Bring their Heav'n with them their great footsteps place
An everlasting smile upon the face
Of the glad earth they tread on While with thee
Those beames that ampliate mortalitie,
And teach it to expatiate, and swell
To majestic and fulnesse, deign to dwell,
Thou by thy self maist sit, blest Isle, and see
How thy great mother Nature dotes on thee
Thee therefore from the rest apart she hurl'd,
And seem'd to make an Isle, but made a World
Time yet bath dropt few plumes since Hope turn'd Io

Time yet hath dropt few plumes since Hope turn'd Joy, And took into his armes the princely Boy, Whose birth last blest the bed of his sweet Mother, And bad us first salute our Prince a brother

The Prince and Duke of York

Bright Charles! thou sweet dawn of a glorious day! Centre of those thy Grandsires (shall I say, Henry and James? or, Mars and Phæbus rather? If this were Wisdomes God, that Wars stern father, Tis but the same is said Henry and Fames Are Mars and Phæbus under diverse names) O thou full mixture of those mighty souls Whose vast intelligences tund the Poles Of peace and war thou for whose manly brow Both lawrels twine into [one] wreath, and woo To be thy garland see, sweet Prince, O see, Thou, and the lovely hopes that smile in thee, Art tan out and transcribd by thy great Mother See, see thy reall shadow see thy Brother. Thy little self in lesse trace in these eyne The beams that dance in those full stars of thine From the same snowy Alabaster rock Those hands and thine were hew n, those cherries mock The corall of thy lips Thou wert of all This well wrought copie the fair principall

Lady Mary

Justly, great Nature, didst thou brag and tell How evn th hadst drawn that farthfull parallel, And matcht thy master piece O then go on, Make such another sweet comparison Seest thou that Marie there? O teach her Mother To shew her to her self in such another Fellow this wonder too, nor let her shine Alone light such another star, and twine Their rosie beams, that so the morn for one Venus may have a Constellation

Lady Elizabeth

These words scarce waken d Heaven, when (lo) our vows Sat crown d upon the noble Infants brows
That pair d, sweet Princesse In this well writ book
Read ore thy self peruse each line, each look

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And when th'hast summ'd up all those blooming blisses, Close up the book, and clasp it with thy kisses

So have I seen (to dresse their mistresse May)
Two silken sister-flowers consult, and lay
Their bashfull cheeks together newly they
Peep't from their buds, show'd like the garden's Eyes
Scarce wak't like was the crimson of their joyes,
Like were the tears they wept, so like, that one
Seem'd but the others kind reflexion

The new-borne Prince.

And now 'twere time to say, Sweet Queen, no more Fair source of Princes, is thy pretious store
Not yet exhaust? O no. Heavens have no bound,
But in their infinite and endlesse Round
Embrace themselves Our measure is not theirs,
Nor may the pov'rtie of mans narrow prayers
Span their immensitie More Princes come.
Rebellion, stand thou by, Mischief, make room
War, Bloud, and Death (Names all averse from Joy)
Heare this, We have another bright-ey'd Boy
That word's a warrant, by whose vertue I
Have full authority to bid you Dy

Dy, dy, foul misbegotten Monsters, Dy
Make haste away, or e'r the world's bright Eye
Blush to a cloud of bloud O farre from men
Fly hence, and in your Hyperborean den
Hide you for evenmore, and murmure there
Where none but Hell may heare, nor our soft aire
Shrink at the hatefull sound Mean while we bear
High as the brow of Heaven, the noble noise
And name of these our just and righteous joyes,
Where Envie shall not reach them, nor those eares
Whose tune keeps time to ought below the spheres

But thou, sweet supernumerary Starre, Shine forth, nor fear the threats of boyst'rous Warre The face of things has therefore frown'd a while On purpose, that to thee and thy pure smile The world might ow an universall calm, While thou, fair Halcyon, on a sea of balm

Shalt flote where while thou layst thy lovely head, The angry billows shall but make thy bed Storms when they look on thee, shall straight relent, And Tempests, when they tast thy breath, repent To whispers soft as thine own slumbers be, Or souls of Virgins which shall suph for thee

Shine then, sweet supernumerary Sturre Nor feare the boysterous names of Bloud and Warre Thy Birthday is their Death's Nativitie, They've here no other businesse but to die

To the Queen

But stay what glimpse was that? why blusht the day? Why ran the started aire trembling away? Whos this that comes circled in rayes that scorn Acquaintance with the Sun? what second morn At midday opes a presence which Heavens eye Stands off and points at? Is t some Deity Stept from her throne of starres, deignes to be seen? Is it some Deity? or ist our Queen?

Tis she, tis she Her awfull beauties chase
The Day's abashed glories, and in face
Of noon wear their own Sunshine O thou bright
Mistresse of wonders! Cynthia's is the night,
But thou at noon dost shine, and art all day
(Nor does thy Sun deny't) our Cynthia

Illustrious sweetnesse! in thy faithfull wombe, That nest of Heroes, all our hopes find room Thou art the Mother Phenix, and thy brest Chast as that Virgin honour of the East, But much more fruitfull is nor does, as she, Deny to mighty Love a Deitie Then let the Eastern world brag and be proud Of one coy Phenix, while we have a brood, A brood of Phenixes while we have Brother And Sister Phenixes, and still the Mother

And may we long! Long mayst Thou live tincrease The house and family of Phenixes Nor may the life that gives their eye-lids light E re prove the dismall morning of thy night

Ne're may a birth of thine be bought so dear To make his costly cradle of thy beer

O mayst thou thus make all the year thine own,
And see such names of joy sit white upon
The brow of every month! And when th'hast done,
Mayst in a son of His find every son
Repeated, and that son still in another,
And so in each child often prove a Mother
Long mayst Thou, laden with such clusters, lean
Upon thy Royall Elm, fair Vine! And when
The Heav'ns will stay no longer, may thy glory
And name dwell sweet in some Eternall story!

Pardon, bright Excellence, an untun'd string, That in thy eares thus keeps a murmuring O speake a lowly Muses pardon, speake Her pardon, or her sentence, onely breake Thy silence Speake, and she shall take from thence Numbers, and sweetnesse, and an influence Confessing Thee Or if too long I stay, O speake Thou, and my Pipe hath nought to say For see Apollo all this while stands mute, Expecting by thy voice to tune his Lute

But Gods are gracious, and their Altars make Pretious the offrings that their Altars take Give then this rurall wreath fire from thine eyes, This rurall wreath dares be thy Sacrifice

Bulla

Old tile vara si s effert mes talla tum res?
Quid facit ad vestrum f rela inanc menn?
Expediat ritres lumer i fra free, sita
En mia billa, lares en tua distra mili

Quid tul que rea malina, Que tara f riuito gl lo In sitam properay free em? Qualis virgire s adbuc Cypris corcutiens sinus, Cypris jam nota, jam recers. It stumis media in suis. Promit furfureum litus Concl 1 de fatria micas. Pulchreg exsilis impetu. Statum & millilus ebria Ducens terga c l ribus Evolvis turned s sinus Sphæra plena v lutili Cuius per varium latui. Cusus per teretem el bum Iris lubrica cursitans Centum per species vagas, Et pilli facies el ori Circum regnat, & undia Et se Diva volatilis Jucundo levis impetu Et vertigine persida Lasciva sequitur fug? Et pulchre dubitat, fluit Tam fallax toties novis. Tot se per reduces vias. Erroresque reciprocos Spargit vena Coloribus, Lt pompa natat ebria Talı mılıtıâ mıcans Agmen se rude dividit, Campis quippe volantibus,

we force

Et campi levis aquoie Ordo insanus obambulans Passim se fugit, & fugat, Passim perdit, & invenit. Pulchium spargitur hic Chaos. Hîc viva, bîc vaga flumina Ripâ non propriâ meant, Sed miscent socias vias, Communiá sub alveo Stipant delicias suas. Quarum proximitas vaga Tam discrimine lubrico, Tam subtilibus arguit Functuram tenuem notis, Pompa ut florida nullibi Sinceras habeat vias. Nec vultu niteat suo Sed dulcis cumulus novos Miscens purpureus sinus Flagrant divitus suis, Privatum renuens jubar Floris diluvio vagi, Floris Sydere publico Late ver subit aureum, Atque effunditur in sua Vires undique Copiæ Nempe omnis quia cernitur, Nullus cernitui bîc color, Et vicinia contumar Allidit species vagas. Illîc contiguis aquis Marcent pallidulæ faces Undæ hîc vena tenellulæ, Flammis ebria proximis Discit purpureas vias, Et rubro salıt alveo Ostri Sanguineum jubar Lambunt lactea flumina, Suasu cærulei maris Mansuescit seges aurea,

THE DELIGHTS OF THE MUSES

Et lucis faciles genæ Vanas ad nebulas stupent, Suba uvis rubicundulis Flagrant sobria lilia Vicinis adeo rosis Vicinæ invigilant nives, Ut sint & niveæ rosæ. Ut sint & rosæ nives, Accendunty, rosa nives, Extinguinty nives rosas Illic cum viridi rubet, Hic & cum rutilo viret Lascivi facies chori Et quicquid rota lubrica Caudæ stelligeræ notat, Pulchrum pergit & in ambitum Hic coeli implicitus labor, Orbes orbibus obvii Hic grex velleris aurei Grex pellucidus ætheris Qui noctis nigra pascua Puris morsibus atterit Hic quicquid nitidum et vagum Cæli vibrat arenula Dulci pingitur in 10c0 Hic mundus tener impedit Sese amplexibus in suis Succincitig sinu globi Errat per proprium decus Hic nictant subitae faces, Et ludunt tremulum diem Mox se surripiunt sui & Quærunt tecta supercili, Atq. abdunt petulans jubar, Subsidunta proterviter Atg, hæc omnia quam brevis Sunt mendacia machinæ! Currunt scilicet omnia Sphærå, non vitreå quidem, (Ut quondam siculus globus)

Sed vitro nitidà magis, Sed vitro fragili magis, Et vitro vitreà magis.

Sum venti ingenium breve Flos sum, scilicet, airis, Sidus scilicet æquoris, Naturæ 10cus aureus, Naturæ vaga fabula, Naturæ bi eve somnium. Nugarum decus & dolor, Dulcis, doctag vanitas Auræ filia perfidæ, Et risus facilis parens Tantum gutta superbior, Fortunatius & lutum Sum fluxæ pretium spei, Una ex Hesperidum insulis Formæ pyxis, amantium Clarè cæcus ocellulus, Vanæ & cor leve gloriæ Sum cæcæ speculum Deæ Sum fortunæ ego tessera, Quam dat militibus suis, Sum for tunæ ego symbolum, Quo sancit fragilem fidem Cum mortalibus Ebriis Obsignatą tabellulas Sum blandum, petulans, vagum, Pulchrum, purpureum, et decens, Comptum, floridulum, et recens, Distinctum nivibus, i osis, Undis, ignibus, aere, Pictum, gemmeum, & aureum, O sum, (scilicet, O nihil)

Si piget, et longam traxisse in tædia pompam Vivax, & nimiùm Bulla videtur anus, Tolle tuos oculos, pensum leve defluet, illam Parca metet facili non operosa manu Vixit adhuc Gur vixit? adhuc tu nempe legebas, Tempe fuit tempus tum potuisse mori.

THE DELIGHTS OF THE MUSES

Upon two greene Apricockes sent to Cowley by Str Crashaw

The these, times tardy truants, sent by me,
To be chastisd (sweet friend) and chide by thee Pale sons of our Pomona! whose wan cheekes Have spent the patience of expecting weekes, Yet are scarce ripe enough at best to show The redd, but of the blush to thee they ow By thy comparrison they shall put on More summer in their shames reflection, Than ere the fruitfull Phæbus flaming kisses Kindled on their cold lips O had my wishes And the deare merits of your Muse their due, The yeare had found some fruit early as you Ripe as those rich composures time computes Blossoms, but our blest tast confesses fruits How does thy April-Autumne mocke these cold Progressions twixt whose termes poor time grows old? With thee alone he weares no beard, thy braine Gives him the morning worlds fresh gold againe Twas only Paradice, tis onely thou, Whose fruit and blossoms both blesse the same bough Proud in the patterne of thy pretious youth, Nature (methinks) might easily mend her growth Could she in all her births but coppie thee, Into the publick yeares proficiencie, No fruit should have the face to smile on thee (Young master of the worlds maturitie) But such whose sun borne beauties what they borrow Of beames to day, pay back againe to morrow, Nor need be double gilt How then must these Poore fruites looke pale at thy Hesperides! Faine would I chide their slownesse, but in their Defects I draw mine owne dull character Take them, and me in them acknowledging, How much my summer waites upon thy spring

Thesaurus malorum fæmina

Uts deus, O quis erat qui te, mala fæmina, finxit? , Proh! Crimen superûm, noxa pudenda deûm! Ouæ divum manus est adeo non dextera mundo? In nostras clades ingeniosa manus! Parcite, peccavi nec enim pia numina possunt Tam crudele semel vel voluisse nefas. Vestrum opus est pietas, opus est concordia vestrum Vos equidem tales haud reor artifices Heus inferna cohors! fætus cognoscite vestros Num pudet hanc vestium vincere posse scelus? Plaudite Tartarei Proceses, Erebig potentes (Næ mirum est tantum vos potuisse malum) Jam vestras Laudate manus Si forte tacetis, Artificum laudes grande loquetur opus Quam bene vos omnes speculo contemplor in isto? Pettus in angustum cogitur omne malum Quin dormi Pluto Rabidas compesce sorores, Jam non poscit opem nostra iuina tuam Hæc satis in nostros fabricata est machina muros, Mortal[e]s Furias Tartara nostra dabunt

THE DELIGHTS OF THE MUSES

In Apollinem depereuntem Daphnen

C Tulte Cupido. Quid tua flamma parat? Annon sole sub thea Accensæ pereunt faces? Sed fax nostra potentior istis. Flammas inflammare potest, ibse uritur ignis, Ecce flammarum potens Maiore sub flamma gemit Eheu! quid boc est? En Apollo Lyra tacente (ni sonet dolores) Coma jacente squallet æternus decor Oris, en! dominæ quò placeat magis, Languido tardum jubar igne promit Pallente vultu territat athera Mundi oculus lacrymis senescit, Et solvit pelago debita, quoda hauserat ignibus, His lacrymis rependit Noctis adventu properans se latebris recondit. Et opacas tenebrarum colit umbras. Nama suos odit damnans radios, nocensa lumen An lateat tenebris dubitat, an educat diem, Hinc suadet hoc luctus furens, inde repugnat amor

Ænæas Patris sui bajulus.

M Enia Troiæ Hostis & ignis Hostes inter & ignes Enæas Anaas spolium pium Ata humeris venerabile pondus Except, & sava nunc o nunc parette flamma, Parcite hand (clamat) mibi, Sacræ favete sarcinæ, Quod si negatis, nec licebit Vitam juvare, sed juvabo funus, Rogusá fiam patris ac bustum mei His dictis acies pervolat hostium, Gestit, & partis veluti trophæis Ducit triumphos Nam furor hostium Jam stupet & pietate tantâ Victor vincitur, imd & moritur Troja libenter Funeribush, gaudet, Ac faces admittit ovans, ne lateat tenebras Per opacas opus ingens pietatis Debita sic patri solvis tua, sic pari rependis Officio. Dederat vitam tibi, tu reddis huic, Felix! parentis qui pater diceris esse tui.

THE DELIGHTS OF THE MUSES

In Pigmaliona

DEnstet Artis Pigmaliona suæ Quod felix opus esset Infelix erat artifex Sentit vulnera, nec videt ictum Quis credit? gelido veniunt de marmore flammæ Marmor ingratum nimis Incendit autorem suum Concepit hic vanos furores, Opus suum miratur atg. adorat Prius creavit, ecce nunc colit manus, Tentantes digitos molliter applicat Decipit molles caro dura tactus An virgo vera est, an sit eburnea, Reddat an oscula quæ dabantur Nescit Sed dubitat, Sed metuit, munere supplicat, Blandıtıasq miscet Te, miser, poenas dare vult hos Venus, hos triumphos Capit à te, quòd amorem fugis omnem Cur fugis heu vivos? mortua te necat puella Non erit innocua bæc, quamvis tua fingas manu, Ipsa heu nocens erst nimis, cujus imago nocet

M 2

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Arion.

C Quammea vivæ Lubrica terga vatis Fam conscendit Arion. Merces tam nova solvitur Navis quàm nova scanditur. Illa Aërea est merces, hæc est & aquatica navis. Perdidêre illum viri Mercede magnâ, servat hic Mercede nullâ piscis & sic Salute plus ruina constat illi, Minoris & servatur hine quam perditur. Hic dum findit aquas, findit hic aera Cursibus, piscis, digitis, Arion Et sternit undas, sternit & aira Carminis hoc placido Tridente Abjurat sua jam murmura, ventusá modestior Auribus ora mutat Ora dediscit, minimos & metuit susurros (Sonus alter restat, ut fit sonus illis) Aura strepens circum muta sit lateri adjacente pennâ, Ambit & ora viri, nec vela ventis hic egent, Attendit hanc ventus ratem non trahit, at trahitur.

 $Phænicis \begin{cases} Genethliacon & \& \\ Epicedion \end{cases}$

PHænix alumna mortis,
Quàm mira tu puerpera!
Tu scandis haud nidos, sed ignes
Non parere sed perire ceu parata
Mors obstetrix, atá, ipsa tu teipsam paris,

Tu Tuig, mater ipsa es,
Tu tuig, filia
Tu sic odora messis
Suigis tuorum funerum,
Tibig, per tuam ruinam
Reparata, te succedis ipsa. Mors ô
Fæcunda! Saneta ô Lucra pretiosæ necis!
Vive (monstrum dulce) vive
Tu tibig, suffice.

THE DELIGHTS OF THE MUSES

Elegia

Te meæ lacrymæ (nec enim moror) ite Sed oro
Tantum ne miseræ claudite vocis iter
O liceat querulos verbis animære dolores,
Et saltem ab periit dicere noster amor
Ecce negant tamen, ecce negant, lacrymæq, rebelles
Indomita pergunt, pracepitantig við
Visne (6 care) igitur Te nostra silentia dicant?
Vis fleat anidus minimure mitus amor?
Flebit, G virna sios semper bibet humida rores,
Et flaas semper, semper habebit aquas
Interea, quicing, estis ne credite mirum
Si veræ lacrymæ na didiche loqui

Epitaphium

Usiquis nectareo serenus ævo Et spe lucidus aureæ juventæ Neicis purpureos abire soles, Neicis purpureos abire soles, Neicis vincula, ferreama, noctem Imi carceris, borriduma, Ditem, Et spectas tremulam procul senectam, Hinc dites lacrymai, Et hinc repones Hic, o scilicet hic brevi sub antro Spes Es gaudia mille mille longam (Heu longam nimis) indubre noctem Flammantem nitidæ facem juventæ, Submersit Styguæ paludis unda Ergo si lacrymas neges doloris Huc certe lacrymas feres timoris

Damno affici sæpe fit lucrum

Amna adsunt multis taciti compendia lucri
Felicig docent plus properare morâ,
Luxuriem annoi um positâ sic pelle redemit
Atg sagax serpens in nova sæcla subit
Cernis ut ipsa sibi replicato suppetat ævo,
Seg iteret, multâ morte perennis avis.

Succrescat generosa sibi, faciles à per ignes
Per à suos cineres, per sua fata ferax
Quæ sollers jactura sui? quis funeris usus?
Flammarum à fides, ingenium à rogi?
Siccine fraude subis? pretiosa à funera ludis?
Siccine tu mortem, ne moriaris, adis?
Felix cui medicæ tanta experientia mortis,
Cui tam Parcarum est officiosa manus

Humanæ vitæ descriptio

Vita, tantum lubricus quidam furor Spoliumg vitæ! scilicet longi brevis Erroris hospes! Error ô mortalium! O certus error! qui sub incerto vagum Suspendit ævum, mille per dolos viæ Fugacis, & proterva per volumina Fluidi laboris, ebrios lactat gradus, Et irretitos ducit in nihilum dies O fata! quantum perfidæ vitæ fugit Umbris quod imputemus atg auris, ibi Et umbra & aura serias partes agunt Miscent'g scenam, volvimur ludibrio Procacis æstus, ut per incertum mare Fragilis protervo cymba com nutat freto Et ipsa vitæ, fila, quêis nentes Deæ Evi severa texta producunt manu, Hæc ipsa nobis implicant vestigia Retrahunt trahuntá donec everso gradu Ruina lassos alta deducat pedes. Felix, fugaces quisquis excipiens dies Gressus serenos fixit, insidiis sui Nec servit ævi, vita inoffensis huic Feretur auris, atá clauda rarius Titubabit horâ vortices anni vagi Hic extricabit, sanus Assertor sui.

THE DELIGHTS OF THE MUSES

Tranquillitas animi, similitudine ducta ab ave

T T cum delicias leves, loquacem Convivam nemoris, vagama musam Observans dubid mater arte Prendit desuber borridusve ruris Eversor, male persido paratu (Heu durus!) rapit, ata io triumphans Vadit protinus & sagace nisu Evolvens digitos, opus tenellum Ducens pollice lenis erudito. Virgarum implicat ordinem severum. Angustam meditans domum volucri Illa autem, hospitium licet vetustum Mentem sollicitet nimis nimisa Et suetum nemus, hinc opaca mitis Umbræ frigora & binc aprica puri Solis fulgura, Patriag sylva Nunquam muta quies, ubi illa dudum Totum per nemus, arborem per omnem, Hospes libera liberis querelis Cognatum bene provocabat agmen Quanquam ibsum nemus, arboresa alumnam Implorant profugam, atg amata multum Ouerant murmura, lubricuma carmen Blandı gutturis & melos serenum Illa autem, tamen, illa jam relictæ (Simplex!) haud meminit domus, nec ultrà Sylvas cogitat at brevi sub antro. Ab penna nimium brevis recisa. Ab ritu viduo sibiq sola Privata heu fidicen! canit, vagoa Exercens querulam domum susurro Fallit vincula, carcerema mulcet Net pugnans placedæ procax quieti Lustatur gravis, orbe sed redu to

Discursu vaga saltıtans tenello, Metitui spatia invidæ cavernæ. Sic in se pia mens reposta, secum Altè tuta sedet, nec andet extrà, Aut ullo solet æstuare fato. Quamvis cuncta tumultuentur, atra Sortis turbine non movetur illa Fortunæ furias onus g triste Non tergo minus accipit quieto, Quam vectrix Veneris columba blando Admittit juga delicata collo Torvæ si quid inhorruit procellæ, Si quid saviat & minetur, illa Spernit, nescit, & obvits fur orem Fallit blanditiis, amatg & ambit Ipsum, quo male vulneratur, iEtum Curas murmure non fatetur ullo, Non lambit laci ymas dolor, nec atræ Mentis nubila frons iniqua prodit. Quod si lacryma pervicax rebelli Erumpit tamen evolatá gutta, Invitis lacrymis, negante luctu, Ludunt perspicui per ora 11sus.

DEO NOS'I'RO,

TE DECET HYMNUS SACRED POEMS,

COLLECTED,
CORRECTED,
AUGMENTED,
Most humbly Presented

MY LADY
THE COUNTSSE OF
DENBIGH

BY

Her most devoted Servant

R C

In hea[r]ty acknowledgment of his immortally obligation to her Goodnes & Charity

AT PARIS,

By Peter Targa, Printer to the Arch bishope [o]f Paris, in S Victors streete at the golden sunne

M DC LII

CRASHAWE,

THE

ANAGRAMME

HE WAS CAR

WAS CAR then Crashawe or WAS Crashawe CAR, Since both within one name combined are? Yes, Car's Crashawe, he Car', tis love alone Which melts two harts, of both composing one So Crashawe's still the same so much desired By strongest witts, so honor d so admired CAR Was but HE that enter d as afriend With whom he shard his thoughtes, and did commend (While yet he liv d) this worke, they lov d each other Sweete Crashawe was his friend he Crashawes brother So Car hath Title then t was his intent That what his riches pen d, poore Car should print Nor feares he checke praysing that happie one Who was belov d by all, dispraysed by none To witt, being pleas d with all things, he pleas d all Nor would he give, nor take offence befall What might, he would possesse himselfe As deade (devoyde of interest) tall might give Desease this well composed mynd forestald With heavenly riches which had wholy call d His thoughtes from earth, to live above in th aire A very bird of paradice No care Had he of earthly trashe What might suffice To fitt his soule to heavenly exercise Sufficed him and may we guesse his hart By what his lipps brings forth, his onely part Is God and godly thoughtes Leaves doubt to none But that to whom one God is all all s one

What he might cate or weare he tooke no thought. His needfull foode he rather found then sought. He seekes no downes, no sheetes, his bed's still made If he can find, a chaire or stoole, he's layd, When day peepes in, he quitts his restlesse rest. And still, poore soule, before he's up he's dres't Thus dying did he live, yet lived to dye In th-virgines lappe, to whom he did applye His virgine thoughtes and words, and thence was styld By foes, the chaplaine of the virgine myld While yet he lived without His modestie Imparted this to some, and they to me. Live happie then, deare soule, injoy the rest Eternally by paynes thou purchacedest, While Car must live in care, who was thy friend Nor cares he how he live, so in the end, He may injoy his dearest Lord and thee, And sitt and singe more skilfull songs eternally.

AN EPIGRAMME

Upon the pictures in the following Poemes which the Authour first made with his owne hand, admirably well, as may he seene in his Manuscript dedicated to the right Honorable Lady the L Denhigh

I wirkt pen and pensill rose a holy strife
Which might draw vertue better to the life
Best witts gave votes to that but painters swore
They never saw peeces so sweete before
As thes fruites of pure nature where no art
Did lead the untaught pensill, nor had part
In th worke
The hand growne bold, with with will needes contest
Doth it prevayle? ah wo say each is best
This to the eare speakes wonders that will trye
To speake the same, yet lowder, to the eye
Both their aymes are holy, both conspire
To wound, to burne the hart with heavenly fire
This then s the Doome, to doe both parties right
This, to the eare speakes best that, to the sight

THOMAS CAR

NON VI.

'Is not the work of force but skill
To find the way into man's will
'Is love alone can hearts unlock
Who knowes the WORD, he needs not knock.

TO THE

Noblest & best of Ladyes, the Countesse of Denbigh.

Perswading her to Resolution in Religion, & to render her selfe without further delay into the Communion of the Catholick Church

Hat heav'n-intreated HEART is This? Stands trembling at the gate of blisse, Holds fast the door, yet dares not venture Fairly to open it, and enter Whose Definition is a doubt Twixt life & death, twixt in & out Say, lingring fair! why comes the birth Of your brave soul so slowly forth? Plead your pretences (o you strong In weaknes!) why you choose so long In labor of your selfe to ly, Nor daring quite to live nor dy? Ah linger not, lov'd soul! à slow And late consent was a long no, Who grants at last, long time tryd And did his best to have deny'd, What magick bolts, what mystick Barres Maintain the will in these strange warres!

What fatall, yet fantastick, bands Keep The free Heart from its own hands! So when the year takes cold, we see Poor waters their owne prisoners be Fetter d, & lockt up fast they ly In a sad selfe captivity The astonisht nymphs their flood's strange fate deplore, To see themselves their own severer shore Thou that alone canst than this cold, And fetch the heart from it's strong Hold Allmighty Love! end this long warr, And of a meteor make a starr O fix this fair INDEFINITE And mongst thy shafts of soveraign light Choose out that sure decisive dart Which has the Key of this close heart, Knowes all the corners of t, & can controul The self shutt cabinet of an unsearcht soul O let it be at last, love's houre Raise this tall Trophee of thy Powre Come once the conquering way, not to confute But kill this rebell wo[r]d, IRRESOLUTE That so, in spite of all this peevish strength Of weaknes, she may write Resolv D AT LENGTH, Unfold at length, unfold fair flowre And use the season of love s showre, Meet his well meaning Wounds, wise heart! And hast to drink the wholsome dart That healing shaft, which heavn till now Hath in love's quiver hid for you O Dart of love! arrow of light! O happy you, if it hitt right, It must not fall in vain, it must Not mark the dry regardles dust Fair one, it is your fate and brings Æternall worlds upon it s wings Meet it with wide spread armes & see It s seat your soul s just center be Disband dull feares give faith the day To save your life, kill your delay

It is love's seege, and sure to be Your triumph, though his victory.
'Tis cowardise that keeps this feild And want of courage not to yeild. Yeild then, ô yeild, that love may win The Fort at last, and let life in Yeild quickly. Lest perhaps you prove Death's prey, before the prize of love. This Fort of your fair selfe, if't be not won, He is repulst indeed, But you'are vindone.

TO THE NAME

ATT TIPD I NIA N

ABOVE EVERY NAME,

THE

NAME OF

JESUS

AHYMN

I Sing the Name which None can say But touch t with An interiour Ray The Name of our New Peace our Good Our Blisse & Supernaturall Blood The Name of All our Lives & Loves Hearken, And Help ye holy Doves! The high born Brood of Day you bright Candidates of blissefull Light, The Heirs Elect of Love whose Names belong Unto The everlasting life of Song All ye wise Soules, who in the wealthy Brest Of This unbounded Name build your warm Nest Awake, My glory Soul, (if such thou be, And That fair Word at all referr to Thee)

Awake & sing And be All Wing

Bring hither thy whole Self & let me see
What of thy Parent HEAVN yet speakes in thee
O thou art Poore

Of noble Powres, I see,
And full of nothing else but empty Me,
Narrow, & low, & infinitely lesse
Then this Great mornings mighty Busynes
One little World or two
(Alas) will never doe

We must have store Goe, Soul, out of thy Self, & seek for More. Goe & request

Great NATURE for the KEY of her huge Chest Of Heavns, the self involving Sett of Sphears (Which dull mortality more Feeles then heares)

Then rouse the nest

Of nimble ART, & traverse round The Aiery Shop of soul-appeasing Sound And beat a summons in the Same

All-soveraign Name

To warn each severall kind

And shape of sweetnes, Be they such

As sigh with supple wind Or answer Artfull Touch,

That they convene & come away
To wait at the love-crowned Doores of

Th[1]s Illustrious DAY.

Shall we dare This, my Soul? we'l doe't and bring No Other note for't, but the Name we sing.

Wake LUTE & HARP And every sweet-lipp't Thing That talkes with tunefull string,

Start into life, And leap with me Into a hasty Fitt-tun'd Harmony

Nor must you think it much T'obey my bolder touch,

I have Authority in Love's name to take you And to the worke of Love this morning wake you, Wake, In the Name

Of Him who never sleeps, All Things that Are, Or, what's the same,

Are Musicall, Answer my Call

And come along,

Help me to meditate mine Immortall Song Come, ye soft ministers of sweet sad mirth, Bring All your houshold stuffe of Heavn on earth, O you, my Soul's most certain Wings, Complaining Pipes, & prattling Strings,

Bring All the store Of Sweets you have, And murmur that you have no more

Come, nere to part,

NATURE & ART

Come, & come strong,
To the conspiracy of our Spatious song

Bring All the Powres of Praise

Your Provinces of well united Worlds can raise Bring All Ivour Lutts & Harrs of Heavy & Larth,

What Ire cooperates to The common mirthe

Vessells of vocall Joyes,

Or You, more noble Architects of Intellectuall Noise, Cymballs of Heav n, or Humane sphears,

Solliciters of Soules or Eares

And when you are come, with All That you can bring or we can call

O may you fix

For ever here, & mix

Your selves into the long

And everlasting series of a deathlesse Song, Mix All your many Worlds, Above,

And loose them into ONE of Love

Chear thee my HEART!
For Thou too hast thy Part

And Place in the Great Throng

Of This unbounded All imbracing Song Powres of my Soul, be Proud!

And speake lowd
To All the dear bought Nations This Redeeming Name,
And in the wealth of one Rich Word proclaim
New Similes to Nature

May it be no wrong

Blest Heavns, to you, & your Superiour song,

That we, dark Sons of Dust & Sorrow,

A while Dare borrow
The Name of Your Dilights & our Desires,
And fitt it to so farr inferior Lyres
Our Murmurs have their Musick too,
Ye mighty Orbes, as well as you,

Nor yeilds the noblest Nest

Of warbling Straphing to the earch of Love,

A choicer Lesson then the joyfull Brisa Of a poor pinting Turtle-Dove

And ve, low Wormes have leave to doe The Same bright Busynes (ye Third Hr WF's) with you. Gentle Spiris, doe not complain

We will have care

To keep it foir,

And send it back to you again. Come, lovely Name! Applied from forth the Bright Regions of percetull Light,

Look from thine own Illustrious Home,

Fair King of Names, & come

Leave All thy native Glories in their Georgeous Nest, And give thy Self a while The gracious Guest

Of humble Soules, that seek to find

The hidden Sweets

Which man's heart meets

When Thou art Master of the Mind Come, lovely Name, life of our hope! Lo we hold our HEARTS wide ope!

Unlock thy Cabinet of Day

Dearest Sweet, & come away

Lo how the thirsty Lands

Gasp for thy Golden Showres! with longstretch't Hands.

Lo how the laboring E ARTH That hopes to be All Heaven by THEF, Leapes at thy Birth.

The' attending World, to wait thy Rise,

First turn'd to eyes,

And then, not knowing what to doe, Turn'd Them to Teares, & spent Them too Come ROYALL Name, & pay the expence Of All this Pretious Patience.

O come away

And kill the DEATH of This Delay. O see, so many Worlds of barren yeares Melted & measur'd out in Seas of Teares O see, The Weary liddes of wakefull Hope

(Loves Eastern windowes) All wide ope
With Curtains drawn,
To catch The Day break of Thy Dawn
O dawn, at last, long look t for Day!
Take thine own wings, & come awa!
Lo, where Aloft it comes! It comes, Among
The Conduct of Adoring Spirits, that throng
Like diligent Bees, And swarm about it

O they are wise,

And know what Sweetes are suck t from out it

now what Sweetes:

It is the Hive.

By which they thrive,
Where All their Hoard of Hony Ises
Lo where it comes, upon The snowy Doves
Soft Back, And brings a Bosom big with Loves
Welcome to our dark world, Thou

Womb of Day 1 Unfold thy fair Conceptions, And display

The Birth of our Bright Joyes

O thou compacted
Body of Blessings spirit of Soules extracted!
O dissipate thy spicy Powres
(Clowd of condensed sweets) & break upon us
In balmy showrs

O fill our senses, And take from us
All force of so Prophane a Fallacy
To think ought sweet but that which smells of Thee
Fair, flowry Name In none but Thee
And Thy Nectareall Fragrancy,

Hourly there meetes
An universall Synon of All sweets,
By whom it is defined Thus

That no Perfume
For ever shall presume
To passe for Odonferous,
But such alone whose sacred Pedigree
Can prove it Self some kin (sweet name) to Thee
Sweet Name, in Thy each Syllable
A Thousand Blest ARABIAS dwell
A Thousand Hills of Frankincense

Mountains of myrrh, & Beds of species, And ten Thousand Paradises, The soul that tasts thee takes from thence How many unknown Worlds there are Of Comforts, which Thou hast in keeping! How many Thousand Mercyes there In Pitty's soft lap ly a sleeping! Happy he who has the art

To awake them, And to take them

Home, & lodge them in his Heart
O that it were as it was wont to be!
When thy old Freinds of Fire, All full of Thee,
Fought against Frowns with smiles, gave Glorious chase
To Persecutions, And against the Face
Of Death & feircest Dangers, durst with Brave
And sober pace march on to meet A Grave
On their Bold Brests about the world they bore thee
And to the Teeth of Hell stood up to teach thee,
In Center of their inmost Soules they wore thee,
Where Rackes & Torments striv'd, in vain, to reach thee

Little, alas, thought They Who tore the Fair Brests of thy Freinds,

Their Fury but made way
For Thee, And serv'd them in Thy glorious ends
What did Their weapons but with wider pores
Inlarge thy flaming-brested Lovers

More freely to transpire That impatient Fire

The Heart that hides Thee hardly covers.

What did their Weapons but sett wide the Doores

For Thee Fair, purple Doores, of love's devising,

The Ruby windowes which inrich't the East

Of Thy so oft repeated Rising

Each wound of Theirs was Thy new Morning,

And reinthron'd thee in thy Rosy Nest,

With blush of thine own Blood thy day adorning,

It was the witt of love oreflowd the Bounds

Of Wrath, & made thee way through All Those wounds.

Wellcome dear, All-Adored Name!

For sure there is no knee That knowes not THEE Or if there be such sonns of shame, Alas what will they doe When stubborn Rocks shall bow And Hills hang down their Heavn saluting Heads To seek for humble Beds Of Dust, where in the Bashfull shades of night Next to their own low Nothing they may ly,
And couch before the dazeling light of thy dread majesty

They that by Love's mild Dictate now

Will not adore thee, Shall Then with Just Confusion, bow And break before thee

IN 'I'HE HOLY NATIVITY

OUR LORD GOD

A

IIYMN

SUNG AS BY THE SHEPHEARDS.

THE

HYMN

CHORUS

Ome we shepheards whose blest Sight Hath mett love s Noon in Nature s night Come lift we up our loftyer Song And wake the Sun that lyes too long

To all our world of well stoln joy
He slept and dreamt of no such thing
While we found out Heavn s fairer ey
And Aist the Cradle of our King
Tell him He rises now, too late
To show us ought worth looking at

Tell him we now can show Him more Then He ere show d to mortall Sight Then he Himselfe ere saw before Which to be seen needes not His light Tell him, Tityrus, where th hast been Tell him, Thy[r]sis, what th hast seen

Tityrus Gloomy night embract the Place Where The Noble Infant lay
The Babe look t up & shew d his Face,
In spite of Darknes, it was Day
It was Thy day, Sweer! & did rise
Not from the East, but from thing Eyes

Chorus It was THY day, Sweet

The angry North to wage his warres
The North forgott his feirce Intent,
And left perfumes in stead of scarres
By those sweet eye[s] persuasive powrs
Where he meant frost, he scatter d flowrs

Chorus By those sweet eyes

Both. We saw thee in thy baulmy Nest, Young dawn of our æternall DAY!

We saw thine eyes break from their EA[s]TE

And chase the trembling shades away

We saw thee, & we blest the sight, We saw thee by thine own sweet light

Tity. Poor World (said I) what wilt thou doe To entertain this starry Stranger?

Is this the best thou canst bestow? A cold, and not too cleanly, manger?

Contend, the powres of heav'n & earth To fitt à bed for this huge birthe.

Cho Contend the powers

Thy[r] Proud world, said I, cease your contest And let the Mighty Babe alone.

The Phænix builds the Phænix' nest Lov's architecture is his own.

The BABE whose birth embraves this morn, Made his own bed e're he was born.

Cho. The BABE whose.

Ti[t]. I saw the curl'd drops, soft & slow, Come hovering o're the place's head,
Offring their whitest sheets of snow
To furnish the fair Infant's bed
Forbear, said I, be not too bold.
Your fleece is white But t'is too cold

Cho Forbear, sayd I

Thyr. I saw the obsequious Seraphims
Their rosy fleece of fire bestow
For well they now can spare their wing
Since Heavn it self lyes here below
Well done, said I but are you sure
Your down so warm, will passe for pure?

Cho Well done sayd I

Tit No no, your Kings not yet to seeke Where to repose his Royall Head See see, how soon his new bloom d Cheek Twixt's mother's brests is gone to bed Sweet choise, said we' no way but so Not to ly cold, yet slep in snow

Cho Sweet choise, said we

Both We saw thee in thy baulmy nest, Bright dawn of our æternall Day! We saw thine eyes break from thir EAST And chase the trembling shades away We saw thee & we blest the sight We saw thee. by thine own sweet light

Cho We saw thee, &c

FULL CHORUS

Wellcome, all Wonders in one sight!
Æternity shutt in a span
Sommer in Winter Day in Night
Heaven in earth, & God in Man
Great little one! whose all embracing birth
Lifts earth to heaven, stoopes heav n to earth

Wellcome Though nor to gold nor silk,
To more then Cæsars birth right is,
Two sister seas of Virgin Milk,
With many a rarely temper d kisse
That brea[t]hes at once both Main & Mother,
Warmes in the one, cooles in the other

Welcome, though not to those gay flyes Guilded the Beames of earthly kings Shippery soules in smiling eyes But to poor Shepheards, home spun things Whose Wealth's their flock whose witt, to be Well read in their simplicity

Yet when young April's husband showrs Shall blesse the fruitfull Maia's bed

We'l bring the First-born of her flowrs To kisse thy FEET & crown thy HEAD

To thee, dread lamb! whose love must keep The shepheards, more then they the sheep

To Thee, meek Majesty soft King
Of simple Graces & sweet Loves

Of simple Graces & sweet Loves

Each of us his lamb will bring

Each his pair of sylver Doves,

Till burnt at last in fire of Thy fair eyes, Our selves become our own best SACRIFICE.

NEW YEAR'S

DAY

Rosy with a double Red
With thine own blush thy cheeks adorning
And the dear drops this day were shed

All the purple pride that laces
The crimson curtains of thy bed,
Guilds thee not with so sweet graces
Nor setts thee in so rich a red

Of all the fair cheek t flowrs that fill thee None so fair thy bosom strowes, As this modest maiden hlly Our sins have sham d into a rose

Bid thy golden God, the Sun, Burnisht in his best beames rise, Put all his red ey d Rubies on These Rubies shall putt out their eyes

Let him make poor the purple east, Search what the world's close cabinets keep, Rob the rich births of each bright nest That flaming in their fair beds sleep,

Let him embrave his own bright tresses With a new morning made of gemmes, And wear, in those his wealthy dresses, Another Day of Diadems

When he hath done all he may To make himselfe rich in his rise, All will be darknes to the Day That breakes from one of these bright eyes

And soon this sweet truth shall appear Dear Babe, ere many dayes be done,
The morn shall come to meet thee here,
And leave her own neglected Sun.

Here are Beautyes shall bereave him Of all his eastern Paramours.

His Persian Lovers all shall leave him, And swear faith to thy sweeter Powres. IN
THE GLORIOUS
EPIPHANIE
OF OUR LORD
GOD,
A HYMN

SUNG AS BY THE

(I. KINGE.)

Right BABE! Whose awfull beautyes make The morn incurr a sweet mistake, (2) For whom the officious heavns devise To disinheritt the sun's rise, (3) Delicately to displace The Day, & plant it fairer in thy face, [1] O thou born King of loves, [2] Of lights, [3.] Of joyes! (Cho) Look up, sweet BABE, look up & see For love of Thee Thus farr from home The East is come To seek her self in thy sweet Eyes (1) We, who strangely went astray, Lost in a bright Meridian night, (2) A Darkenes made of too much day, (3.) Becken'd from farr By thy fair starr, Lo at last have found our way (Cho) To Thee, thou DAY of night! thou east of west! Lo we at last have found the way To thee, the world's great universal east, The Generall & indifferent DAY (1) All-circling point All centring sphear The world's one, round, Æternall year. (2) Whose full & all-unwrinkled face Nor sinks nor swells with time or place, (3.) But every where & every while Is One Consistent solid smile, (1.) Not vext & tost (2) 'Twixt spring & frost,

(3.) Nor by alternate shredds of light Sordidly shifting hands with shades & night (Cho) O little all! in thy embrace The world lyes warm, & likes his place.

Nor does his full Globe fail to be Kist on Both his cheeks by Thee Time is too narrow for thy YEAR

Nor makes the whole World thy half sp[h]ear

(1) To Thee, to Thee

From him we flee

(2) From Him, whom by a more illustrious ly, The blindnes of the world did call the eye

(3) To Him, who by These mortall clouds hast made Thy self our sun, though thine own shade

(1) Farewell, the worrlids false light

Farewell, the white

Ægypt! a long farewell to thee

Bright Idol, black Idolatry

The dire face of inferior Darknes, kis t And courted in the pompus mask of a more specious mist

(2) Farewell, farewell

The proud & misplac t gates of hell, Pertch t, in the morning s way

And double guilded as the doores of DAY The deep hypocrisy of DEATH & NIGHT

More desperately dark, Because more bright

(3) Welcome, the world's sure Way!

HEAVN'S wholsom ray

(Cho) Wellcome to us and we (Sweet) to our selves, in Thee

(1) The deathles HEIR of all thy FATHER'S day!

(2) Decently Born

Embosom d in a much more Rosy Morn, The Blushes of thy All unblemish t mother

(3) No more that other

Aurora shall sett ope Her ruby casements, or hereafter hope From mortall eyes

To meet Religious welcomes at her rise (Cho) We (Pretious ones!) in you have won A gentler Morn, a juster sun

(1) His superficiall Beames sun burnt our skin,

(2) But left within

(3) The night & winter still of death & sin

(Cho) Thy softer yet more certaine Darts Spare our eyes, but peirce our Harts.

(1) Therfore with His proud persian spoiles

(2.) We court thy more concerning smiles.

(3) Therfore with his Disgrace We guild the humble cheek of this chast place, (Cho) And at thy FEET powr forth his FACE

(1) The doating nations now no more

Shall any day but THINE adore

(2) Nor (much lesse) shall they leave these eyes

For cheap Ægyptian Deityes.

(3) In whatsoe're more Sacred shape Of Ram, He-goat, or reverend ape, Those beauteous ravishers opprest so sore The too-hard-tempted nations

(1) Never more

By wanton heyfer shall be worn

(2) A Garland, or a guilded horn The altar-stall'd ox, fatt Osyris now

With his fair sister cow,

(3) Shall kick the clouds no more, But lean & tame, (Cho) See his horn'd face, & dy for shame

And MITHRA now shall be no name

(I) No longer shall the immodest lust

Of Adulterous Godles dust

(2) Fly in the face of heavin, As if it were

The poor world's Fault that he is fair.

(3] Nor with perverse loves & Religious RAPES Revenge thy Bountyes in their beauteous shapes, And punish Best Things worst, Because they stood Guilty of being much for them too Good

[I] Proud sons of death! that durst compell

Heav'n it self to find them hell,

[2] And by strange with of madnes wrest From this world's East the other's West

[3] All-Idolizing wormes! that thus could crowd And urge Their sun into thy cloud, Forcing his sometimes eclips'd face to be A long deliquium to the light of thee.

[Cho] Alas with how much heavyer shade

The shamefac t lamp hung down his head For that one eclipse he made Then all those he suffered!

[1] For this he look t so bigg & every morn With a red face confest this scorn Or hiding his vext cheeks in a hird mist Kept them from being so unkindly kis't [2] It was for this the day did rise

So oft with blubber d eyes

For this the evening wept, and we ne re knew But call d it deaw

[3] This dayly wrong

Silenc t the morning sons, & damp t their song [Cho] Nor was t our deafnes, but our sins, that thus Long made th Harmonious orbes all mute to us

[1] Time has a day in store When this so proudly poor

And self-oppressed spark, that has so long By the love sick world bin made Not so much their sun as SHADE. Weary of this Glorious wrong From them & from himself shall flee For shelter to the shadow of thy TREE, [Cho] Proud to have gain'd this pretious losse And chang d his false crown for thy Crosse [2] That dark Day's clear doom shall define Whose is the Master Fire, which sun should shine That sable [1]udgment seat shall by new lawes Decide & settle the Great cause

Of controverted light, [Cho] And natur s wrongs rejoyce to doe thee Right
[3] That forfeiture of noon to night shall pay All the idolatrous thefts done by this night of day, And the Great Penitent presse his own pale lipps With an elaborate love eclipse

> To which the low world's lawes Shall lend no cause

[Cho] Save those domestick which he borrowes From our sins & his own sorrowes [1] Three sad hour[s] sackcloth then shall show to us

His penance, as our fault, conspicuous [2] And he more needfully & nobly prove The nation's terror now then erst their love. [3] Their hated loves changed into wholsom feares, [Cho] The shutting of his eye shall open Theirs. Ti] As by a fair-ey'd fallacy of day Miss-ledde before they lost their way, So shall they, by the seasonable fright Of an unseasonable night, Loosing it once again, stumble'on true Light [2] And as before his too-bright eye Was Their more blind idolatry, So his officious blindines now shall be Their black, but faithfull perspective of thee, [3] His new prodigious night, Their new & admirable light, The supernaturall DAWN of Thy pure day. While wondring they (The happy converts now of him Whom they compell'd before to be their sin) Shall henceforth see To kisse him only as their rod Whom they so long courted as GoD, [Cho] And their best use of him they worship't be To learn, of Him at lest, to worship Thee [1] It was their Weaknes woo'd his beauty, But it shall be Their wisdome now, as well as duty, To'injoy his Blott, & as a large black letter Use it to spell Thy beautyes better, And make the night i[t] self their [t]orch to thee [2] By the oblique ambush of this close night Couch't in that conscious shade The right-ey'd Areopagite Shall with a vigorous guesse invade And catche thy quick reflex, and sharply see On this dark Grou[n]d To dsessant Thee [3] O prize of the rich Spirit! with that feirce chase

Of this strong soul, shall he

Leap at thy lofty FACE. And sfelize the swift Flash, in rebound From this of hisequious cloud.

Once call d a sun.

Till dearly thus undone. [Cho] Till thus triumphantly tam d (o ve two Twinne Sunnes!) & taught now to negotiate you [1] Thus shall that reverend child of light. [2] By being scholler first of that new night. Come forth Great master of the mystick day. [3] And teach obscure MANNIND a more close way By the frugall negatifyle light Of a most wise & well abused Night To read more legible thine originall Ray.

[Cho] And make our Darknes serve Thy day Maintaining twist thy world & ours A commerce of contrary powres,

A mutuall trade

Twixt sun & Shade. By confederat Black & WHITE Borrowing day & lending night

[1] Thus we who when with all the noble powres That (at thy cost) are call d, not vainly, ours We vow to make brive way

Upwards, & presse on for, the pure intelligentiall Prev [2] At lest to play

The amorous Spyes

And peep & proffer at thy sparkling Throne, [3] In stead of bringing in the blissfull PRIZE And fastening on Thine eyes, Forfeit our own

And nothing gain

But more Ambitious losse at lest of brain [Cho] Now by abased liddes shall learn to be Eagles, and shutt our eyes that we may see

The Close

Therfore to THFE & thine Auspitious ray (Dread sweet!) lo thus

At lest by us,

The delegated Eyr of DAY

Does first his Scepter, then Himself in solemne Tribute pay.

Thus he undresses

His sacred unshorn treses,

At thy adored Fret, thus, he layes down

[1] His gorgeous tire Of flame & fire,

[2] His glittering Robt, [3] his sparkling Crown, [1.] His Gold, [2] his Mirrh, [3] his Frankincence, [Cho] To which He now has no pretence For being show'd by this day's light, how farr He is from sun enough to make Thy starr, His best ambition now, is but to be Somthing a brighter Shadow (sweet) of thee. Or on heavn's azure forhead high to stand Thy golden index, with a duteous Hand

Pointing us Home to our own sun The world's & his Hyperion

TO THE QUEEN'S MAJESTY

MADAME

'Mongst those long rowes of c[r]ownes that guild your race, These Royall sages sue for decent place The day break of the nations, their first ray When the Dark WORLD dawn d into Christian DAY And smild ith BABE's bright face, the purpling Bud And Rosy dawn of the right Royall blood, Fair first fruits of the LAMB Sure Kings in this, They took a kingdom while they give a kisse But the world's Homage scarse in These well blown, We read in you (Rare Queen) ripe & full grown For from this day's rich seed of Diadems Does rise a radiant croppe of Royalle stemms, A Golden harvest of crown d heads, that meet And crowd for kisses from the LAMB's white feet In this Illustrious throng, your lofty floud Swells high, fair Confluence of all highborn Bloud! With your bright head whose groves of scepters bend Their wealthy tops, & for these feet contend So swore the LAMB's dread fire And so we see t Crownes, & the HEADS they kisse, must court these FEET Fix here, fair Majesty! May your Heart ne re misse To reap new Crownes & Kingdoms from that kisse Nor may we misse the joy to meet in you The aged honors of this day still new May the great time, in you, still greater be While all the YEAR is your EPIPHANY, While your each day's devotion duly brings Three KINGDOMES to supply this days three LINGS

THE

OFFICE

O F

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LY

CROSSE

THE

HOWRES

FOR THE HOUR OF

MATINES

The Veryde

LORD, by thy Sweet & Saving Sign,

The Responsory

Defend us from our foes & Thine

Thou shallt open my hippes, O Lord

And my mouth shall shew forth thy Prayse

O God make speed to save me

O Lord make hast to help me

GLORY be to the FATHER, and to the Son.

and to the H GHOST t was in the beginning, is now, & eve

As it was in the beginning, is now, & ever shall be, world without end Amen

THE HYMN

The wakefull Matines hast to sing
The unknown sorrows of our king,
The FATHER [s] word & wisdom, made
MAN, for man, by man's betraid,
The world's price sett to sale, & by the bold
Merchants of Death & sin, is bought & sold
Of his Best Freinds (yea of himself) forsaken,
By his worst foes (because he would) beseig d & taken

The Antiphona

All hail, fair TREE
Whose Fruit we be.
What song shall raise
Thy seemly praise.
Who broughtst to light
Life out of death, Day out of night

The Versicle

Lo, we adore thee, Dread LAMB! And bow thus low before thee,

The Responsor

'Cause, by the covenant of thy CROSSE, Thou'hast sav'd at once the whole world's losse

The Prayer

Lord Jesu-Christ, son of the living God! interpose, I pray thee, thine own pretious death, thy Crosse & Passion, betwixt my soul & thy judgment, now & in the hour of my death. And vouchsafe to graunt unto me thy grace & mercy, unto all quick & dead, remission & rest, to thy church peace & concord, to us sinners life & glory everlasting Who livest and reignest with the Father, in the unity of the Holy Ghost, one God, world without end Amen

FOR THE HOUR OF PRIME

The Versicle

Lord by thy sweet & saving Sign

The Responsor

Defend us from our foes & thine

V Thou shalt open

Ry And my mouth

O Gon make speed
O Lord make hast

Glory be to
As it was in

THE HYMN

THe early PRIME blushes to say
She could not rise so soon, as they
Call d Pilat up to try if He
Could lend them any cruelty

Their hands with lashes arm d, their toungs with lyes And loathsom spittle blott those beauteous eyes, The blissfull springs of joy from whose all chearing Ray The fair starrs fill their wakefull fires the sun himselfe drinks Day

The Antipho[n]a
Victorious SIGN
That now dost shine,
Transcrib d above
Into the land of light & love,

O let us twine
Our rootes with thine,
That we may rise
Upon thy wings, & reach the skyes.

The Versicle

Lo we adore thee
Dread Lamb! and fall
Thus low before thee

The Responsor.

'Cause by the Convenant of thy Crosse Thou'hast sav'd at once the whole world's losse.

The Pray[e]r.

L[or]d Jesu-Christ son of the living [G]od interpose, I pray thee, thine own pretious death, thy Crosse & Passion, betwixt my soul & thy judgment, now & in the hour of my death. And vouchsafe to graunt unto me thy grace & mercy, unto all quick & dead, remission & rest, to thy church peace & concord, to us sinners life & glory everlasting. Who livest and reignest with the Father, in the unity of the Holy Ghost, one God, world without end. Amen.

THE THIRD

The Verycle

Lord, by thy sweet & saving Sign

The Responsor

Defend us from our foes & thine

Thou shalt open

Ry And my mouth

V O God make speed

RY O LORD make hast

V Glory be to

R As it was in the

THE HYMN

The Third hour's deafen d with the cry
Of crucify him, crucify
So goes the vote (nor ask them, Why?)
Live Barabbas! & let Gon dy
But there is witt in wrath, and they will try
A HAIL more crucil the[n] their crucify
For while in sport he weares a spitefull crown,
The serious showres along his decent
Face run sadly down

The Antiphona

CHRIST when he dy d Deceivd [t]he CROSSE And on death s side Threw all the losse

The captive world awak t, & found
The prisoners loose, the Ja[yl]or bound

The Versicle

Lo we adore thee Dread LAMB, & fall thus low before thee The Responsor

Cause by the convenant of thy CROSSE Thou hast say d at once the whole wor[1]ds losse

The Prayer

Lord Jesu-Christ, son of the living God! interpose, I pray thee, thine own pretious death, thy Crosse & Passion, betwixt my soul & thy judgment, now & in the hour of my death. And vouchsafe to graunt unto me thy grace & mercy, unto all quick & dead, remission & rest, to thy church peace & concord, to us sinners life & glory everlasting Who livest and reignest with the FATHER, in the unity of the Holy Ghost, one God, [w]oild without end Amen.

THE SIXT

The Versicle

Lord by thy sweet & saving Sign,

The Responsor

Defend us from our foes & thine

Thou shalt open Ry And my mouth

O Gop make speed

R O LORD make hast

∜ Glory be R≀ As it was in

THE HIMN

Ow is The noon of sorrows night
High in his patience, as their spite
Lo the faint Lamb, with weary limb
Beares that huge tree which must bear Him
That fatall plant, so great of fame
For fruit of sorrow & of shame,
Shall swell with both for Him & mix
All woes into one Crucifix
Is tortur d Thirst, it selfe too sweet a cup?
Gall, & more bitter mocks, shall make it up
Are Nailes blunt pens of superficial smart?
Contempt & scorn can send sure wounds to search the inmost
Heart

The Antiphona

O deare & sweet Dispute
Twixt deaths & Love's farr different Fruir!

Different as farr As antidotes & poysons are

By that first fatall TREE Both life & liberty

Were sold and slain By this they both look up, & live again

The Versicle

Lo we adore thee
Dread LAMB! & bow thus low before thee,

The Responsor.

'Cause by the convenant of thy CROSSE Thou'hast sav'd the world from certain losse.

The Prayer.

Lord Jesu-Christ, son of the living God! interpose, I pray thee, thine own pretious death, thy Crosse & Passion, betwixt my soul & thy judgment, now & in the hour of my death. And vouchsafe to graunt unto me thy grace & mercy, unto all quick & dead, remission & rest, to thy church peace & concord, to us sinners life & glory everlasting. Who livest and reignest with the Father, in the unity of the Holy Ghost, one God, world without end. Amen

THE NINTH

The Versicle

Lord by thy sweet & saving Sign

The Responsor

Defend us from our foes & thine

Thou shalt open

And my mouth

O God make speed O Lord make hast

Glory be to

As it was in

THE HYMN

THe ninth with awfull horror hearkened to those groanes Which taught attention ev n to rosciks & stones Hear, FATHER, hear! thy LAMB (at last) complaines Of some more painfull thing then all his paines Then bowes his all obedient head, & dyes His own lovs & our sin's Great Sacrifice The sun saw That And would have seen no more The center shook Her uselesse veil thinglorious Temple tore

The Antiphona

O strange mysterious strife Of open DEATH & hidden Life! When on the crosse my king did bleed, LIFE seem d to dy, DEATH dy d indeed

The Versicle

Lo we adore thee D[rea]d LAMB! and fall thus low before thee

The Responsor

Cause by the convenant of thy CROSSE Thou hast say d at once the whole worllld's losse

The Prayer.

Lord Jesu-Christ, son of the living God! interpose, I pray thee, thine own pretious death, thy Crosse & Passion, betwixt my soul & thy judgment, now & in the hour of my death. And vouchsafe to graunt unto me thy grace & mercy, unto all quick & dead, remission & rest, to thy church peace & concord, to us sinners life & glory everlasting. Who livest and reignest with the Father, in the unity of the Holy Ghost, one God, world without end. Amen.

EVENSONG

The Veruele

Lord, by thy sweet & saving Sign

The Responsor

Defend us from our foes & thine

Thou shalt open

And my mouth

O God make speed O Lord make hast

Glory be to

THE HYMN

BUt there were Rocks would not relent at This Lo, for their own hearts, they rend his Their deadly hate lives still. & hath A wild reserve of wanton wrath Superfluous Spear | But there's à Heart stands by Will look no wounds be lost, no deaths shall dy Gather now thy Greif's ripe FRUIT Great mother maid! Then sitt thee down, & sing thine Evinsong in the sad TREE s shade

The Antiphona

O sad, sweet TREE! Wofull & joyfull we

Both weep & sing in shade of thee When the dear NAILES did lock And graft into thy gracious Stock

The hope the health The worth, the wealth

Of all the ransom d WORLD, thou hadst the power

(In that propitious Hour) To poise each pretious limb,

And prove how light the World was, when it weighd with

Wide maist thou spred
Thine Armes, And with thy bright & blisfull head
O'relook all Libanus Thy lofty crown
The king himself is, Thou his humble Throne.
Where yeilding & yet conquering he
Prov'd a new path of patient Victory
When wondring death by death was slain,
And our Captivity his Captive ta'ne

The Versicle

Lo we adore thee Dread LAMB! & bow thus low before thee,

The Responsor

'Cause by the convenant of thy Crosse Thou'hast sav'd the world from certain losse

The Prayer

O lord JESU-CHRIST, son of the living, &c

COMPLINE

The Versicle

Lord by thy sweet & saving Sign,

The Responsor

Defend us from our foes & thine

Thou shalt open
 And my mouth
 O God make speed
 O Lord make hast

∀ Glory be
 R As it was in

THE HIMN

The Complin hour comes last, to call
Us to our own Lives funerall
Ah hardesse task! yet hope takes head
And lives in Him that here lyes dead
Run, Mary, run! Bring hither all the Blest
Arabeia, for thy Royall Phoenix nest,
Pour on thy noblest sweets, Which, when they touch
This sweeter Body, shall indeed be such
But must thy bed, lord, be a borow d grave
Who lendst to all things All the Life they have
O rather use this Heart, thus fair a fitter Stone,
Cause, though a hard & cold one, yet it is thine owne
Amen

The Antiphona

O save us then
Mercyfull K.ING of men!
Since thou wouldst needs be thus
A Saviour, & at such à rate, for us,

Save us, o save us, lord
We now will own no shorter wish, nor name a narrower word
Thy blood bids us be bold

Thy Wounds give us fair hold Thy Sorrows chide our shame

Thy Crosse, thy Nature, & thy name
Advance our claim

And cry with one accord Save them, o save them, lord

THE RECOMMENDATION.

Hese Houres, & that which hover's o're my End, Into thy hands, and hart, lord, I, commend

Take Both to Thine Account, that I & mine In that Hour, & in these, may be all thine

That as I dedicate my devoutest Breath To make a kind of Life for my lord's Death,

So from his living, & life-giving Death, My dying Life may draw a new, & never fleeting Breath.

UPON THE

II. SEPULCHER.

Here where our LORD once lay'd his Head, Now the grave lyes Buryed.

VEXILLA REGIS, THE HYMN OF THE HOLY CROSSE

I

Ook up, languisting Soul! Lo where the fair BADG of thy faith calls back thy care, And biddes thee ne re forget. Thy life is one long Debt Of love to Him, who on this painfull Tree Paid back the flesh he took for the

Ħ

Lo, how the streames of life, from that full nest Of loves, thy lord's too liberall brest, Flow in an amorous floud Of WATER wedding Blood With these he wash t thy stain, transfer d thy smart, And took it home to his own heart

III

But though great Love, greedy of such sad gain
Usurp the Portion of Thy pain,
And from the nailes & spear
Turn d the steel point of fear,
Their use is changd, not lost, and now they move
Not stings of wfraith, but wounds of love

IV.

Tall TREE of life! thy truth makes good What was till now ne're understood,

Though the prophetick king
Struck lowd his faithfull string
It was thy wood he meant should make the T[HR]ONE
For a more then SALOMON

V

Larg throne of love! Royally spred With purple of too Rich a red

Thy crime is too much duty,
Thy Burthen, too much beauty,
Glorious, or Greivous more? thus to make good
Thy costly excellence with thy King's own Blood.

VI

Even ballance of both worlds! our world of sin,
And that of grace heavn way'd in Him,
Us with our price thou weighed'st,
Our price for us thou payed'st,
Soon as the right-hand scale rejoyc't to prove

VII

How much Death weigh'd more light then love

Hail, our alone hope! let thy fair head shoot Aloft, and fill the nations with thy noble fruit

The while our hearts & we

Thus graft our selves on thee,

Grow thou & they And be thy fair increase

The sinner's pardon & the just man's peace

Live, o for ever live & reign
The Lamb whom his own love hath slain!
And let thy lost sheep live to'inherit
That Kingdom which this Crosse did merit
Amen

TO OUR B LORD

UPON THE CHOISE OF HIS

Sepulcher

How life & death in Thee Agree! Thou hadst a virgin womb, And tomb A JOSEPH did betroth Them both

CHARITAS NIMIA.

OR

THE

DEAR BARGAIN.

Ord, what is man? why should he coste thee So dear? what had his ruin lost thee? Lord what is man? that thou hast overbought So much a thing of nought?

Love is too kind, I see, & can Make but à simple merchant man 'Twas for such sorry merchandise, Bold Painters have putt out his Eyes

Alas, sweet lord, what wer't to thee If there were no such wormes as we? Heav'n ne're the lesse still heavn would be,

Should Mankind dwell In the deep hell

What have his woes to doe with thee?

Let him goe weep
O're his own wounds,
SERAPHIMS will not sleep
Nor spheares let fall their faithfull rounds

Still would The youthfull Spirits sing, And still thy spatious Palace ring Still would those beauteous ministers of light Burn all as bright,

And bow their flaming heads before thee Still thrones & Dominations would adore thee Still would those ever-wakefull sons of fire

> Keep warm thy prayse Both nights & dayes,

And teach thy lov'd name to their noble lyre

Le[t] froward Dust then doe it s kind, And give it self for sport to the proud wind Why should a peice of peevish clay plead shares In the Æternity of thy old cares? Why shouldst you bow thy awfull Brest to see What mine own madnesses have done with me?

Should not the king still keepe his throne Because some desperate I ool's undone? Or will the world's Illustrious eyes Weep for every worm that dyes,

Will the gallant sun
E re the lesse glorious run?
Will he hang down his golden head
Or e re the sooner seek his western bed,
Because some foolish fly
Growes wanton, & will dy?

If I were lost in misery, What was it to thy heavn \ thee? What was it to thy pretious blood If my foul Heart call d for a floud?

What if my faithlesse soul \(\) I
Would needs fall in
With guilt \(\) sin,
What did the I amb, that he should dy?
What did the lamb, that he should need?
When the wolf sins, himself to bleed?

If my base lust,
Bargain d with Death & well beseeming dust
Why should the white
Lamb's bosom write
The purple name

Of my sin's shame?

Why should his unstaind brest make good
My blushes with his own heart blood?

O my Saviour, make me see How dearly thou hast payd for me

That lost again my LIFF may prove As then in DEATH, so now in love

SANC'I'A MARIA DOLORUM

OR
THE MOTHER
OF
SORROWS.

A
Patheticall descant upon the devout Plainsong

OF

STABAT MATER DOLOROSA.

SANCTA MARIA

DOLORUM

T

IN shade of death s sad Tree
Stood Dolefull Shee
Ah She! now by none other
Name to be known, als, but Sorrows [M]other
Before her eyes
Her s, & the whole world's joyes,
Hanging all torn she sees and in his woes
And Paines, her Pangs & throes
Each wound of His, from every Part,
All, more at home in her one heart

π

What kind of marble than
Is that cold min
Who can look on & see,
Nor keep such noble sorrowes company?
Sure even from you
(My Flints) some drops are due
To see so many unkind swords contest
So fast for one soft Brest
While with & faithfull, mutuall, floud
Her eyes bleed Teares, his wounds weep Blood

Ш

O costly intercourse

Of deaths, & worse
Divided loves While son & mother
Discourse alternate wounds to one another
Quick Deaths that grow
And gather, as they come & goe
His Nailes write swords in her, which soon her heart
Payes back, with more then their own smart,

Her Swords, still growin[g] with his pain, Turn Speares, & straight come home again

IV.

She sees her son, her God,
Bow with à load
Of borrowd sins, And swimme
In woes that were not made for Him
Ah hard command
Of love! Here must she stand
Charg'd to look on, & with à stedfast ey
See her life dy
Leaving her only so much Breath
As serves to keep alive her death.

V.

O Mother turtle-dove!

Soft sourse of love

That these dry lidds might borrow

Something from thy full Seas of sorrow!

O in that brest

Of thine (the nob[l]est nest

Both of love's fires & flouds) might I recline

This hard, cold, Heart of mine!

The chill lump would relent, & prove

Soft subject for the seige of love

VI

O teach those wounds to bleed
In me, me, so to read
This book of loves, thus writ
In lines of death, my life may coppy it
With loyall cares
O let me, here, claim shares,
Yeild somthing in thy sad prærogative
(Great Queen of greifes) & give
Me too my teares, who, though all stone,
Think much that thou shouldst mourn alone.

VII

Yea let my life & me
Fix here with thee,
And at the Humble foot
Of this fair Tree take our eter[n]-ill root
That so we may
At least be in loves way

And in these chast warres while the wing d wounds flee
So fast twixt him & thee,
My breet may earth the kisse of some kind dart

My brest may catch the kisse of some kind dart, Though as at second hand, from either heart

VIII

O you, your own best Darts
Dear, dolefull hearts!
Hall & strike home & make me see
That wounded bosomes their own weapons be
Come wounds! come darts!

Nail d hands! & perced hearts!

Come your whole selves, sorrow s great son & mother!

Nor grudge à yonger Brother

Of greifes his portion, who (had all their due) One single wound should not have left for you

IX

So deep a share
(Dear wounds) & onely now
In sorrows draw no Dividend with you?
O be more wise
I[f] not more soft, mine eyes!
Flow, tardy founts! & into decent showres
Dissolve my Dayes & Howres
And if thou yet (faint soul!) deferr
To bleed with him, fall not to weep with her

Shall I, sett there

X.

Rich Queen, lend some releife, At least an almes of greif To'a heart who by sad right of sin Could prove the whole summe (too sure) due to him.

By all those stings

Of love, sweet bitter things, Which these torn hands transcrib'd on thy true heart O teach mine too the art To study him so, till we mix Wounds, and become one crucifix

XI

O let me suck the wine So long of this chast vine Till drunk of the dear wounds, I be A lost Thing to the world, as it to me.

O faithfull freind

Of me & of my end!

Fold up my life in love, and lay't beneath

My dear lord's vitall death

Lo, heart, thy hope's whole Plea! Her pretious Breath Powr'd out in prayrs for thee, thy lord's in death

UPON

THE

BLEEDING

CRUCIFIX

Α

SONG

T

Esu, no more! It is full tide From thy head & from thy feet, From thy hands & from thy side All the purple Rivers meet

II

What need thy fair head bear a part In showres, as if thine eyes had none? What need They help to drown thy heart, That strives in torrents of its own?

TIT

Thy restlesse feet now cannot goe For us & our eternall good As they were ever wont What though? They swimme Alas, in their own floud

IV

Thy hands to give, thou canst not lift Yet will thy hand still giving be It gives but ô it self's the gift It gives though bound though bound tis free

V.

But ô thy side, thy deep-digg'd side! That hath a double Nilus going. Nor ever was the pharian tide Half so fruitfull, half so flowing

VI

No hair so small, but payes his river To this red sea of thy blood Their little channells can deliver Somthing to the Generall floud.

VII.

But while I speak, whither are run All the rivers nam'd before? I counted wrong There is but one, But ô that one is one all ore.

VIII

Rain-swoln rivers may rise proud, Bent all to drown & overflow But when indeed all's overflow'd They themselves are drowned too

IX.

This thy blood's deluge, a dire chance Dear Lord to thee, to us is found A deluge of Deliverance, A deluge least we should be drown'd.

N'ere wast thou in a sense so sadly true, The Well of living Waters, Lord, till now

UPON THE CROWNE OF THORNS

TAKEN DOWNE

From the head of our Bl LORD, all Bloody

 $K^{\text{Now st thou This, Souldier}} \overset{\text{Tis λ much chang d plant}}{\overset{\text{which yet}}{\text{Thy selfe didst sett}}}$

O who so hard a Husbandman did ever find A soile so kind?

Is not the soile a kind one, which returnes Roses for Th[or]nes?

UPON THE BODY OF OUR BL. LORD,

NAKED

AND

BLOODY.

Hey 'have left thee naked, LORD, O that they had! This garment too I would they had deny'd.

Thee with thy self they have too richly clad, Opening the purple wardrobe in thy side

O never could there be garment too good For thee to wear, But this, of thine own Blood. THE

HYMN

O F

SANITE THOMAS

ΙN

ADORATION OF

THE

BLESSED

SACRAMENT

ADORO

TE

Ith all the powres my poor Heart hath Of humble love & loyall Faith, Thus lowe (my hidden life!) I bow to thee Whom too much love hath bow'd more low for me. Down down, proud sense! Discourses dy. Keep close, my soul's inquiring ey! Nor touch nor tast must look for more But each sitt still in his own Dore

Your ports are all superfluous here,
Save That which lets in faith, the eare
Faith is my skill Faith can believe
As fast as love new lawes can give
Faith is my force Faith strength affords
To keep pace with those powrfull words
And words more sure, more sweet, then they
Love could not think, truth could not say

O let thy wretch find that releife
Thou didst afford the faithfull theife
Plead for me, love! Alleage & show
That faith has farther, here, to goe
And lesse to lean on Because than
Though hidd as God, wounds writt thee man,
Thomas might touch, None but might see
At least the suffring side of thee,
And that too was thy self which thee did cover,
But here ev'n That's hid too which hides the other.

Sweet, consider then, that I
Though allow'd nor hand nor eye
To reach at thy lov'd Face, nor can
Tast thee God, or touch thee Man
Both yet beleive, And wittnesse thee
My Lord too & my God, as lowd as He

Help, lord, my Hope increase, And fill my portion in thy peace Give love for life nor let my dayes Grow, but in new powres to thy name & praise

O dear memoriall of that Death Which lives still, & allowes us breath! Rich, Royall food! Bountyfull Bread! Whose use denyes us to the dead, Whose vitall gust alone can give The same leave both to eat & live, Live ever Bread of loves, & be My life, my soul, my surer selfe to mee

O soft self wounding Pelican! Whose brest weepes Balm for wounded man Ah this way bend thy benign floud To a bleeding Heart that gaspes for blood That blood, whose least drops soveraign be To wash my worlds of sins from me Come love! Come Lord! & that long day For which I languish, come away When this dry soul those eyes shall see, And drink the unseal d sourse of thee When Glory s sun faith s shades shall chase, And for thy veil give me thy FACE

AMEN

LAUDA SION SALVATOREM.

THE HYMN

FOR

THE BL. SACRAMENT.

Ī

Ise, Royall Sion! rise & sing
Thy soul's kind shepheard, thy hart's King
Stretch all thy powres, call if thou can
Harpes of heavn to hands of man
This soveraign subject sitts above
The best ambition of thy love.

II.

Lo the Bread of Li[F]E, this day's Triumphant Text, provokes thy prayse The living & life-giving bread, To the great twelve distributed When Life, himself, at point to dy Of love, was his own Legacy.

III

Come, love! & let us work a song Lowd & pleasant, sweet & long, Let lippes & Hearts lift high the noise Of so just & solemn joyes, Which on his white browes this bright day Shall hence for ever bear away.

ΙV

Lo the new Law of a new Lord With a new Lamb blesses the Board The aged Pascha pleads not yeares But spyes love's dawn, & disappeares Types yeild to Truthes, shades shrink away, And their Night dyes into our Day.

v

But lest That dy too, we are bid Ever to doe what he once did And by 'n mindfull, mystick breath That we may live, revive his Death, With a well bles t bread & wine Transsum d, & taught to turn divine

VΙ

The Heavn instructed house of FAITH Here a holy Dictate hath That they but lend their Form & face, Themselves with reverence leave their place Nature, & name, to be made good By a nobler Bread, more needfull Bloop

VII

Where natures lawes no leave will give, Bold FAITH takes heart, & dares beleive In different species, name not things, Himself to me my SANIOUR brings, As meat in That, as Drink in this, But still in Both one Christr he is

VIII

The Receiving Mouth here makes Non wound nor breach in what he takes Let one, or one Thousand be Here Dividers, single he Beares home no lesse, all they no more, Nor leave they both lesse then before

IX

Though in it self this SOVERAIN FEAST Be all the same to every Guest, Yet on the same (life meaning) Bread The child of Death eates himself Dead Nor is t love s fault, but sin s dire skill That thus from Life can DEATH distill

Χ.

When the blest signes thou broke shall see, Hold but thy Faith intire as he Who, howsoe're clad, cannot come Lesse then whole Christ in every crumme. In broken formes h stable Faith Untouch't her pretious Total L hath.

XI.

Lo the life-food of Angris then Bow'd to the lowly mouths of men! The children's Bread, the Bridegroom's Wing. Not to be cast to dogges, or swine

XII

Lo, the full, finall, SACRI[r]ICF On which all figures fix't their eyes The ransom'd ISACK, & his ramme, The Manna, & the Paschal Lamb.

XIII.

JESU MASTER, Just & true!
Our Food, & faithfull Shiphard too!
O by thy self vouchsafe to keep,
As with thy selfe thou feed'st thy Shipp.

XIV.

O let that love which thus makes thee Mix with our low Mortality, Lift our lean Soules, & sett us up Convictors of thine own full cup, Coheirs of Saints That so all may Drink the same wine, and the same Way Nor chang the Pasture, but the Place, To feed of Thee in thine own Face.

AMEN.

THE
HYMN

OF THE

CHURCH,

IN MEDITATION OF

THE DAY OF

JUDGMENT

T

I—I Earst thou, my soul, with serious things Of a sure judge, from whose sharp Ray The world in flames shall fly away

Π

O that fire! before whose face Heavn & earth shall find no place O those eyes! whose angry light Must be the day of that dread Night

H

O that trump! whose blast shall r[u]n An even round with the circling Sun And urge the murmuring graves to bring Pale mankind forth to meet his king

ΙV

Horror of nature, hell & Death! When a deep Groan from beneath Shall cry we come, we come & all The caves of night answer one call

٧.

O that Book! whose leaves so bright Will sett the world in severe light O that Judge! whose hand, whose eye None can indure, yet none can fly

VI.

Ah then, poor soul, what wilt thou say? And to what Patron chuse to pray? When starres themselves shall stagger, and The most firm foot no more then stand.

VII

But thou giv'st leave (dread Lord) that we Take shelter from thy self, in thee, And with the wings of thine own dove Fly to thy scepter of soft love.

VIII

Dear, remember in that Day Who was the cause thou cams't this way Thy sheep was stray'd, And thou wouldst be Even lost thy self in seeking me.

IX

Shall all that labour, all that cost Of love, and ev'n that losse, be lost? And this lov'd soul, judg'd worth no lesse Then all that way, and wearynesse?

X.

Just mercy then, thy Reckning be With my price, & not with me 'Twas pay'd at first with too much pain, To be pay'd twice, or once, in vain

XI

Mercy (my judge) mercy I cry With blushing Cheek & bleeding ey, The conscious colors of my sin Are red without & pale within

XII

O let thine own soft bowells pay Thy self, And so discharge that day If sin can sigh, love can forgive O say the word my Soul shall live

XIII

Those mercyes which thy MARY found Or who thy crosse confest & crown d, Hope tells my heart, the same loves be Still alive, and still for me

XIV

Though both my Prayres & teares combine, Both worthlesse are For they are mine But thou thy bounteous self still be And show thou art, by saving me

χv

O when thy last Frown shall proclaim The flocks of goates to folds of flame, And all thy lost sheep found shall be, Let come we blessed then call me

XVI

When the dread ITE shall divide Those Limbs of death from thy left side, Let those life speaking lipps command That I inheritt thy right hand

XVII

O hear a suppliant heart, all crush t And crumbled into contrite dust My hope, my fear! my Judge my Freind! Take charge of me, & of my End

THE

HIMN

O GLORIOSA DOMINA.

Al, most high, most humble one!
Above the world, below thy Son
Whose blush the moon beauteously marres
And staines the timerous light of stares
He that made all things, had not done
Till he had made Himself thy son
The whole world's host would be thy guest
And board himself at thy rich Brest
O boundles Hospitality!
The Fresh of all thing foods on the fall

The FEAST of all thing feeds on the[e]
The first Eve, mother of our FALL,
E're she bore any one, slew all
Of Her unkind gift might we have
The inheritance of a hasty GRAVE,
Quick burye'd in the wanton TOMB

Of one forbidden bitt,

Had not à Better Fruit forbidden it Had not thy healthfull womb

The world's new eastern window bin And given us heav'n again, in giving Him Thine was the Rosy Dawn that sprung the Day Which renders all the starres she stole away.

Let then the Aged world be wise, & all Prove nobly, here, unnaturall 'Tis gratitude to forgett that other And call the maiden Eve their most her.

Yee redeem'd Nations farr & near, Applaud your happy selves in her, (All you to whom this love belongs) And keep't alive with lasting songs.

Let hearts & lippes speak lowd, and say Hail, door of life & sourse of day! The door was shutt, the fountain seal d, Yet Light was seen & Life reveald. The fountain seald, yet life found way Glory to thee, great virgin's son In bosom of thy Father's blisse. The same to thee, sweet Spirit be done, As ever shall be, was, & is

AMEN

IN THE GLORIOUS ASSUMP'I' ION

OF

OUR BLESSED

LADY.

THE HYMN

I Take thy Farewell, poor world heavn must goe home A peice of heav'nly earth, Purer & brighter
Then the chast starres, whose choise lamps come to light her While through the crystall orbes, clearer then they She climbes, and makes a farre more milkey way She's calld Hark, how the dear immortall dove Sighes to his sylver mate rise up, my love!
Rise up, my fair, my spottlesse one!
The winter's past, the rain is gone
The spring is come, the flowrs appear
No sweets, but thou, are wanting here

Come away, my love!

Come away, my dove! cast off delay,

The court of heav'n is come

To wait upon thee home, Come come away!

The flowrs appear

Or quickly would, wert thou once here
The spring is come, or if it stay,
'Tis to keep time with thy delay
The rain is gone, except so much as we
Detain in needfull teares to weep the want of thee

The winter's past.

or if he make lesse hast, His answer is, why she does so If sommer come not, how can winter goe.

Come away, come away
The shrill winds chide, the waters weep thy stay,
256

The fountains murmur & each loftyest [t]ree, Bowes low st his heavy top, to look for thee

Come away, my love

Come away, my dove &c She s call d again And will she goe? When heavn bidds come, who can say no? Heavn calls her, & she must away Heavn will not, & she cannot stay

Goe then goe GLORIOUS

On the golden wings
Of the bright youth of heavn, that sings
Under so sweet a Burthen Goe,
Since thy dread son will have it so
And while thou goest, our song & we
Will, as we may, reach after thee
HAIL, holy Queen of humble hearts!
We in thy prayse will have our parts

Thy pretious name shall be
Thy self to us & we
With holy care will keep it by us
We to the last
Will hold it fast
And no Assumerion shall deny us
All the sweetest showres
Of our fairest flowres
Will we strow upon it
Though our sweets cannot make
It sweeter, they can take

Themselves new sweetnes from it MARIA men & Angels sing

MARIA, mother of our King

Live rosy princesse, Live And may the bright Crown of a most incomparable light Embrace thy radiant browes O may the best

Of everlasting joyes bath thy white brest Live, our chast love the holy mirth Of heavn the humble pride of earth Live, c[r]own of woemen Queen of men Live mistresse of our song And when Our weak desires have done their [b]est, Sweet Angels come, and sing the rest

257

SANITE

MAGDALENE

O_R

THE WEEPER.

Loe where à Wounded Heart with Bleeding Eyes conspire. Is she a Flaming Fountain, or a Weeping fire!

THE

WEEPER

Ι

HAIA, sister springs!
Parents of sylver footed rills!
Ever bubling things!
Thawing crystall! snowy hills,
Still spending, never spent! I mean
Thy fair eyes, sweet MAGDALENE!

II

Heavens thy fair eyes be
Heavens of ever falling starres
Tis seed time still with thee
And starres thou sow st, whose harvest dares
Promise the earth to counter shine
Whatever makes heavn s forhead fine

III

But we are deceived all
Starres indeed they are too true
For they but seem to fall,
As Heavn's other spangles doe
It is not for our earth & us
To shine in Things so pretious

IV

Upwards thou dost weep
Heavn's bosome drinks the gentle stream
Where th milky rivers creep
Thine floates above & is the cream
Waters above th Heavns, what they be
We are taught best by thy TEARES & thee

V

Every morn from hence
A brisk Cherub somthing sippes
Whose sacred influence
Addes sweetnes to his sweetest Lippes.
Then to his musick. And his song
Tasts of this Breakfast all day long.

VI.

Not in the evening's eyes
When they Red with weeping are
For the Sun that dyes,
Sitts sorrow with a face so fair,
No where but here did ever meet
Sweetnesse so sad, sadnesse so sweet

VII

When sorrow would be seen
In her brightest majesty
(For she is a Queen)
Then is she drest by none but thee.
Then, & only then, she weares
Her proudest pearles, I mean, thy Teares.

VIII

The deaw no more will weep
The prim rose's pale cheek to deck,
The deaw no more will sleep
Nuzzel'd in the lilly's neck,
Much reather would it be thy Tear,
And leave them Both to tremble here

IX.

There's no need at all
That the balsom-sweating bough
So coyly should let fall
His med'cinable teares, for now
Nature hath learn't to'extract a deaw
More soveraign & sweet from you.

x

Yet let the poore drops weep (Weeping is the case of woo) Softly let them creep, Sad that they are vanquish t so They, though to others no releife, Balsom maybe, for their own greife

ΧI

Such the maden gemme
By the purpling vine put on,
Peeps from her parent stemme
And blushes at the bridegroomes sun
This watry Blossom of thy eyn,
Ripe, will make the richer wine

XII

When some new bright Guest
Takes up among the starres a room,
And Heavn will make a feast,
Angels with crystall violis come
And deaw from these full eyes of thine
Their master's Water their own Wine

XIII

Golden though he be,
Golden Tagus murmures tho
Were his way by thee,
Content & quiet he would goe
So much more rich would he esteem
Thy sylver, then his golden stream

XIV

Well does the May that Iyes
Smiling in thy checks, confesse
The April in thine eyes
Mutuall sweetnesse they expresse
No April ere lent kinder showes,
Nor May return d more faithfull flowres

XV.

O c[h]eeks! Bedds of chast loves
By your own showres seasonably dash't
Eyes! nests of milky doves
In your own wells decently washt.
O wit of love! that thus could place
Fountain & Gaiden in one face.

[XVI.]

O sweet Contest, of woes
With loves, of teares with smiles disputing!
O fair, & Freindly Foes,
Each other kissing & confuting!
While rain & sunshine, Cheekes & Eyes
Close in kind contrarietyes

XVII.

But can these fair Flouds be
Freinds with the bosom fires that fill you!
Can so great flames agree
Æternall Teares should thus distill thee!
O flouds, o fires! o suns ô showres!
Mixt & made freinds by love's sweet powres.

XVIII

Twas his well-pointed dait
That digg'd these wells, & drest this wine,
And taught the wounded Heart
The way into these weeping Eyn
Vain loves avant! bold hands forbear!
The lamb hath dipp't his white foot here

XIX.

And now where're he strayes,
Among the Galilean mountaines,
Or more unwellcome wayes,
He's follow'd by two faithfull fountaines,
Two walking baths, two weeping motions,
Portable, & compendious oceans

xx

O Thou, thy lord s fair store!
In thy so rich & rare expenses,
Even when he showd most poor,
He might provoke the wealth of Princes
What Prince s wanton st pride e re could
Wash with Sylver, wipe with Gold

XXI

Who is that King, but he
Who calls t his Grown to be call d thine,
That thus can boast to be
Waited on by a wandring mine,
A voluntary mint, that strowes
Warm sylver shoures where re he goes!

XXII

O pretious Prodigall!

Fair spend thrift of thy self! thy measure (Mercilesse love!) is all

Even to the last Pearle in thy threasure
All places, Times, & objects be
Thy teares sweet opportunity

XXIII

Does the day-starter rise?
Still thy startes doe fall & fall,
Does day close his eyes?
Still the Fountain weeps for all
Let night or day doe what they will,
Thou hast thy task thou weepest still

XXIV

Does thy song Iull the air?
Thy falling teares keep faithfull time
Does thy sweet breath d paire
Up in clouds of incense climb?
Still at each sigh, that is, each stop,
A bead, that is, A Tear, does drop,

XXV.

At these thy weeping gates,
(Watching their watry motion)
Each winged moment waits,
Takes his Tran, & gets him gone
By thine Ey's tinct enobled thus
Time layes him up, he's pretious

XXVI

Not, so long she lived,
Shall thy tomb report of thee,
But, so long she grewed,
Thus must we date thy memory
Others by moments, months, & yeares
Measure their ages, thou, by Teares

XXVII.

So doe perfumes expire
So sigh tormented sweets, opprest
With proud unpittying fires.
Such Teares the suffring Rose that's vext
With ungentle flames does shed,
Sweating in a too warm bed

XXVIII

Say, the bright brothers,

The fugitive sons of those fair Eyes
Your fruitfull mothers!

What make you here? what hopes can tice
You to be born? what cause can borrow
You from Those nests of noble sorrow?

XXIX

Whither away so fast?
For sure the sordid earth
Your Sweetnes cannot tast
Nor does the dust deserve their birth.
Sweet, whither hast you then? o say
Why you trip so fast away?

XXX

We goe not to seek,
The darlings of Auroras bed,
The rose s modest Cheek
Nor the violet s humble head
Though the Feild's eyes too Weepers be
Because they want such Teares is we

XXXI

Much lesse mean we to trace
The Fortune of inferior gemmes,
Preferr d to some proud face
Or pertch t upon fear d Diddems
Crown d Heads are toyes We goe to meet
A worthy object, our lord's Feet

AHYMN

ΤO

THE NAME AND HONOR

OF

THE ADMIRABLE

SANITE

TERESA,

FOUNDRESSE

of the Reformation of the Discalced CARMELITES, both men & Women;

A

WOMAN

for Angelicall heig[ht] of speculation, for Masculine courage of performance, more then a woman.

WHO

Yet a child, out ran maturity, and durst plott a Martyrdome;

THE

HYMNE

Ove, thou art Absolute sole lord
OF LIFF & DEATH To prove the word,
Weel now appeal to none of all
Those thy old Souldiers, Great \ tall,
Ripe Men of Martyrdom, that could reach down
With strong armes, their triumphant crown,
Such as could with lusty breath
Speak lowd into the face of death
Their Great Lord's glorious name, to none
Of those whose spatious Bosonies spread a throne
For Love at larg to fill, spare blood \ sweat,
And see him take a private seat,
Making his mansion in the mild

Making his mansion in the mild And milky soul of a soft child Scarse has she learn t to lisp the name

Of Martyr yet she thinks it shame
Life should so long play with that breath
Which spent can buy so brave a death
She never undertook to know
What death with love should have to doe,
Nor has she ere yet understood
Why to show love she should shed blood
Yet though she cannot tell you why,
She can Love, & she can Dy
Scarse has she Blood enough to make

A guilty sword blush for her sake Yet has she a HEART dares hope to prove How much lesse strong is DFATH then Love

Be love but there let poor six yeares Be posd with the maturest Feares Man trembles at, you st[r]aight shall find Love knowes no nonage, nor the MIND TIS LOVE, not YEARES OF LIMBS that can Make the Martyr, or the man

Love touch't her HEART, & lo it beates High, & burnes with such brave heates, Such thirsts to dy, as dares drink up, A thousand cold deaths in one cup Good reason Foi she breathes All fire Her [weake] brest heaves with strong desire Of what she may with fruitles wishes Seek for amongst her MOTHER'S [Kisses]

Since 'tis not to be had at home She'l travail to à Mar[t]yidom No home for hers confesses she But where she may à Martyr be

She'l to the Moores, And trade with them, For this unvalued Diadem
She'l offer them her dearest Breath,
With Christ's Name in't, in change for death
She'l bargain with them, & will give
Them God, teach them how to live
In him or, if they this deny,
For him she'l teach them how to Di
So shall she leave amongst them sown
Her Lord's Blood, or at lest her own

FAREWEL then, all the world! Adieu TERESA is no more for you Farewell, all pleasures, sports, & joyes, (Never till now esteemed toyes)
[Farewell what ever deare may be,]
Mother's armes or Father's knee
Farewell house, & farewell home!
She's for the Moores, & Martyrdom

SWEET, not so fast! lo thy fair Spouse Whom thou seekst with so swift vowes, Calls thee back, & bidds thee come T'embrace a milder MARTYRDOM

Blest powres forbid, Thy tender life Should bleed upon a barborous knife, Or some base hand have power to race Thy Brest's chast cabinet, & uncase A soul kept there so sweet, ô no, Wise heavn will never have it so

Thou art love's victime & must dv A death more mysticall & high Into love's armes thou shalt let fall A till surviving funerall His is the DART must make the DEATH Whose stroke shall tast thy hallow d breath A Dart thrice dip t in that rich flame Which writes thy spouse's radiant Name Upon the roof of Heav n where av It shines, & with a soveraign ray Beates bright upon the burning faces Of soules which in that name's sweet graces Find everlasting smiles So rare. So spirituall, pure, & fair Must be th immortall instrument Upon whose choice point shall be sent A life so loved. And that there be Fitt executioners for Thee. The fair st & first born sons of fire Blest Seraphim, shall leave their quire And turn love s souldiers, upon Thee To exercise their archerie O how oft shalt thou complain

Of a sweet & subtle PAIN
Of intolerable JOYES
Of a DEATH, in which who dyes
Loves his death, and dyes again
And would for ever so be slain
And lives & dyes and knowes not why
To live, But that he thus may never leave to Dy
How kindly will thy gentle HEART

And close in his embraces keep
Those delicious Wounds, that weep
Balsom to heal themselves with Thus
When These thy Deaths so numerous,
Shall all at last dy into one,
And melt thy Soul's sweet mansion
Like a soft lump of incense, hasted
By too hott a fire, & wasted

Into perfuming clouds, so fact
Shalt thou exhale to He what last
In a resolving Sigh, and then
O what? Ask not the Tongues of men.
Angells cannot tell, suffice,
Thy selfe shall feel thine own full joyes
And hold them fast for ever there
So soon as you first appear,
The Moon of maiden starrs, thy white
Misirissi, attended by such bright
Soules as thy shining self, shall come
And in her first rankes make thee room,
Where mongst her snowy family
Immortall well comes wait for thee

O what delight, when reveil'd Li[11] shill stand And teach thy lipps heav'n with his hand, On which thou now maist to thy wishes Heap up thy conscerated kisses. What joyes shall seize thy soul, when she Bending her blessed eyes on thee (Those second Smiles of Heav'n) shall dart. Her mild rayes through thy melting heart!

Angels, thy old freinds, there shall greet thee

All thy good Workers which went before
And waited for thee, at the door,
Shall own thee there, and all in one
Weave a constellation
Of Crowns, with which the King thy spouse

Shall build up thy triumphant browes.

All thy old woes shall now smile on thee.

And thy paines sitt bright upon thee.

All thy Suffrings be divine.

Tearls shall take comfort, & turn gemms.

And Wrongs repent to Diademms.

Ev'n thy Death shall live, & new.

Dresse the soul that erst they slew.

Thy wounds shall blush to such bright scarres.

As keep account of the Lamb's warres.

Those rare Workes where thou shalt leave writt

Love's noble history, with witt Taught thee by none but him, while here They feed our soules, shall cloth THINE there Each heavnly word by whose hid flame Our hard Hearts shall strike fire, the same Shall flourish on thy browes, & be Both fire to us & flame to thee Whose light shall live bright in thy FACE By glory, in our hearts by grace Thou shalt look round about, & see Thousands of crown d Soules throng to be Themselves thy crown Sons of thy vowes The virgin-births with which thy soveraign spouse Made fruitfull thy fair soul, goe now And with them all about thee bow To Him, put on (heel say) put on (My rosy love) That thy rich zone Sparkling with the sacred flames Of thousand soules, whose happy names Heav n keep upon thy score (Thy bright Life brought them first to kisse the light That kindled them to starrs) and so Thou with the LAMB, thy lord, shalt goe, And whereso ere he setts his white Stepps walk with Him those wayes of light Which who in death would live to see, Must learn in life to dy like thee

AN

APOLOGIE

FOR

THE FORE-GOING HYM[NE]

as having been writt when the author was yet among the protestantes.

Hus have I back again to thy bright name (Fair floud of holy fires!) transfus'd the flame I took from reading thee, tis to thy wrong I know, that in my weak & worthlesse song Thou here art sett to shine where thy full day Scarse dawnes O pardon if I dare to say Thine own dear bookes are guilty For from thence I learn't to know that love is eloquence That hopefull maxime gave me hart to try If, what to other tongues is tun'd so high, Thy praise might not speak English too, forbid (By all thy mysteryes that here ly hidde) Forbid it, mighty Love! let no fond Hate Of names & wordes, so farr præjudicate. Souls are not SPANIARDS too, one freindly floud Of BAPTISM blends them all into a blood CHRIST's faith makes but one body of all soules A[n]d love's that body's soul, no law controwlls Our free traffique for heav'n we may maintaine Peace, sure, with piety, though it come from Spain What soul so e're, in any language, can Speak heav'n like her's is my souls country-man.

O tis not spanish, but tis heav n she speaks! Tis heav n that lyes in ambush there, & breaks From thence into the wondring reader's brest Who feels his warm HEART into a nest Of little EAGLES & young loves, whose high Flights scorn the lazy dust, & things that dy There are now, whose draughts (as deep as hell) Drink up al Spain in sack Let my soul swell With thee, strong wine of love! let others swimme In puddles, we will pledge this SERAPHIM Bowles full of richer blood then blush of grape Was ever guilty of, Change we too our shape (My soul,) Some drink from men to beasts, o then Drink we till we prove more, not lesse, then men, And turn not beasts, but Angels Let the king Me ever into these his cellars bring Where flowes such wine as we can have of none But Him who trod the wine presse all alone Wine of youth, life, & the sweet Deaths of love. Wine of immortall mixture which can prove It's Tincture from the rosy nectar wine That can exalt weak EARTH & so refine Our dust, that at one draught, mortality May drink it self up, and forget to dy

THE

FLAMING HEART

UPON THE BOOK AND Picture of the seraphical saint

TERESA,

(AS SHE IS USUALLY EX-

pressed with a SERAPHIM b[e]side her.)

WEll meaning readers! you that come as freinds And catch the pretious name this peice pretends, Make not too much hast to' admire That fair-check't fallacy of fire That is a SERAPHIM, they say And this the great TERESIA Readers, be rul'd by me, & make Here a well-plac't & wise mistake You must transpose the picture quite, And spell it wrong to read it right, Read Him for her, & her for him, And call the SAINT the SERAPHIM Painter, what didst thou understand To put her dart into his hand! See, even the yeares & size of him Showes this the mother Seraphim This is the mistresse flame, & duteous he Her happy fire-works, here, comes down to see O most poor-spirited of men! Had thy cold Pencil kist her PEN

Thou couldst not so unkindly err To show us This faint shade for HER Why man, this speakes pure mortall frame, And mockes with female Frost love's manly flame One would suspect thou meant st to print Some weak, inferiour, woman saint But had thy pale-fac t purple took Fire from the burning cheeks of that bright Booke Thou wouldst on her have heapt up all That could be found SERAPHICALL. What ere this youth of fire weares fair. Rosy fingers, radiant hair, Glowing cheek, & glistering wings, All those fair & flagrant things, But before all, that fiery DART Had fill d the Hand of this great HEART Doe then as equall right requires,

Since His as equal inght requires, Since His the blushes be & her's the fires, Resume & rectify thy rude design Undresse thy Seraphim into Mine Redeem this injury of thy art Give Him the vail, give her the dart

Give Him the vail that he may cover The Red cheeks of a rivall d lover Asham d that our world, now, can show Nests of new Seraphims here below

Give her the DART for it is she

(Fair youth) shootes both thy shaft & Thee Say, all ye wise & well peirc t hearts
That live & dy amidst her darts
What is t your tastfull spirits doe prove
In that rare life of Her, and love?
Say & bear wittnes Sends she not
A Serahim at every shott?
What magazins of immortall Armes there shine!
Heavn's great artillery in each love spun line
Give then the dart to her who gives the flame
Give him the veil, who gives the shame

But if it be the frequent fate Of worst faults to be fortunate

If all's præscription, & proud wrong Hearkens not to an humble song, For all the gallantry of him, Give me the suff[r]ing SERAPHIM. His be the bravery of all those Bright things The glowing cheekes, the glistering wings, The Rosy hand, the radiant DART, Leave HER alone THE FLAMING HEART Leave her that, and thou shalt leave her Not one loose shaft but love's whole quiver For in love's feild was never found A nobler weapon then a Wound Love's passives are his activ'st part, The wounded is the wounding heart O HEART! the æquall poise of love's both parts Bigge alike with wound & darts Live in these conquering leaves, live all the same, And walk through all tongues one triumphant FLAME. Live here, great HEART, & love and dy & kill, And bleed & wound, and yelld & conquer still Let this immortall life wherere it comes Walk in a crowd of loves & Martyrdomes Let mystick Deaths wait on't, & wise soules be The love-slain wittnesses of this life of thee O sweet incendiary! shew here thy art, Upon this carcasse of a hard, cold, hart, Let all thy scatter'd shafts of light, that play Among the leaves of thy larg Books of day, Combin'd against this BREST at once break in And take away from me my self & sin, This gratious Robbery shall thy bounty be, And my best fortunes such fair spoiles of me. O thou undanted daughter of desires! By all thy dowr of LIGHTS & FIRES, By all the eagle in thee, all the dove, By all thy lives & deaths of love, By thy larg draughts of intellectuall day, And by thy th[ir]sts of love more large then they, By all thy brim-fill'd Bowles of feirce desire By thy last Morning's draught of liquid fire,

By the full kingdome of that finall kisse
That seiz d thy parting Soul, & seal d thee his,
By all the heav ns thou hast in him
(Fair sister of the Seraphim')
By all of Him we have in Thee,
Leave nothing of my Self in me
Let me so read thy life, that I
Unto all life of mine may dy

ASONG

ORD, when the sense of thy sweet g[r]ace Sends up my soul to seek thy face Thy blessed eyes breed such desire, I dy in love's delicious Fire

O love, I am thy SACRIFICE Be still triumphant, blessed eyes Still shine on me, fair suns! that I Still may behold, though still I dy

Second part
Though still I dy, I live again,
Still longing so to be still slain,
So gainfull is such losse of breath
I dy even in desire of death

Still live in me this loving strife Of living Death & dying Life For while thou sweetly slayest me Dead to my selfe, I live in Thee

PRAYER.

AN ODE, WHICH WAS

Præfixed to a little Práyer-book giv[e]n to a young

GENTLE-WOMAN.

A nest of new-born sweets,

Whose native fires disdaining

To ly thus folded, & complaining

Of these ignoble sheets,

Affect more comly bands

(Fair one) from the kind hands

And confidently look

To find the rest

Of a rich binding in your Brest
It is, in one choise handfull, heavenn, & all
Heavn's Royall host, incamp't thus small
To prove that true schooles use to tell,
Ten thousand Angels in one point can dwell
It is love's great artillery
Which here contracts i[t] self, & comes to ly
Close couch't in their white bosom & from thence
As from a snowy fortresse of defence,
Against their ghostly foes to take their part,
And fortify the hold of their chast heart.
It is an armory of light

Let constant use but keep it bright,

You'l find it yeilds

To holy hands & humble hearts More swords & sheilds

Then sin hath snares, or Hell hath darts.
Only be sure

The hands be pure

That hold these weapons, & the eyes
Those of turtles chast & true,

Wakefull & wise

Here is a freind shall fight for you, Hold but this book before their heart, Let prayer alone to play his part,

But o the heart That studyes this l

That studyes this high ART Must be a sure house keeper, And yet no sleeper Dear soul, be strong

MERCY will come e're long
And bring his besom fraught with blessings,
Flowers of never fading graces
To make immortall dressings
For worthy soules, whose wise embraces
Store up themselves for Him, who is alone
The Spouse of Virgins & the Virgins son
But if the noble Bridegroom, when he come,
Shall find the loytering Heart from home

Leaving her chast aboad To gadde abroad

Among the gay mates of the god of flyes To take her pleasure & to play And keep the devills holyday To dance th sunshine of some smiling

But beguiling
Spheares of sweet & sugred Lyes,
Some slippery Pair

Of false perhaps as fair, Flattering but forswearing eyes Doubtlesse some other heart

Will gett the start
Mean while, & stepping in before
Will take possession of that sacred store
Of hidden sweets & holy joyes
Words which are not heard with EARES
(Those tumultuous shops of noise)
Effectuall wispers, whose still voice
The soul it selfe more feeles then heares

Amorous languishments, luminous trances, Sights which are not seen with eyes, Spirituall & soul-peircing glances Whose pure & subtil lightning flyes Home to the heart, & setts the house on fire And melts it down in sweet desire

Yet does not stay

To ask the windows leave to passe that way, Delicious Deaths, soft exalations Of soul, dear & divine annihilations,

A thousand unknown rites

Of joyes & rarefy'd delights,

A hundred thousand goods, glories, & graces,

And many a mystick thing Which the divine embraces

Of the deare spouse of spirits with them will bring For which it is no shame

That dull mortality must not know a name Of all this store

Of blessings & ten thousand more

(If when he come
He find the Heart from home)
Doubtlesse he will unload
Himself some other where,
And poure abroad

His pretious sweets
On the fair soul whom first he meets
O fair, ô fortunate! O riche, ô dear!

O happy & thrice happy she

Selected dove
Who ere she be,
Whose early love
With winged vowes

Makes hast to meet her morning spouse And close with his immortall kisses Happy indeed, who never misses To improve that pretious hour,

And every day

Seize her sweet prey All fresh & fragrant as he rises

Dropping with a baulmy Showr A delicious dew of spices, O let the blissfull heart hold fast Her heavnly arm full she shall tast At once ten thousand paradises,

She shall have power To rifle & deflour

The rich & roseall spring of those rare sweets Which with a swelling bosome there she meets

Boundles & infinite
Bottomles treasures

Of pure inebriating pleasures Happy proof! she shal discover

What joy, what blisse, How many Heav ns at once it is

To have her God become her Lover

TO THE SAME PARTY COUNCEL

CONCERNING HER

CHOISE

Ear, heavn-designed Soul!
Amongst the rest
Of suters that beseige your Maiden brest,
Why m[a]y not I
My fortune try

And venture to speak one good word Not for my self alas, but for my dearer LORD? You'ave seen allready, in this lower sphear Of froth & bubbles, what to look for here. Say, gentle soul, what can you find

> But painted shapes, Peacocks & Apes, Illustrious flyes,

Guilded dunghills, glorious LYES,

Goodly surmises And deep disguises,

Oathes of water, words of wind?
TRUTH biddes me say, 'tis time you cease to trust Your soul to any son of dust

'Tis time you listen to a braver love,

Which from above Calls you up higher And biddes you come And choose your roome

Among his own fair sonnes of fire,

Where you among The golden throng

That watches at his palace doores

May passe along

And follow those fair starres of yours,
Starrs much too fair & pure to wait upon
The false smiles of a sublunary sun
Sweet let me prophesy that at last twill prove
Your wary love

Layes up his purer & more pretious vowes,
And meanes them for a farre more worthy Spouse
Then this world of Lyes can give ye
Ev n for Him with whom nor cost,
Nor love, nor labour can be lost
Him who never will deceive ye
Let not my lord, the Mighty lover
Of soules, disdain that I discover
The hidden art

Of his high stratagem to win your heart,

It was his heavnly art
Kindly to crosse you
In your mistaken love,
That, at the next remove
Thence he might tosse you
And strike your troubled heart

Home to himself to hide it in his brest
The bright ambrosiall nest,

Of love, of life, & everlasting rest Happy Mystake! That thus shall wake

Your wise soul, never to be wonne Now with a love below the sun Your first choyce failes, o when you choose agen May it not be amongst the sonnes of Men

ALEXIAS.

THE COMPLAIN'T

OF

THE FORSAKEN WIFE

OF SANITE ALEXIS

THE FIRST ELEGIE

Late the roman youth's lov'd prayse & pride, Whom long none could obtain, though thousands try'd, Lo here am left (alas), For my lost mate T'embrace my teares, & kisse an unkind FATE Sure in my early woes starres were at strife, And try'd to make a Widow ere a Wife Nor can I tell (and this new teares doth breed) In what strange path my lord's fair footsteppes bleed O knew I where he wander'd, I should see Some solace in my sorrow's certainty I'd send my woes in words should weep for me (Who knowes how powrfull well-writt praires would be?) Sending's too slow a word, my selfe would fly Who knowes my own heart's woes so well as I? But how shall I steal hence? ALEXIS thou Ah thou thy self, alas, hast taught me how Love too, that leads the, would lend the wings To bear me harmlesse through the hardest things And where love lends the wing, & leads the way, What dangers can there be dare say me nay? If I be shipwrack't Love shall teach to swimme If drown'd, sweet is the death indur'd for Him, The noted sea shall change his name with me, I, 'mongst the blest STARRES a new name shall be. 284

And sure where lovers make their watry graves
The weeping mainier will augment the waves
For who so hard, but passing by that way
Will take acquaintance of my woes, & say
Here t was the roman Main found a hard fate
While through the world she sought her wandring mate
Here perish t she, poor heart, heavins, be my vowes
As true to me, as she was to her spouse
O live, so rare a love! live! & in thee
The too frail life of femal constancy
Farewell, & shine, fair soul, shine there above
Firm in thy crown, as here fast in thy love
There thy lost fugitive thou hast found at last
Be happy and for ever hold him fast

THE

SECONDE ELEGIE.

Hough All the joyes I had fleed hence with Thee, Unkind! yet are my Teares still true to me. I'am wedded ore again since thou art gone, Nor couldst thou, cruell, leave me quite alone. ALEXIS' widdow now is sorrow's wife With him shall I weep out my weary life. Wellcome, my sad sweet Mate! Now have I gott At last a constant love that leaves me not Firm he, as thou art false, Nor need my cryes Thus vex the earth & teare the skyes For him, alas, n'ere shall I need to be Troublesom to the world, thus, as for thee For thee I talk to trees, with silent groves Expostulate my woes & much-wrong'd loves Hills & relentlesse rockes, or if there be Things that in hardnesse more allude to thee, To these I talk in teares, & tell my pain, And answer too for them in teares again How oft have I wept out the weary sun! My watry hour-glasse hath old time outrunne O I am learned grown, Poor love & I Have study'd over all astrology I'am perfect in heavn's state, with every starr My skillfull greife is grown familiar Rise, fairest of those fires, whate're thou be Whose rosy beam shall point my sun to me. Such as the sacred light that erst did bring The Eastern princes to their infant king O rise, pure lamp! & lend thy golden ray That weary love at last may find his way.

THE

THIRD ELEGIE

RICH, churlish LAND! that hid st so long in thee, My treasures, rich, alas, by robbing mee Needs must my miseries owe that man a spite Who ere he be was the first wandring knight O had he nere been at that cruell [c]ost NATURE'S virginity had nere been lost Seas had not bin rebuk t by sawcy oares But ly n lock t up safe in their sacred shores Men had not spurn d at mountaines, nor made warrs With rocks nor bold hands struck the world's strong barres Nor lost in too larg bounds, our little Rome Full sweetly with it selfe had dwell t at home My poor ALEXIS, then in peacefull life, Had under some low roofe lov d his plain wife But now, ah me, from where he has no foes He flyes & into willfull exile goes Cruell return Or tell the reason why Thy dearest parents have deserved to dy And I, what is my crime I cannot tell, Unlesse it be a crime to have lov d too well If Heates of holyer love & high desire Make bigge thy fair brest with immortall fire, What needes my virgin lord fly thus from me, Who only wish his virgin wife to be? Wittnesse, chast heavis! no happyer vowes I know Then to a virgin GRAVE untouchit to goe Love s truest Knott by venus is not tyd, Nor doe embraces onely make a bride The QUEEN of angels, (and men chast as You) Was Maiden Wife & Maiden Mother too CECILIA, Glory of her name & blood With happy gain her maiden vowes made good The lusty bridegroom made approach young man Take heed (said she) take heed, VALERIAN!

My bosome's guard, a Spirit great & strong, Stands arm'd, to shelld me from all wanton wrong My Chastity is sacred, & my sleep Wakefull, her dear vowes undefil'd to keep PALLAS beares armes, forsooth, and should there be No fortresse built for true VIRGINITY? No gaping gorgon, this None, like the rest Of your learn'd lyes Here you'l find no such jest I'am yours, O were my God, my Christ so too, I'd know no name of love on earth but you He yeilds, and straight Baptis'd, obtains the grace To gaze on the fair souldier's glorious face Both mixt at last their blood in one rich bed Of rosy Marryrdome, twice Married O burn our hymen bright in such high Flame Thy torch, terrestriall love, have here no name How sweet the mutuall yoke of man & wife, When holy fires maintain love's Heavnly life! But I, (so help me heavn my hopes to see) When thousand sought my love, lov'd none but Thee Still, as their vain teares my firm vowes did try, ALEXIS, he alone is mine (said I) Half true, alas, half false, proves that poor line ALEXIS is alone, But is not mine.

DESCRIPTION

OF

A RELIGIOUS HOUSE

AND CONDITION

OF LIFE

(OUT OF BARCLAY)

O roofes of gold o re riotous tables shining Whole dayes & suns devour d with endlesse dining No sailes of tyrian sylk proud pavements sweeping, Nor ivory couches costlyer slumbers keeping False lights of flairing gemmes, tumultuous joyes, Halls full of flattering men & fris[k]ing boyes Whate re false showes of short & slippery good Mix the mad sons of men in mutuall blood and soules, just so But WALKES & unshorn woods Unforc t & genuine, but not shady tho Our lodgings hard & homely as our fare That chast & cheap, as the few clothes we weare Those, course & negligent, As the naturall lockes Of these loose groves, rough as thunpolish t rockes A hasty Portion of præscribed sleep Obedient slumbers that can wake & weep, And sing, [&] sigh, & work, and sleep again Still rowling a round spear of still returning pain Hands full of harty labours doe much, that more they may, And work for work, not wages let to morrows New drops wash off the sweat of this daye's sorrows A long & dayly d[y]ing life, which breath's A respiration of reviving deaths But neither are there those ignoble stings That nip the bosome of the world's best things,

And lash Earth-laboring souls
No cruell guard of diligent cares, that keep
Crown'd woes awake, as things too wise for sleep
But reverent discipline, & religious fear,
And soft obedience, find sweet biding here,
Silence, & sacred rest, peace, & pure joyes,
Kind loves keep house, ly close, make no noise,
And room enough for Monarchs, while none swells
Beyond the kingdomes of contentfull Cells
The self-remembring Soul sweetly recovers
Her kindred with the starrs, not basely hovers
Below, But meditates her immortall way
Home to the originall sourse of Light & intellectuall Day

ΑN

EPITAPH UPON

A YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE

DEAD AND BURYED

TOGETHER

TO these, whom DEATH again did wed, This GRAVES their second Marriage bed For though the hand of fate could force Twixt Soul & Bopy à Divorce, It could not sunder man & WIFTE. Cause They Both lived but one life Peace, good Reader Doe not weep Peace, The Lovers are asleep They, sweet Turtles, folded ly In the last knott love could ty And though they ly as they were dead, Their Pillow stone, their sheetes of lead, (Pillow hard, & sheetes not warm) Love made the bed They I take no harm Let them sleep let them sleep on Till this stormy night be gone, I'll the 'Æternall morrow dawn, Then the curtaines will be drawn And they wake into a light Whose day shall never dy in Night

DEA'I'II'S LEC'I'URE AND THE FUNERAL

OF

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN,

DEar Reliques of a dislodg'd Soul, whose lack Makes many a mourning paper put on black! O stay a while, ere thou draw in thy head And wind thy self up close in thy cold bed. Stay but à little while, until I call A summons worthy of thy funerall Come then, Youth, Beauty, & blood!

All the soft powres Whose sylken flatteryes swell a few fond howres Into a false æternity Come man, Hyperbolized Nothing! know thy span, Take thine own measure here down, down, & bow Before thy self in thine idea, thou Huge emptynes! contract thy self, & shrinke All thy Wild circle to a Point. O sink Lower & lower yet, till thy leane size Call heavn to look on thee with n[a]rrow eyes Lesser & lesser yet, till thou begin To show a face, fitt to confesse thy Kin, Thy neighbourhood to Nothing Proud lookes, & lofty eyliddes, here putt on Your selves in your unfaign'd reflexion, Here, gallant ladyes! this unpartiall glasse (Though you be painted) showes you your true face. These death-seal'd lippes are they dare give the ly To the lowd Boasts of poor Mortality These curtain'd windows, this retired eye Outstares the liddes of larg-look't tyranny. This posture is the brave one this that lyes Thus low, stands up (me thinkes,) thus & defies The world All-daring dust & ashes! only you Of all interpreters read Nature True.

TEMPERANCE OF THE

CHEAP PHYSITIAN

UPON

THE TRANSLATION OF

LESSIUS

Oe now and with some daring drugg
Bait thy disease And whilst they tugge, Thou to maintain their pretious strife Spend the dear treasures of thy life Goe, take physick Doat upon Some big nam d composition Th Oraculous Doctor s mystick bills Certain hard Words made into pills. And what at last shalt gain by these? Only a costlyer disease That which makes us have no need Of physick, that's Physick indeed Hark hither, Reader! wilt thou see Nature her own physitian be? Wilt' see a man, all his own wealth, His own musick, his own health. A man whose sober soul can tell How to wear her garments well Her garments, that upon her sitt As garments should doe, close & fitt, A well cloth d soul that s not opp[r]est Nor choak t with what she should be drest A soul sheath d in a christall shrine Through which all her bright features shine, As when a peice of wanton lawn A thinne, aeriall veil, is drawn

Or'e beauty's face seeming to hide More sweetly showes the blushing bride A soul, whose intellectuall beames No mists doe mask, no lazy steames. A happy soul, that all the way, To Heavn rides in a summer's day Wouldst' see a man, whose well-warm'd blood Bathes him in a genuine flood! A man, whose tuned humois be A seat of rarest harmony? Wouldst' see blith lookes, fresh cheekes beguil Age? wouldst see december smile? Wouldst' see nests of new roses grow In a bed [o]f re[v]erend snow? Warm thoughts, free spirits flattering Winter's selfe into a S[P]RING In summe, wouldst see a man that can Live to be old, and still a man? Whose latest & most leaden houres Fall with soft wings, stuck with soft flowres, And when life's sweet fable ends, Soul & body part like freinds, No quarrells, murmurs, no delay, A Kisse, a Sigh, and so away This rare one, reader, wouldst thou see? Hark hither, and thy self be HE

HOPE

H Ope whose weak beeing ruin d is
Whom ill or good does equally confound
And both the hornes of fates dilemma wound
Vain shadow, that dost vanish quite
Both at full noon & perfect night!

The starres have not a possibility

Of blessing Thee
If thinges then from their end we happy call,
Tis hope is the most hopelesse thing of all
Hope, thou bold Taster of delight!
Who in stead of doing so, decourst it quite

Who in stead of doing so, devourst it quite
Thou bringst us an estate, yet leav st us poor
By clogging it with legacyes before
The joyes which we intire should wed

Come deflour d virgins to our bed
Good fortunes without gain imported be
Such mighty custom's paid to Thee

For joy like wine kep t close, does better tast, If it take air before his spirits wast

If it take air before his spirits was Hope fortun's cheating lottery

Where for one prize, an hundred blankes there be Fond archer, hope Who tak st thine aime so fair That still or short or wide thine arrowes are,

Thinne empty cloud which they deceives With shapes that our own fancy gives

A cloud which gilt & painted now appeares
But must drop presently in teares

When thy false beames o're reason's light prevail, By Ignes Fatur for north starres we sail Brother of fear more gayly clad

The merryer fool oth two, yet quite as mad Sire of repen[t]ance, child of fond desire That blow st the chymick & the lover s fire

Still leading them insensibly'on
With the strong witchcraft of Anon
By thee the one does changing nature through
Her endlesse labyrinth's pursue,
And th'other chases woman, while she goes
More wayes & turnes then hunted nature knowes.

M. COWLEY.

M CRASHAWS

ANSWER

FOR HOPE

DEar hope! earth s dowry, & heavn s debt!
Subtlest, but surest beeing! Thou by whom
Our nothing has a definition!

Substantiall shade! whose sweet allay Blends both the noones of night & day

Fates cannot find out a capacity

Of hurting thee

From Thee their lean dilemma, with blunt horn,
Shrinkes as the sick moon from the wholsome morn

Rich hope! love's legacy, under lock Of faith! still spending, & still growing stock! Our crown land lyes above yet each meal brings

A seemly portion for the sonnes of kings Nor will the virgin joyes we wed

Come lesse unbroken to our bed,

Because that from the bridall c[h]eek of blisse Thou steal st us down a distant kisse

Hope s chast stealth harmes no more joye's maidenhead

Then spousall rites prejudge the marriage bed Fair hope! our earlyer heav n by thee

Young time is taster to eternity

Thy generous wine with age growes strong not sowre Nor does it kill thy fruit, to smell thy flowre

Thy golden, growing, head never hangs down

Till in the lappe of loves full noone

It falls and dyes! o no it melts away
As does the dawn into the day

As lumpes of sugar loose themselves and twine Their supple essence with the soul of wine

Fortune? alas, above the world's low warres Hope walks, & kickes the curld heads of conspiring starres Her keel cutts not the waves where These winds stirr, Fortune's whole lottery is one blank to her

Sweet hope! kind cheat! fair fallacy by thee
We are not Where nor What we be,
But What & Where we would be Thus art thou
Our absent Presence, and our future Now
Faith's sister! nurse of fair desire!
Fear's anti[dot]e! a wise & well-stay'd fire!
Temper twixt chill despair, & torrid joy!
Queen Regent in yonge love's minority!

Though the vext chymick vainly chases His fugitive gold through all her faces,

Though love's more feirce, more fruitlesse, fires assay

One face more fugitive then all they,

True hope's a glorious hunter & her chase,

The God of nature in the feilds of grace

VIVE JESU

Richardi Ciashawi

POEMA'I A

EΤ

EPIGRAMMATA,

Quæ scripsit Latina & Græca,

Dum Aulæ Pemb Alumnus fuit, Et

Collegii Petrensis Socius

Editio Secunda, Auctior & emendatior

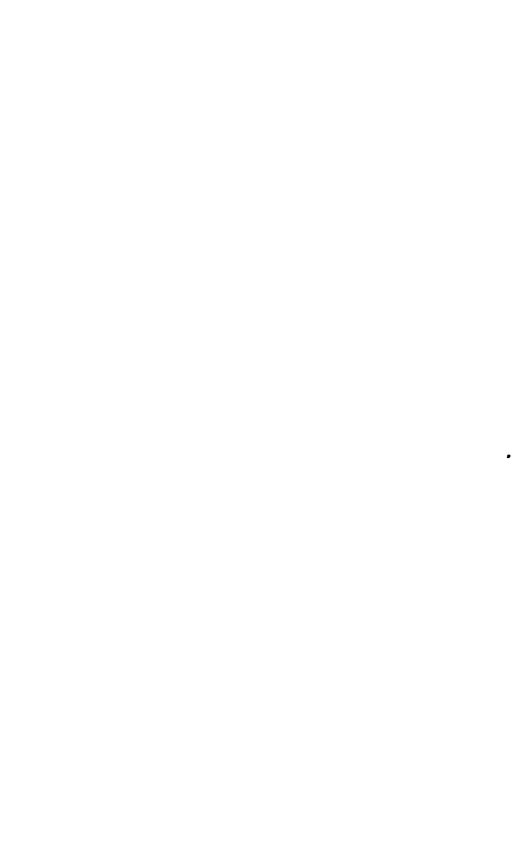
Εἴνεκεν ευμαθιης πιιυτοφρονος ηι ο Μελιχρος Ησκησεν Μουσωι αμμιγα και \αριτωι

Αι θολ.



CANTABRIGIÆ,

Ex Officina Joan Hayes, Celeberrimæ Academiæ Typographi I 6 7 0



Luc 18

Pharisæus & Publicanus

 $A^{N\delta
ho \epsilon s}$ ιδου (ετεροισι νοοις) δυω Ιρον εσηλθον Τηλοθεν ορρωδει κεινος ό φρικαλεος

Αλλ ο μεν ως σοβαρος νηοῦ μυχον έγγυς ικανει Πλειον ο μεν νηου τλειον ο δ΄ ειχε θ εου

MARC 12 44

Obolum vidure

 \mathbf{K}^{E} ρματιοίο βραχεία ρανίς βιότοιο τ αφαυρής Ερκός αποστάζει χείρος από τρομέρας

Τοις δε ανασκιρτα πολυς αφρος αναιδεος δλβου Οι μεν απορριπτον κεινα δεδωκε μονον

MATTH 28

Ecce locus ubi jacuit Dominus

 $\Phi^{Aιδιμε}$ μοι αυτοι μαλλον μοι δεικνυθι αυτον Αυτος μου δεομαι αυτος εχη δακρυα

Ει δε τοπον μοι δεικνυναι αλις εστὶ καὶ ειπειν Ωδε τεος Μαριαμ (ηνιδε) κειτο αναξ

Αγκοίνας μου δεικυυναι δυναμαι γε καὶ ειπειν Ωδε τεος Μαριαμ (ἤνιδε) κειτο ἄναξ

In descensum Spiritûs sancti

Αὔεν Ἰουδαῖος μιαρὰ στυγερῶν τὰ κάρηνα εξθθασε τῆς ὀργῆς τὸ πρέπον οὐρανίης

'Αλλὰ γαληναίφ ὅτε κεῖται ἥσυχον ἄστρφ Φλέγμα, καὶ ἀβλήτους λείχε φιλὸν πλοκαμούς,

'Εκθαμβεῖ ὅτι γὰρ κείνοις οὕκ ἦεν ἀληθής, Νυνὶ ἐτεὸν διότι τῷδε κεραυνὸς ἔη

In S Columbam ad Christi caput sedentem

Η ταχυεργός ἄγει πτέρυς ἀστερόεσσαν ἐρετμὸς;
"Η τινὶ κείνα φέρει τὴν πόδα χιονέτην;

Χριστὲ τεἢ κεφαλἢ πάσαις πτερύγεσσιν ἐπείγει Πἢ σκιά τοι δασιόις παίζε μάλα πλοκάμοις

Ποῖά σοι ἀρρήτω ψιθυρίσματι κεῖν' ἀγορεύει, "Αρρητ', οὐκ ἡχῆς ἶσα μὲν ἀνδρομέης

Μοῦνα μὲν ἡδ' ὄρνις καλιᾶς ἐς' ἄξια ταύτης· "Αξια δ' ὅρνιθος μοῦνα μὲν ἡ καλιά

Ad D Lucam medicum

' Ο Υδέν ἐγὼ, Λουκᾶ, παρά σου μοι φάρμακον αἰτῶ, Κὰν σử δ' ἰατρὸς ἔης, κἄν μεν ἐγὼ νοσερός

'Αλλ' εν ὅσφ παράδειγμα πέλεις μοι πίστιος, αὐτὸς, Αὐτὸς ἰατρὸς, εμοὶ γ' ἐσσὶ ἀκεστορίη

EPIGRAMMATA SACRA

In stabulum ubi natus est Dominus

Ο Ικος οδ ες αυλη ου μή [τ]εος οικος Ιησου Εν θ ω τυ τικτη αυλιον ου πέλεται

Οικων μεν παντων μαλα δη καλλιστος εκείνος Ουρανου ουδε τεου μικροτερος πέλεται

Ηνιδε κειιο νεω δώμ εμπυριζετο χρυσφ Ηνιδε κεινο νεοις δωμα ροδοισι γελα

Ην ροδον ουχι γελα ην ουδέ τε χρυσον εκειθεν Εκ σου δ οφθαλμων εστίν έλεγχεμεναι

Маттн 4

Hic lapis fiat panis

"Α Ρτος εην τοι δητ (ειπειν θεμις εστίν) εκεινος Χριστε τοι αρτος έην καί λιθος αλλα τεος

H[v] ουτως του πατρος εη μεγαλου το θελημα Αρτος οτ ουκ ην τοι λ ριστε τοι άρτος εην

In die Ascensionis Dominicæ

Ντ ν έτι ημετερον σε λριστε εχομεν τον ερωτα Ουρανου ουν όσσον τον φθονον ως εχομεν

Αλλα εχωμεν εχει εα μεν τα δ αγαλματα αιθήρ Αστρατε καὶ φοιβον καὶ καλα των νεφελων

Οσσον εην ημιν δφρ ειη εν τοδε αστρον Αστρον εν ημιν η εισι τοι αστρ έκατον

Παντα ματην οτι Χριστε συ ουκ αναβαινες ες αυτόν Αυτος μεν κατεβη ουρανος εις σε τεος

Luc 18.

Cæcus implorat Christum.

I Mproba turba tace Mihi tam mea vota propinquant, Et linguam de me vis tacuisse meam?

Tunc ego tunc taceam, mihi cum meus ille loquetur Si nescis, oculos vox habet ista meos

- O noctis miserere meæ, miserere, per illam In te quæ primo riserit ore, diem.
- O noctis miserere meæ, miserere, per illam Quæ, nist te videat, nox velit esse, diem
- O noctis miserere meæ, miserere, per illam In te quam fidei nox habet ipsa, diem

Hæc anımı tam clara dies rogat illam oculorum.
Illam, oro, dederis, hanc mihi ne rapias

Υκτ' ἐλέησον ἐμήν ἐλέησον ναί τοι ἐκεῖνο Χριστὲ ἐμοῦ ἦμαρ, νὺξ ὅδ' ἐμεῖο ἔχει.

'Οφθαλμῶν μὲν ἐκεῖνο, Θεὸς, δέεται τόδε γνώμης Μή μοι τοῦτ' αἴρης, δός μοι ἐκεῖνο φάος

EPIGRAMMATA SACRA

Luc 15 4

Quis ex vobis si habeat centum oves, & perdiderit

Ut ego angelicis fiam bona gaudia turmis, Me quoq, sollicito quære per arva gradu

Mille tibi tutis ludunt in montibus agni, Quos potes baud dubiû dicere voce tuos

Unus ego erravi quò me meus error agebat, Unus ego fuerim gaudia plura tibi

Gaudia non faciunt, quæ nec fecere timorem Et plus, quæ donant ipsa peric la, placent

Horum, quos retines, fuerit tibi latior usus De me, quem recipis, dulcior usus erit

 ${f E}^{
m I_S}$ μεν εγω η μου πλανη περιηγεν αλημι $_{
m E}$ ις δε τοι σως εσομαι γηθοσυναι πλεονες

Αμνος ο μη ποιων φοβον ου ποιει δε τε χαρμα Μειζων των μεν εμου χρεια δε γλυκυτερη

Herodi D Jacobum obtruncanti

N Escis Jacobus quantum hunc tibi debeat ictum, Quæq tua in sacrum sæviit ira caput

Scilicet 1950 illi donasti hot ense toronam, Quo sacrum abscideras scilicet ense caput

Abscissum pensare caput quæ possit abunde, Sola bæc tam sæva & sacra corona fuit

 ${
m ^{st}E^{
m N}}$ $_{
m L
u}$ Τακωβε κεφαλην τοι ξιφος απηρεν $_{
m L
u}$ τοδε και στέφανον ξιφος εδωκε τεον

Μουνον αμειβεσθαι κεφαλην Ιακωβε δυναιτο Κεινος οδ ως καλος μαρτυριου στεφανος

Магтн. 20. 34

Cæci receptis oculis Christum sequuntur.

Cce manu imposità Christus nova sidera ponit Sestantur patriam sidera fidæ manum.

Hæc manus his, ciedo, calum est Hæc scilicet astra Suspicor esse, olim quæ geret ille *manu

* Revel 1 16

ΣΕὶρ ἐπιβαλλομένη Χριστοῦ ἐπίβαλλεν ὀπωπῶν Αστρα ὀπηδεύει κεῖνά γε χειρὶ Θεοῦ

Χεὶρ ἄυτη τούτοις πέλεν οὐρανός ἄστρα γὰρ διμαι, Έν χερὶ ταῦτ' ὅισει Χριστὸς ἐπειτα έβ

Luc 19 4

Zachaus in Sycomoro

Oud te, quid jactas alienis fructibus, arbor?
Quid tibi cum foliis non (Sycomore) tuis?

Quippe istic ramo qui jam tibi nutat ab alto, Mox è divinà viti racemus crit

Υπτ' ἐπικομπάζεις κενεόν, ξεινῷ δὲ τε καρπῷ, Καὶ φύλλοις σεμνὴ μὴ, συκόμωρε, τεοῖς,

Καί γαρ όδ' ἐκκρημνὴς σοῦ νῦν μετέωρος ἀπ' ἔρνους, ᾿Αμπέλου ὁ κλαδων ἔσσεται οὐρανίου

FINIS

MR CRASHAW'S POEMS

transcrib'd from his own copie, before they were printed, among w^{ch} are some not printed

> From Archbishop Sancroft's Copy, Vol 465, Tanner MSS, Bodleian Library, Oxford

> > U 2

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Ps. I.

Te te nimis, & nimis beatum! Quem non lubricus implicavit error, Nec risu miscro procax tumultus. Tu cum grex sacer undig execrandis Strident consilies, nec aure (felix !) (Felix!) non animo, vel orc mixtus, Haud intelligis impios susurros. Sed tu deliciis ferox repôstis Cultu simplice, sobriág curá Legem numinis usq. & usq. volvis Læta sic fidas colit arbor undas Quem nec immiti violentus aurâ Seirius frangit, neg contumacis Ira procellæ

At tu, profane pulvis, & lusus sacer Cujusvis auræ, fronte qua tandem feres Vindex tribunal? quanta tum, & qualis tuæ Moles procellæ stabit? ô quam ferreo Frangêie nutu, præda fiontis asperæ, Sacria fulminandus ah procul, procul A luce vultûs, aureis procul à locis, Ubi longa gremio mulcet æterno pios Sincera semper pax, & umbrosa super Insurgit alâ, vividiá, nectaris Imbres beatos rore perpetuo pluit. Sic ille sic ô vindice stat vigil, Et stabit irâ torvus in impios, Seseá sub mentes bonorum

Insinuat facili favore

Астя 28 3.

Aule, nihil metuas non fert hæc vipera virus Virtutem vestræ vult didicisse manûs Oscula, non morsus, supplex, non applicat hostis Nec metuenda venit, sed miseranda magis

FROM SANCROFT MS

Јон 6 14 26

J Am credunt Deus es (Deus est, qui teste palato, Quiq, ipso demum est judice dente Deus) Scilicet hæc sapiunt miracula de quibus alvus Proficere, & possit pingue latus fluere Hæc sua fecisti populo miracula credunt Gens pia 1 & in ventrem relligiosa suum !

In lacrymas Christi patientis

Exe dolor! potes hoc? oculos quoq, perpluis istos?
O quam non meritas hæc arat unda genas!
O lacrymas ego flere tuas, ego dignior istud,
Quod tibi cunq cadit rotis, habere meum
Siccine? me tibi flere tuas? ah, mi bone Jesu,
Si possem lacrymas vel mihi flere meas!
Flere meas? immo immo tuas hoc si modo possem
Non possem lacrymas non ego flere meas
Flere tuas est flere meas tua lacryma Christe,
Est mea vel lacryma est st tua, causa mea est

JOH 19 In Sepulchrum Domini

J Am cedant veteris cedant miracula saxi, Unde novus subito fluxerat amne latex Tu felix rupes, ubi se lux tertia tollet, Flammarum sacro fonte superba flues

Joн 13 14 ubi amorem præcipit

SIc magis in numeros, morituraq carmina vivit Un Dulcior extremà voce caducus olor, Ut tu inter strepitus odii, & tua funera, Jesu, Totus amor liquido totus amore sonas

Acr 12 23

Uge Deus! (pleno populus fremit undiq plausu)
Certé non hominem vox sonat. euge Deus!
Sed tamen iste Deus qui sit, vos dicite, vermes,
Intima turba illi, vos fovet ille sinu

Bonum est nobis esse hîc.

Ur cupis hîc adeo, dormitor Petre, manere? Somnia non alibi tam bona, Petre, vides

MAT 6 29 Videte Illia agrorum nec Solomon &c.

Andide rex campi, cui floris eburnea pompa est,
Deá nivis fragili vellere longa toga,
Purpureus Solomon impar tibi dicitur esto
Nempe (quod est melius) par fuit ille rosis

Marc 7 33 & 36

Voce, manuq simul linguæ tu, Christe, ciendæ Sistendæ nudis vocibus usus eras Sane at lingua equus est pronis effusus habenis Vox ciet, at sistit non nisi tota manus

In Beatæ Virginis verecundiam

On est hoc matris, sed (crede) modestia nati,
Quòd virgo in gremium dejicit ora suum
Illîc jam Deus est oculus jam Virginis ergò,
Ut cœlum videat, dejiciendus erit

Mitto vos, sicut agnos in medio luporum

I Os quoq, an hos igitur sævi lacerabitis agnos?
Hîc saltem, hîc vobis non licet esse lupis
At sceleris nulla est clementia at ergò scietis,
Agnus qui nunc est, est aliquando leo.

FROM SANCROFT MS

MAT 4 Christus à dæmone vectus

Rgò ille, Angelicis ò sarcina dignior alis,
Præpete sie Stygio sie volet ille vehi?
Pessime! nee l'etare timen tu scilicet inde
Non minus es Dæmon, non minus ille Deus

Јон 1 23

VOx ego sum, dicis tu vox es, sancte Johannes?
Si vox es, sterilis cur tibi mater erat?
Quàm furi ista tur. mira infocundia matris!
In vocem sterilis rarior esse solet

Vox Joannis Christus Verbum

Onstrat Joannes Christum haud res mira videtur Vox unus, verbum scilicet alter erat Christus Joanne est prior hæe res mira videtur Voce suå verbum non solet esse prius

In natales Domini Pastoribus nuntiatos

A D te sydereis, ad te, Bone Tityre, pennis Purpureus juvenis gaudia tanta vehit O bene te vigilem, cui gaudia tanta feruntur, Ut neq., dum vigilas, te vigilare putes Quem sic monstrari voluit pastoribus ether, Pastor, an Agnus erat? Pastor, & Agnus erat Ipse Deus cum Pastor erit, quis non erit agnus? Quis non pastor erit, cum Deus Agnus erit?

f + ¿e , ,

APOCAL. XII 7.

Rma, viri! (ætheriam quocung, sub ordine pubem Siderei proceres ducitis) Arma viri! Quæá, suis, (nec queîs solita est) stet dextra sagittis, Stet gladii sævå luce corusca sui.

Totus adest, totisq movet se major in iris, Fertq Draco, quicquid vel Draco ferre potest Quas secum facies (imæ mala pignora noctis)!

Quot secum nigros ducit in arma Deos!

Jam pugnas parat (heu sævus!) jam pugnat & ecce Vix potui, Pugnat, dicere jam cecidit

His tamen ah nimium est quod frontibus addidit iras, Quod potuit rugas his posuisse genis

Hoc torvum decus est, tumidiá ferocia fati, Quòd magni sceleris mors quoa magna fuit

Quòd neq, si victus, jaceat victoria vilis Quòd meruit multi fulminis esse labor Quòd queat ille suas hoc inter dicere flammas, Arma tuli frustra sed tamen arma tuli.

ACT 17. In Atheniensem merum

Psos naturæ thalamos sapis, imaq rerum
Concilia, & primæ quicquid agunt tenebræ
Quid dubitet iefluum mare quid vaga sydera volvant
Christus et est studiis res aliena tuis
Sic scire, est tantum nescire loquacius illa
Qui nempe illa sapit sola, nec illa sapit

JOH 14 Ego vitis vera.

Redo quidem sed & hoc hostis te credidit ipse Caiaphas, & Judas credidit ipse, reor Unde illis, Jesu, vitis nisi vera fuisses, Tanta tui potuit sanguinis esse sitis?

Abscessum Christi queruntur discipuli

Lle abut jamý, ô quæ nos mala cunq manetis, Sistite jam in nostras tela parata neces Sistite nam quibus hæc vos olim tela paratis, Abscessu Domini jam periêre sui

FROM SANCROFT MS

In descensum Spiritus Sancti

Oux vehit auratos nubes dulcissima nimbos?

Quis mitem pluviam lucidus imber agit?

Agnosco nostros hæc nubes abstulit ignes

Hæc nubes in nos jam redit igne pari

O nubem gratam, & memorem! quæ noluit ultrà

Tam sævè de se nos potuisse quen!

O bene! namq alio non posset rore rependi,

Cælo exhalatum quod modò terra dedit

Acr x 39

O malus appendit de mortis stipite vitam?
O malus Agricola! hoc inseruisse fiuit?
Immò quis appendit vita. hac ex arbore mortem?
O bonus Agricola! hoc inscruisse fiuit

JOH 10 Ego sum ostium

J Amq pates cordis seram gravis hasta reclusit, Et clavi claves undig te reserant Ah vereor, sibi ne manus impia clausent illas, Quæ cælt has ausa est sic aperire fores

In spinas demtas e Christi capite cruentatas

A Ccipe (an ignoscis?) de te sata germina, miles Quam segeti est messis discolor illa suæ! O quæ tam duro glebi est tim grata colono? Inserit hic spinas reddit & illa rosas

Јон. 111.

Ox erat, & Christum (Doctor mali docte) petebas,
In Christo tenebras depositure tuas
Ille autem multo dum te bonus irrigat ore,
Atq, per arcanas ducit in alta vias,
Sol venit, & primo pandit se flore diei,
Ludit et in dubiis aureus horror aquis
Sol oritur sed adhuc, & adhuc tamen (ô bone) nescis
Sol oritur tecum nox tamen est & adhuc
Non cæli illa fuit, nox fuit illa tua

In Baptistam Vocem.

Antum habuit Baptista loqui, tot flumina rerum,
Ut bene Vox fuerit, præterea nihil
Ecce autem Verbum est unum tantum ille loquitus
Uno sed Verbo cuncta loquitus erat

Act. [3 xII] 6, 7 In D Petrum ab Angelo solutum

Ors tibi, & Herodes instant cum nuncius ales Gaudia fert, quæ tu somnia ferre putas Quid tantum dedit ille (rogo) tibi? Vincula solvit Mors tibi, & Herodes nonne dedisset idem?

Luc 5 Relietis omnibus sequuti sunt eum

A D nutum Domini abjecisti retia, Petre
Tam bene non unquam jacta fueie priùs
Scilicet hoc rectè jacere est tua retia, Petre,
Nimirum, Christus cum jubet, abjicere

Joh I Agnus Dei, qui tollit peccata mundi

Rgò tot heu (torvas facies) tot in ora leonum,
In tot castra lupûm qui meat, Agnus erit?
Hic tot in horribiles, quot sunt mea crimina, pardos?
Hic tot in audaces ungue, vel oie feras?
Ah melius! pugiles quis enim commiserit istos?
Quos sua non faciunt arma, vel ira pares

FROM SANCROFT MS

MARC 8 Pisces multiplicati

Uæ secreta meant taciti tibi retia verbi, Queis non tam pisces, qu'm capis Oceanum?

JOH 13 Domine, non solum pedes, sed & caput &c

N caput! atq, suis quæ plus satis ora laborant Sordibus! huc fluvios [blurred] (ais) adde tuos Nil opus est namq, hæc (modo terius occinat ales) E fluvis fuerint, Petre, lavanda suis

JOH 12 19 Cum tot signa edidisset, non credebant

Quo tua cunq, opere efflorut alta manus Mundus adest, contrat tonat signisq reponit Signa (adeo sua sunt numina vel sceleri) Imo (ô nec nimii vis sit temeraria verbi) Ille uno sensu vel tua cuncta premit Tot, tantisq tuis miraclum hoc objicit unum, Tot tantisq, tuis non adhibere fidem

Act I In nubem, quæ Dominum abstulit

Nigra hæc¹ Quid enim mihi candida pectora monstrat²
Pectora Cygneis candidiora genis
Sit verò magis alba suo magis aurea Phœbo,
Quantumeung sibi candida nigra mihi est
Nigra mihi nubes¹ et qua neq nigrior Austros,
Vel tulit irati nuncia tela Dei
Nigra¹ licèt nimbos, noctem neq detulit ullam
Si noctem non fert, at rapit, ecce, diem

Luc 19 Vidit urbem, & flevit super eam

Rgd meas spernis lacrymas, urbs perfida? Sperne Sperne meas quas o sic facis esse tuas Tempus erit, lacrymas poterit cum lacryma demum Nostra (nec immentid) spernere spreta tuas

Luc. 18 Nec sicut iste Publicanus.

U quoq dum istius miseri peccata fateris, Quæ nec is irato mitius ungue notat, Hic satis est gemino bonus in sua crimina telo Interea quid erit, mi Pharisæe, tuis?

MAT. 8. & accedentes discipuli excitavérunt eum.

H, quis crat furor hos (tam raros) solvere somnos?

O vos, queîs Christi vel sopor invigilat!

Illum si somnus tenuit, vos somnia terrent,

Somnia tam vanos ingeminata metus

Nil Christi nocuit somnus (mihi credite) Somnus,

Qui nocuit, vestræ somnus erat fidei

MAT 15. In mulierem Canaanæam cum Dno decertantem

Edit 10. jam, jamá cadet modò fortiter urge

Jam, tua ni desit dextera, jamá cadet.

Nimirum hoc velit ipse tuo favet ipse triumpho

Ipse tuas tacitus res tuus hostis agit

Quas patitur, facit ille manus ictu ille sub omni est,

Atq, in te vires sentit, amatá suas,

Usq, adeò haud tuus hic ferus est, neq ferreus hostis!

Usq, adeò est miles non truculentus Amor!

Illo quam facilis victoria surgit ab hoste,

Qui, tantum ut vinci possit, in arma venit!

MAT 9 Quare comedit Magister vester cum peccatoribus &c

CIccine fraternos fastidis, improbe, morbos,
Cum tuus, (& gravioi) te quoq morbus habet?
Tantum ausus medicum morbus sibi quærere, magnus,
Tantum ausus medicum spernere, major erat

MARC 1 & Luc 14 In {febricitantem と sanatos hydropicum }

Muper lecta gravem extinxit pia pagina febrem Hydropi siccos dat modò lecta sinus Hæc vice fraterna quam se miracula tangunt, Atq. per alternum fida juvamen amant! Quippe ignes istos his quam bene mersit in undis! Ignibus his illas quam bene vicit aquas!

In S Lucam Medicum

Hanc, mihi quam miseram faciunt mea crimina vitam,
Hanc, mediei, longam vestra medela facit
Hoche diu est vixisse? diu (mihi credite) non est
Hoc vixisse diu sed timuisse mon
Tu foliis, Medice alme, tuis medicamina præbes,
Et medicaminibus (quæ mala summa) malis
Hoc mortem bene vitare est vitare ferendo

Tollat crucem suam-Esc

Et vixisse diu est hoc citò posse mori

Rgò tuam pone ut nobis sit sumere nostram
Si nostram vis nos sumere pone tuam
Illa illa, ingenti quæ te trabe duplicat, illa
Vel nostra est, nostras vel tulit illa cruces

In (Joh 17) Cygnæam D Jesu cantionem

Uæ mella, o quot, Christe, favos in carmina fundis ¹
Duleis, & (ah furias ¹) ah moribundus olor ¹
Parce tamen minus hæ si sunt mea gaudia voces
Voce quidem dulei, sed moriente canis

Et conspuebant ıllum

Oud non tam fœde sævi maris audeat ira!
Consput ecce oculos (sydera nostra) tuos
Forsan & hic aliquis sputo te excæcat, Jesu,
Qui debet sputo, quod videt ipse, tuo

Joh. 4 Rogavit cum, ut descenderet, & sanaret filium suum.

Lle vt eat tecum, in natiq, tuiq salutem?

Qui petis, ah nescis (credo) quòd Ales Amor.

Ille ut eat tecum? quàm se tua vota morantur!

Ille ut eat? tantò serius esset ibi

Ne tardus veniat, Christus tecum ire recusat.

Christi nempe ipsum hoc ire moratur iter.

Christi nempe viis perit hoc quodcunq meatur

Christi nempe viis vel properare mora est

Hîc est, cui tu vota facis tua, Christus at idem

(Crede mihi) dabit hæc qui rata, Christus ibi est

Luc 5 9 Pavor enim occupaverat eum super capturam piscium

Um nimiùm in captis per te, Petre, piscibus hæres, Piscibus (ut video) captus es ipse tuis Rem scio te prædam Christus sibi cepit & illi Una in te ex istis omnibus esca fuit

Joh vidérunt, & odérunt me

VIdit? & odit adhuc? Ah, te non vidit, Jesu
Non vidit te, qui vidit, & odit adhuc
Non vidit, te non vidit (dulcissime rerum)
In te qui vidit quid, quod amare neget.

Luc 18 39

Tud mala turba tace, mihi tam mea vota propinquant,
Tud in me linguam vis tacuisse meam?
Tunc ego, tunc taceam, mihi cum meus Ille loquetur.
Si nescis, oculos vox habet ista meos
O noctis miserere meæ miserere, per illam,
Quæ tam læta tuo ridet in ore diem
O noctis miserere meæ. miserere, per illam
Quæ, nisi te videat, nox velit esse, diem
O noctis miserere meæ. miserere, per illam,
Hæc mea quam (fidei) nox habet ipsa, diem
Illa dies animi (Jesu) rogat hanc oculorum
Illam (oro) dederis, hanc mihi ne rapias

MAT 22 In Phariscos Christi verbis insidiantes

Quam te miseri ludunt vaga tædia voti,
Ex ore hoc speras qui, Pharisæe, malum!
Sic quis ab Auroræ noctem speraverit ulnis,
Unde solet primis Sol tener ire rosis?
Sic Acheronta petas illine unde amne corusco
Lactea sydereos Cynthia lavit equos
Sic violas aconita roges sic toxica nympham,
Garrula quæ vitreo gurgite vexat humum
Deniq (ut exemplo res hæc propiore patescat)
A te sic speret quis (Pharisæe) bonum

Мат 9

FAlleris & nudum malé ponis (Pictor) Amorem Non nudum facis hunc cum sine veste facis Nonne hie est (dum sic digito patet ille fideli) Tunc, cum vestitus, tunc quoq, nudus amor?

Tolle oculos, tolle o tecum (tua sydera) nostros Ah quid enim, quid agant hic sine sole suo? Id, quod agant sine sole suo tua sydera, cœlum Id terræ hæc agerent hic sine sole suo Illa suo sine sole suis cæca imbribus essent Cæca suis lacrymis hæc sine sole suo

ACT 21 Nam ego non solum vinciri-&c

Out mortem objectis nostro, quid vincla timori ? Vincula, quæ timeam, sunt vincula sola timoris Sola timenda mihi est mors, timuisse mori

MAT. II Legatio Baptistæ ad Christum

Ro, quis es? legat ista suo Baptista Magistro.
Illi quæ referant, talia Christus habet.
Cui cæcus cernit, mutus se in verba resolvit,
It claudus, vivit mortuus, Oro, quis est?

Rgò veni, quicunq ferant tua signa timores. Quæ nos cunq vocant tristia, Christe, veni Christe, veni suus avulsum rapiat labor axem, Nec sinat implicitas ire redire vias Mutuus attonito titubet sub fœdere mundus, Nec Natura vagum dissona volvat opus Christe, veni roseos ultrà remeaie per ortus Nolit, & ambiguos Sol tiahat æger equos Christe, veni ipsa suas patiatur Cynthia noctes, Plus quam Thessalico tincta tremore genas Astrorum mala cæsaries per mane dolendum Gaudeat, horribili flore repeva caput Sole sub invito subitæ vis improba noctis Corripiat solitam, non sua jura, diem Importuna dies, nec Eoi conscia pacti, Per desolatæ murmura noctis eat Christe, veni tonet Oceanus pater, & sua nolit Claustra vagi montes sub nova sceptra meent Christe, veni quodcunq audet metus, audeat ultrà Fata id agant, quod agent tu modò, Chiiste, veni Christe, veni quâcung venis mercede malorum Quanti hoc constiterit cunq venire, veni Teá, tuosá oculos tanti est potuisse videre! Oh tanti est te vel sic potuisse frui! Quicquid id est, Pater, omne tuo pensabitur ore, Quicquid id est, veniat Tu modò, Christe, veni

F Elices! properastis 10, properastis & altam Vicistis gyro sub breviore viam Vos per non magnum vestri mare sanguinis illuc Cymba tulit nimiis non operosa notis, Quo nos tam lento sub remigio Iuctantes Ducit inexhausti vis male fida freti Nos mora, nos longi consumit inertia lethi In ludum mortis, luxuriemą sumus Nos ævo, & senio, & latis permittimur undis Spargimur in casus,-porrigimur furiis Nos miseri sumus ex amplo, spatioq perimus In nos inquirunt fata, probanto manus Ingenium fati sumus, ambitiog, malorum, Conatus mortis, consiliuma, sumus In vitæ multo multæ patet area mortis

Non vitam nobis numerant, quot viximus, anni Vita brevis nostra est sit licet acta diu Vivere non longum est, quod longam ducere vitam Res longa vità sæpe peracta brevi est Nec vos tam vitæ Deus in compendia misit, Quam vetuit vestræ plus licuisse neci Accedit vitæ quicquid decerpitur ævo Ata, illo brevius, aud citius morimur

Domitiano De S Johanne ad portam Lat Rgo ut inultus eas? Sed nec tamen ibis inultus, Sic violare ausus meg, meosq Deos Ure oleo, Lictor Oleo parat urere Lictor Sed quem uri Lictor credidit, unctus erat Te quoq sic olei virtus malefida fefellit? Sic tua te Pallas, Domitiane, juvat?

Εις τον του Στεφανου σεφανοι

Cce tuos lapides | minil est pretiosius illis Seu pretium capiti dent, capiantve tuo Scilicet hæc ratio vestri diadematis hoc est, Unde coronatis nos decet ire comis Quisq, lapis quantò magis in se vilis habetur, Ditior hoc capiti est gemma futura tuo

AH ferus, ah culter! qui tam bona lilia primus In tam crudeles jussit abire rosas Virgineum hoc qui primus ebur violavit ab ostro, Ind, sui instituit muricis ingenium Scilicet hinc olim quicung cucurrerit amnis, Ex hoc purpurei germine fontis erit Scilicet hunc mortis primum puer accipit unguem Inijciunt hodie fata, furorá manus Ecce illi sanguis fundi jam cæpit, & ecce, Qui fundi possit, vix bene sanguis erat Excitat è dolio vix dum bene musta recenti, Atq rudes furias in nova membra vocat Improbus! ut nimias jam nunc accingitur iras! Armaq, non molli sollicitanda manu! Improbus! ut teneras audet jam ludere mortes! Et vitæ ad modulum, quid puerile mori! Improbus! ut tragici impatiens præludia fati Ornat, & in socco jam negat ire suo! Scilicet his pedibus manus hæc meditata cothurnos! Hæc cum blanditus mens meditata minas? Hæc tam dura brevem decuêre crepundia dextram? Dextra Gigantæis hæc satis apta genis? Sic cunis miscere cruces? cumq ubere matris Commisses neces, & scelus, & furias? Quo ridet patri, hoc tacite quoq respicit hastam, Quoq oculo matrem mulcet, in arma redit Di Superi! furit his oculis! hoc asper in ore est! Dat Marti vultus, quos sibi mallet Amor Deliciæ irarum! torvi, tenera agmina, risus! Blande furor! terror dulcis! amande metus! Præcocis in pænas pueri lascivia tristis! Cruda rudimenta! & torva tyrocinia! Jam parcum, breviusá brevi pro corpore vulnus, Prod brevi brevior vulnere sanguis eat Olim, cum nervi, vitæq ferocior haustus Materiam morti, luxuriemó, dabunt, Olim maturos ultrò conabitur imbres, Robustum audebit tunc, solidumá, mori Ergò illi, nisi qui in sævos concreverit usus, Nec nisi quem possit fundere, sanguis erit?

Euge puer trux! Euge tamen mitissime rerum!
Quid, thit tantum trux potes esse, puer!
Euge tibi trux! Euge mihi mitissime rerum!
Euge Leo mitis! trux sed & Agne tamen!
Macte puer! macte hoe tam dure laudis honore!
Macte of prenarum hac indole, & ingenio!
At ferus ah culter! sub quo, tam docte dolorum,
In tristem properas sic, puer, ire virum
Ah ferus, ah culter! sub quo, puer auree, crescis
Mortis proficiens hie quasi sub ferul!

E, pia, ne nimium, Virgo, permitte querelis Haud volet, haud poterit natus abesse diu Nam quid eum teneat? vel qu'e magis oscula vellet? Vestri illum indigenam quid vetet esse sinus? Quippe illis qu'e labra genis magis apta putentur? Quave per id collum dignior ire manus? His sibi quid speret puer ambitiosius ulnis? Quove sub amplexu dulcius esse queat? O quæ tam teneram sibi vitis amicior ulmum Implicet, alternis nexibus immoriens? Cui circum subitis eat impatientior ulnis? Aut quæ tam nimis vultibus ora notet? Quæ tam prompta puer totics super oscula surgat? Qu'l signet gemm't nobiliore gen in? Illa ubi tam vernis adolescat mitius auris, Tamve sub apricis pendeat uva jugis? Illi qu'i veniat languor tam gratus in umbrâ? Commodius sub quo murmure somnus agat? O ubi tam charo, tam casto in carcere regnat, Maternog simul, virgineog sinu? Ille ut ab his fugiat? nec tam bona gaudia vellet? Ille ut in hos possit non properare sinus? Ille sui tam blanda sinus patrimonia spernet? Hæres tot factus tam bene deliciis? Ne tantum, ne, Diva, tuis permitte querelis Quid dubites? Non est hic fugitivus Amor

Accipe dona, Puer, parvæ libamina laudis.

Accipe, non meritis accipienda suis

Accipe dona, Puer dulcis. dumá accipis illa,

Digna quod efficies, quæ, puer, accipies.

Sive oculo, sive illa tuå dignabere dextrå,

Dextram, oculumá dabis posse decere tuum

Non modò es in dantes, sed & ipsa in dona benignus,

Nec tantum donans das, sed & accipiens

In partum B Virgs non difficilem.

Tam parcens uteri venerit ille Puer
Una hæc nascentis quodcung, pepercerit hora,
Toto illum vitæ tempore parturit
Gaudia parturientis erat semel ille parenti,
Quotidie gemitus parturientis erat.

Irculus hic similem qu'am pai sibi pergit in orbem!

Principium, suum qu'am bene finis amat!

Virgineo thalamo qu'am pulchre convenit ille

(Quo nemo jacuit) virgineus tumulus!

Undiq ut hæc æquo passu res iret, & ille

Josepho desponsatus, & ille fuit.

In Sanctum igneis linguis descendentem Spiritum.

A Bsint, qui ficto simulant pia pectora vultu, Ignea quos luteo pectore lingua beat Hoc potius mea vota rogant, mea thura petessunt, Ut mihi sit mea mens ignea, lingua luti

Cum horum aliqua dedicâram Præceptori meo colendissimo, Amico amicissimo, R Brooke

E N tibi Musam, (Preceptor colendissime) quas ex tuis modò scholis, quasi ex Apollinis officin'i, accepit, alas timidè adhue, nec alter qu'im sub oculis tuis jactitantem

Qualiter è nido mult'i jam floridus al'i Astra sibi meditatur avis, pulchrosq meatus Aërios inter proceres licèt æthera nunquam Expertus, rudibusq illi sit in ardua pennis Prima fides micat ire tamen, quatiens'a decor'i Veste leves humeros, querulumq per aëra ludens Nil dubitat vel in astra vagos suspendere risus At verò simul immensum per inane profundis Exhaustus spatiis, vacuoq sub æthere pendens, Arva procul, sylvasq suas, procul omnia cernit, Cernere que solitus, tum verò victa cadit mens, Spesq suas & tanta timens conumina, totus Respicit ad matrem, pronisq revertitur auris

Quòd tibi enim hæc feram (Vir ornatissime) non ambitio dantis est, sed justitia reddentis neq te libelli mei tam elegi patronum, quam dominum agnosco Tua sane sunt hæc, et mea neg tamen ita mea sunt, quin si quid in illis boni est, tuum hoc sit totum neg interim in tantum tua, ut quantum cunq est in illis mali illud non sit ex integro meum ita medio quodam, & misto jure utriusq, sunt ne vel mihi, dum me in societatem tuarum laudum elevarem, invidiam facerem, vel injuriam tibi, ut qui te in tenuitatis mea consortium deducere conarer Ego enim de meo nihil ausim boni mecum agnos cere nedum profiteri palàm, præter hoc unum (quo tamen milul melius) animum nempe non ingratum tuorumg hene ficiorum historiam religiosissima fide in se reponentem hoc quibuscunq testibus coram, hoc palàm in os cœli, meæq conscientiæ meum jacto effero me in hoc ultra æmuli patientiam Enim vero elegantiore obsequio venerentur te (& venerantur, scio) tuorum alii nemo me sincero magis, vel ingenuo poterit Horum deniq rivulorum, tenuium utcunq, nulliusq nominis, hæc saltem laus erit propria, quòd suum nempe nôrint Oceanum

Hymnus Veneri dum in illius tutelam transcunt virgines.

Tu tuis adsis, Venus alma, sacris Rideas blandum, Venus, & benignum, Quale cum Martem premis, aureoq, Frangis ocello

Rideas ô tum neq flamma Phæbum, Nec juvent Phæben sua tela. gestat Te satis contra tuus ille tantum Tela Cupido

Sæpe in ipsius pharetrâ Dianæ Hîc suas ridens posuit sagittas Ausus et flammæ Dominum magistris Urere flammis

Virginum te orat chorus (esse longum Virgines nollent) modò servientum Tot columbarum tibi, passerumq augere catervam

Dedicant quicquid labra vel rosarum, Colla vel servant tibi liliorum Dedicant totum tibi ver genarum, Ver oculorum

Hinc tuo sumas licet arma nato, Seu novas his ex oculis sagittas, Seu faces flamma velit acriori Flave comatas

Sume et ô discant, quid amica, quid nox, Quid bene, & blandè vigilata nox sit, Quid sibi dulcis furor, & protervus Poscat amator

Sume per quæ tot tibi corda flagrant Per quod arcanum tua cestus halat Per tuus quicquid tibi dixit olim, aut Fecit Adonis

Pes Diva salve Diva avidam tuo Necessitatem numine prorogans, Vindicta fortunæ furentis, Una salus mediis ruinis

Regini quamvis, tu solium facis Depressa parvi tecta tugurii Surgunt jacentes inter, illic Firma magis tua regna constant

Cantus catenis, carmina carcere, Dolore ab ipso gaudiaq exprimis Scintilla tu vivis sub imo Pectoris, haud metuens procellas

Tu regna servis copia pauperi Victis triumphus littora naufrago Ipsisq damnatis patrona Anchora sub medio profundo

Quin ipse alumnus sum tuus ubere Pendemus isto, & hinc animam traho O, Diva nutrix, ô foventes Pande sinus sitiens laboro

Non accipinus bievem vitam, sed facimus.

Rgò tu luges nimiùm citatam
Circulo vitam properante volvi?
Tu Deos parcos gemis, ipse cum sis
Prodigus ævi?

Ipse quod perdis, quereris perire?

Ipse tu pellis, sed et ire ploras?

Vita num servit tibi? servus ipse

Cedet abactus

Est fugax vitæ (fateor) fluentum Prona sed clivum modò det voluptas, Amne proclivi magis, & fugace Labitur unda

Fur Sopor magnam hinc (oculos recludens)
Surripit partem ruit inde partem
Temporis magnam spolium reportans
Latro voluptas

Tu creas mortes tibi mille & æva Plura quò perdas, tibi plura poscis

Pulchra non diuturna

Heu ver breve, & invidum! Eheu floriduli dies! Ergò curritis improbâ Et quæ nunc face fulgurat, Dulcis forma tenacibus Immiscebitur infimæ Heu! noctis nebulis, amor Fallax, umbraq, somnii Quin incumbitis (ınvıda Sie dictat colus, & rota Canı temporis incito Currens orbe volubilis) O deprendite Inbricos Annos et liquidum jubar Verni syderis, ac novi Floris fulgura, mollibus Quæ debetis amoribus, Non impendite luridos In manes, avidum & chaos

Quanquam sydereis genis, Quæ semper nive sobria Synceris spatiis vigent Floris germine simplicis, Flagrant ingenum rosæ

Flagrant ingenure rosæ
Quanquam perpetuå fide
Illic mille Cupidines,
Centum mille Cupidines,
Pastos nectare4 dape
Blandis sumptibus educas
Istis qui spatus vagi,
Plenis lusibus ebrii,
Udo rore beatuli,
Uno plus decies die
Istis ex oculis tuis
Istis ex oculis suas
Sopitas animant faces,
Et languentia recreant
Succo spicula melleo

Tum flammis agiles novis Lascivà volitant face, Tum plenis tumidi minis, Tum vel sydera territant, Et cælum, & fragilem Jovem Quanquam fronte sub arduâ Majestas gravis excubans, Dulces fortiter improbis Leges dictat amoribus Quanquam tota, per omnia, Cælum machina præferat, Tanquam pagina multiplex Vivo scripta volumine Terris indigitans polos, Et compendia syderum Istis heu tamen heu genis, Istis purpureis genis, Oris sydere florido, Regno frontis amabili, Mors heu crastina forsitan Crudeles faciet notas, Naturæá superbiam

Damnabit tumuli specu.

Veris descriptio

Empus adest, placidis quo Sol novus auctior horis Purpureos mulcere dies. & sydere verno Floridus, augusto solet ire per æthera vultu. Naturæ communis amor spes aurea mundi Virginëum decus & dulcis lascivia rerum Ver tenerum, ver molle subit 12m pulchrior annus Pube nova, roseæd recens in flore inventæ Felici fragrat gremio. & laxatur odora Prole parens per aquas, pero arva per omnia latè Ipse suas miratur opes, miratur honores Iam Zephyro resoluta suo tumet ebria tellus. Et crebro bibit imbre Iovem Sub frondibus altis Flora sedens, audit (fælix!) quo murmure lapsis Fons patrius minitetur aquis, quæ vertice crispo Respicient tantum, & strepero procul agmine pergunt Audit & arboreis siguid gemebunda recurrens Garriat aura comis audit quibus ipsa susurris Annuit, & facili cervice remurmurat arbor Oun audit querulas audit quodeung per umbras Flebilibus Philomela modis miserabile narrat Tum quoo præcipuè blandis Cytheræa per orbem Spargitur imperiis molles tum major habenas Incutit increpitans, cestus magis ignea rores Ingeminat, tumidosa sinus flagrantior ambit Nympharum incedit late, charituma corona Amplior, & plures curru jam nectit olores Quin ipsos quoq tum campis emittit apricis Læta parens, gremiog omnes effundit Amores Mille ruunt equites blandi, peditumo, protervæ Mille ruunt acies levium pars terga ferarum Insiliunt, gaudento, suis stimulare sagittis Pars optans gemino multum properare volatu Aerios conscendit equos hic passere blando Subsiliens lene ludit iter micat huc, micat illuc Hospitio levis incerto, & vagus omnibus umbris Verum alter gravidis insurgens major habenis Maternas molitur aves ille improbus acrem Versat apem similis, seseq agnoscit in illo

Et brevibus miscere vias, ac frangere gyris Pars leviter per prata vagi sua lilia dignis Contendunt sociare rosis, tum florcus ordo Consilio fragrante venit lascivit in omni Germine læta manus nitidis nova gloria pennis Additur, illustri gremio sedet aurea messis. Gaudet odoratas coma blandior ire sub umbras. Excutiunt solitas (immitia tela) sagittas, Ridentesq alus pharetræ spectantur in armis. Flore manus, & flore sinus, flore omnia lucent Undig jam flos est vitreas hic pronus ad undas Ingenium illudentis aquæ, fluitantiaq, ora, Et vaga miratur tremulæ mendacia formæ Inde suos probat explorans, & judice nymphâ Informat radios, ne non satis igne protervo Ora tremant, agilesq docet nova fulgura vultus, Atg, suo vibrare jubet petulantiùs astro

I Ec est, quæ sacrå didicit florere figurå,
Non nisi per lachrymas charta videnda tuas.
Scilicet ah dices, hæc cum spectaveris ora,
Ora sacer sic, ô sic tulit ille pater
Sperabis solitas illinc, pia fulmina, voces,
Sanctaá, tam dulci mella venire vià
Sic erat illa, suas Famæ cum traderet alas,
Ad calamum (dices) sic erat illa manus
Tale erat & pectus, celsæ domus ardua mentis,
Tale suo plenum sydere pectus erat
O bene fallacis mendacia pulchra tabellæ!
Et, qui tam simili vivit in ære, labor!
Cum tu tot chartis vitam, Pater alme, dedisti,
Hæc meritò vitam charta dat una tibi

Melius purgatur stomachus per vomitum, quam per secessum

Dum vires refero vomitûs, & nobile munus,
Da mihi de vomitu, grandis Homere, tuo
Nempe olim, multi cum carminis anxia moles
Vexabat stomachum, magne Poëta, tuum
Ægrafa jejuno tenuabat pettora morsu,
Jussit & in crudam semper hiare famem
Phæbus (ut est medicus) vomitoria pocula prebens
Morbum omnem longos expulit in vomitus
Protinus & centum incumbunt toto ore Poctæ,

Certantes sacras lambere relliquias Quod vix fecissent, (scio) si medicamen ineptum Venisset miserè posteriore vi1

Quippe per amfractus, cæció, volumina ventris Sacra (putas) hostem vult medicina sequi? Tam turpes tenebras hec non dignatur at ipsum Sedibus ev imis imperiosa trahit Ergó

Per vomitum stomachus melius purgabitur alvus Quam qua secretis exit opaca viis

In Natales Mariæ Principis

Pone animos A marie ferox, ô parce furori Pone animos ô pacatæ da spiritus auræ Afflatu leniore gravem demulceat annum Res certe, & tempus meruit. Licet improbus Auster. Sæviat, & rabido multum se murmure volvat, Imbriferis licct impations Notus ardeat alis, Hîc tamen, hîc certe, modò tu non (sæva) negares, Nec Notus impatiens jam, nec foret improbus Auster. Scilicet hoc decuit? dum nos tam lucida rerum Attollit series, adeò commune serenum Lætitiæ, vernisq animis micat alta voluptas, Jam torvas acies, jam squallida bella per auras Volvere? & hybernis annum corrumpere nimbis? Ah melius! quin luce novæ reparata juventæ Ipsa hodie vernaret hyems, pulchrog tumultu Purpureas properaiet opes, essunderet omnes Læta sinus, nitidumá diem fragrantibus horis Æternum migrare velit, florumý beata Luxurie tanta ô circum cunabula surgat, Excipiató, novos, & molliter ambiat artus

Quippe venit sacris iterum vagitibus ingens Aula sonat venit en roseo decus addita fratri Blanda soror. tibi se brevibus, tibi porrigit ulnis, Magne puer! facili tibi torquet hiantia risu Ora, tibi molles, lacrymas, & nobile murmur Temperat, inq tuo ponit se pendula collo Tale decus, juncto veluti sub stemmate cum quis Dat sociis lucere rosis sua lilia talis Fulget honos, medio cum se duo sydera mundo Dulcibus intexunt radis nec dignior olim Flagrabat nitidæ felix consortio formæ, Tunc cum sydereos inter pulcherrima fratres Erubuit primum, & Ledæo cortice rupto Tyndarida explicuit teneræ nova gaudia frontis

Sic socium ô miscete jubar, tu, candide frater, Tuá, serena soror sic ô date gaudia patri, Sic matri cumá, ille olim, subeuntibus annis,

Ire inter proprios magn^A cervice triumphos Lgregius volet, atq, su^A se discere dextr^A
Te quoq, tum pleno mulcebit sydere & alto Flore tin, dulcesé, oculos maturnor ignis Indole divin^A, & radiis intinget honoris
Tunc o te quoties (nisi quod tu pulchrior ill^A)
Esse suam Phœben falsus jurabit Apollo!
Tunc ô te quoties (nisi quòd tu castior ill^A)
Esse suam Venerem Mavors jurabit inanis!
Felix ah^A et cui se non Mars, non aureus ipse
Credet Apollo parem^A tant^A cui conjuge celsus
In pulchros properare sinus, & carpere sacras
Delicias, oculosq tuos, tua basia solus
Tum poterit dixisse sua, & se nectare tanto
Dum probat esse Deum, superas contemnere mensas

Honoratisso Do Robo Heath, summo Justit de com. Banco. Gratulatio.

I Gnitum latus, & sacrum tibi gratulor ostrum,
O amor, ata tum alore magazi O amor, atq tuæ gloria magna togæ! Nam video Themis ecce humeris, Themis ardet in istis, Ind tuos gaudet tota venire sinus O ibi purpureo quam se bene porrigit astro! Et docet hîc radios luxuriare suos! Imò eat æternâ sic ô Themis aurea pompâ! Hîc velit ô sydus semper habere suum! Sic flagret, & nunquam tua purpura palleat intus. O nunquam in vultus digna sit ire tuos Sanguine ab innocuo nullos bibat illa rubores Nec tam crudeli murice proficiat Quæq tibi est (nam quæ non est tibi?) candida virtus Fortunam placide ducat in alta tuam Nullius viduæ lacrymas tua marmora sudent "Nec sit, quæ inclamet te, tibi facta domus Non gemat ulla suam pinus tibi scissa ruinam, Ceu cadat in domini murmure mæsta sui Fama suas subter pennas tibi sternat eunti, Illa tubæ faciat te melioris opus Thura tuo (quacunq meat) cum nomine migrent, Quæq vehit felix te, vehat aura rosas Vive tuis (nec enim non sunt æquissima) votis Æqualis, quæ te sydera cunq, vocant Hæc donec niveæ cedat tua purpura pallæ, Lilium ubi fuerit, quæ rosa vestis erat

Serenissimæ Reginæ librum suum commendat Academia

I Unc quoq maternâ (nimium nisi magna rogamus)
Aut aviæ saltem sume, Maiia, manu
Est Musâ de matre recens rubicundulus infans,
Cui pater est partus (quis putet?) ille tuus
Usq adeo impatiens amor est in virgine Musâ
Jam nunc ex illo non negat esse parens
De nato quot habes olim speraie nepotes,
Qui simul & pater est, & facit esse patrem!

Priscianus verberans, & vapulans

) Uid facis? ah! tam perversa quid volvitur ir1? Quid parat iste tuus, posterus iste furor? Ah, truculente puer! tam fædo parce furori Nec rapiat tragicas tam gravis ira nates Ecce fremit, fremit ecce indignabundus Apollo Castalides fugiunt, & procul ora tegunt Sic igitur sacrum, sic insedisse caballum Qu'ens? & (ah) fien tam male notus eques? Ille igitur phaleris nitidus lucebit in istis? Hæc ent ad solidum turpis habena latus? His ille (haud nimium rigidis) dabit ora lupatis? Hæc fluet in miseris sordida vitta jubis? Sie erit ista tui, sie aurea pompa triumphi? Ille sub imperiis ibit olentis heri? Ille tamen neg terribili stat spumčus ira, Ungula nec celso fervida calce tonat O meritò spectatur equi patientia nostri! Dicite Io tantum quis toleravit equus? Pegasus iste ferox, mortales spretus habenas, Bellerophontæå non tulit ire manu Noster equus tamen exemplo non turget in isto Stat bonus, & solito se pede certus habet Imò licet tantos de te tulit ille pudores, Te tulit ille iterum sed meliore modo Tunc rubor in scapulas ô quâm bene transiit iste, Qui satis in vultus noluit ire tuos! At mater centum in furias abit, & vomit irim Mille modis rabidam jura, forumó, fremit Quin fera tu, taceas aut jura, forumá tacebunt Tu legi vocem non sinis esse suam O male vibratæ rixosa volumina linguæ! Et satls in nullo verba tonanda foro! Causidicos (vesana!) tuos tua fulmina terrent Ecce stupent miseri ah i nec meminêre loqui Hinc tua, (foede puer) foedati hinc terga caballi Exercent querulo jurgia lenta foro Obscænas lites, & olentia jurgia ridet Turpiter in causam sollicitata Themis

Juridicus lites quisquis tractaverit istas,
Oh satis emuncta nare sit ille, precor.
At tu de misero quid vis, truculente, caballo?
Cur premis insultans, sæve! tyranne puer!
Tené igitur fugiet? fugiet sacer iste caballus?
Non fugiet. sed (si vis) tibi terga dabit

Ad librum super hac re ab ipso ludi magistro editum, qui dr Priscianus {verberans, & wapulans

Ordes ô tibi gratulamur istas, O Musa aurea, blanda, delicata! Sordes ô tibi candidas, suoq Jam nec nomine, jam nec ore notas! Sacro carmine quippe delinitæ Se nunc ô bene nesciunt, novâc, Mirantur facie novum nitorem Ipsas tu facis ô nitere sordes Sordes ô tibi gratulamur ipsas! Si non hie natibus procax malignis Fœdo fulmine turpis intonâsset Unde insurgeret hæc querela vindex, Docto & murmure carminis severi Dulces fortiter aggregaret iras? Ipsæ ô te faciunt nitere soides Sordes ô tibi gratulamur ipsas

Quàm pulchrè tua migrat Hippocrene! Turpi quam bene degener parenti! Fœdi filia tam serena fontis Has de stercore quis putaret undas?

Sic ô lactea surge, Musa, surge Surge inter medias serena sordes Spumis qualiter in suis Dione, Cum prompsit latus aureum, atq. primas Ortu purpureo movebat undas Sic ô lactea surge, Musa, surge. Enni stercus erit Maronis aurum.

Horatu Ode

Ille & nefasto te posuit die &c

Ελληνιςι

"Ωρα σε κεινος θηκεν αποφραδι Ο πρωτος όςις χειρι τε βωμακι Εθρεψε δενδρον της τε κωμης Αιτιον εσσομενων τ ελεγχος

Κεινος τοκηος θρυψε και αυχενα Κεινος γε (φαίην) αιματι ξεινίφ Μυχωτατον κοιτωνα ράινε Νυκτιος αμφαφαασε κεινος

Τα δητα κολχων φαρμακα καὶ κακου Παν χρημα δωσας μοι επιχωριον Σε συγνου ερνος δεσποτου σε Εμπεσον ες κεφαλην αεικως

Πασης μεν ωρης παν επικινδυνον Τις οιδε φευγειν δειδιε βοσφορον Λιβυς ο πλωτηρ ουδ ανα[η]κην 1ηι κρυφιην ετερωθεν οκνει

Παρθων μαχημον Ρωμαικος φυγην Και τοξα Παρθος Ρωμαικην βιαν Και δεσμα λαους αλλα μοιρας Βαλλε βαλει τ αδοκητος ορμη

Σχεδον σχεδον πως Περσεφονης ιδον Αυλην μελαινην και κρίσιν Αιακου Καλην τ αποςασιν μακαίρων Αιολίαις κινυρην τε χορδαις

Σαπφω πατριδος μεμφομένην κοραις Ηχουντα και σε πλειον επιχρυσφ Άλκαιε πληκτρφ σκληρά νηος, Σκληρα φυγης πολεμου τε σκληρα

Ευφημέουσαι δ' αμφοτέρων σκιαί Κλύουσι θάμβει, τὰς δὲ μαχὰς πλεόν, 'Ανας άτους τε μὲν τυράννους 'Ωμιὰς ἔκπιεν ὧσι λᾶος.

Τί θαθμ', ἐκείναιρ θὴς ὅτε τρίκρανος ᾿Ακην ἀοιδαῖς, οὖατα κάββαλε, Ἐριννύων τ' ἡδυπαθοῦσι Βόςρυχες, ἡσυχίων ἐχιδνῶν.

Καὶ δὴ Προμηθεύς, καὶ Πέλοπος πατὴρ Εὕδουσιν ἠχεῖ τῷ λαθικήδεῖ "Αγειν λεόντας Ωρίων δὲ Οὐ φιλέει, φοβεράς τε λύγκας.

In Revd Dre Brooke Epitaphium

Osuit sub istà (non gravi) caput terrà Ille, ipsa quem mors arrogare vix ausa Didicit vereri, plurimumque suspenso Dubitavit ictu, lucidos procul vultus, Et sydus oris acre procul prospectans Cui literarum fama cùm dedit lumen, Accepit, atque est ditior suis donis Cujus serena gravitas faciles mores Muliere novit, cujus in senectute Famaeque riguit, & juventa fortunæ Ita brevis ævi, ut nec videri festinus, Ita longus, ut nec fessus Et hunc mori credis?

In obstum Rev V Dr Mansell,
Coll Regin Mr qui ven D Brooke,
interstum proxime secutus est

Rgo iterum in lacrymas, & s'evi murmura planctûs Ire jubet tragica mors iterata manu? Scilicet illa novas que jam fert dextra sagittas, Dextra priore recens sanguine stillat adhuc Vos o, quos socià Lachesis propè miscuit urna, Et vicina colus vix sinit esse duos, Ite o, quos nostri jungunt consortia damni Per nostras lacrymas ô nimis ite pares 1 Ite per Elysias felici tramite valles Et sociis animos conciliate viis Illic ingentes ultrò confundite manes, Noscat & æternam mutua dextra fidem Communes eadem spargantur in otia curæ, Atque idem felix poscat utrumque labor Nectaræ simul ite vagis sermonibus horæ Nox trahat alternas continuata vices Una cibos ferat, una suas vocet arbor in umbras Ambobus faciles herba det una toros Certum erit interea quanto sit major habenda, Quam quæ per vitam est, mortis amicitia

Luke 2 Quærit Jesum suum Maria, &c

Nd is he gone, whom these armes held but now? Their hope, their vow?
I neir nope, their vow
Did ever greise, & joy in one poore heart
Soe soone change part?
Hee's gone the fair'st flower, that e're bosome drest, My soules sweet rest
My wombes chast pride is gone, my heaven-borne boy,
And where is joy?
Hee's gone & his lov'd steppes to wait upon,
My joy is gone
My joyes, & hee are gone, my greife, & I Alone must ly
······································
One smile at home
Oh come then bring Thy mother her lost joy
Oh come, sweet boy
Make hast, & come, or e're my greife, & I
Make hast, & dy
Peace, heart ! the heavens are angry all their spheres
Rivall thy teares
I was mistaken some faire sphære, or other
Was thy blest mother
Tithet had the former haven and arms the high
What, but the fairest heaven, could owne the birth
Of soe faire earth?
Yet sure thou did'st lodge heere this wombe of mine Was once call'd thine
Oft have these armes thy cradle envied,
Beguil'd thy bed
Oft to the easy eares both this shall tongue
Oft to thy easy eares hath this shrill tongue Trembled, & sung
Of how I would be a sung
Oft have I wrapt thy slumbers in soft aires,
And stroak't thy cares
Oft hath this hand those silken casements kept,
While their sunnes slept
Oft have my hungry kisses made thine eyes
Too early rise
j

Oft have I spoild my kisses daintiest diet,

To spare thy quiet

Oft from this breast to thine my love tost heart

Hath leapt, to part

Oft my lost soule have I bin glad to seeke

On thy soft cheeke

Oft have these armes alas I show d to these eyes

Their now lost joyes

Dawne then to me, thou morne of mine owne day,

And lett heaven stay

Oh, would st thou heere still fixe thy faire abode,

My bosome God

What hinders, but my bosome still might be

Thy heaven to Thee?

Whosoever shall loose his life &c MATH 16 25

Oe I may gaine thy death, my life I le give (My life s thy death, & in thy death I live) Or else, my life, I le hide thee in his grave, By three daies losse æternally to save

In cicatrices Domini Jesu.

Ome, brave soldjers, come, & see Mighty love's Artillery This was the conquering dart, & loe There shines his quiver, there his bow. These the passive weapons are, That made great Love, a man of warre. The quiver, that he bore, did bide Soe neare, it prov'd his very side In it there sate but one sole dart, A peircing one his peirced heart His weapons were nor steele, nor brasse The weapon, that he wore, he was For bow his unbent hand did serve, Well strung with many a broken nerve. Strange the quiver, bow, & dart! A bloody side, & hand, & heart! But now the feild is wonne & they (The dust of Warre cleane wip'd away) The weapons now of triumph be, That were before of Victorie

In amorem divinum (Hermannus Hugo)

A Eternall love! what 'tis to love thee well,

None, but himselfe, who feeles it, none can tell

But oh, what to be lov'd of thee as well,

None, not himselfe, who feeles it, none can tell

Upon a Gnatt burnt in a candle

Ittle-buzzing-winton elfe, Perish there, & thanke thy selfe Thou deserv st thy life to loose, For distracting such a Muse Was it thy ambitious aime By thy death to purchase fame? Didst thou hope he would in pitty Have bestow d a funerall ditty On thy ghoast? & thou in that To have outlived Virgills gnatt? No the treason, thou hast wrought, Might forbid the[e] such a thought If that night's worke doe miscarry, Or a syllable but vary, A greater foe thou shalt me find. The destruction of thy kind Phœbus, to revenge thy fault, In a fiery trapp thee caught That thy winged mates might know it, And not dare disturbe a Poet Deare, & wretched was thy sport, Since thyselfe was crushed for t Scarcely had that life a breath, Yet it found a double death. Playing in the golden flames, Thou fell st into an inky Thames Scorch d, & drown d That petty sunne A pretty Icarus hath undone

Petronius.

Ales Phasiacis petita Colchis &c.

He bird, that's fetch't from Phasis floud, Or choicest hennes of Africk-brood, These please our palates. & why these? 'Cause they can but seldome please Whil'st the goose soe goodly white, And the drake yeeld noe delight, Though his wings conceited hewe Paint each feather, as if new These for vulgar stomacks be, And rellish not of rarity. But the dainty Scarus, sought In farthest clime, what e're is bought With shipwracks toile, oh, that is sweet, 'Cause the quicksands hanselld it The pretious Barbill, now groune rife, Is cloying meat How stale is Wife? Deare wife hath ne're a handsome letter, Sweet mistris sounds a great deale better Rose quakes at name of Cinnamon Unlesse't be rare, what's thought upon?

Horatius

Ille & ne fasto te posuit die &c

C'Hame of thy mother soyle! ill nurtur d tree! Sett to the mischeife, of posteritie! That hand, (what e re it wer) that was thy nurse, Was sacrilegious, (sure) or somewhat worse Black, as the day was dismall, in whose sight Thy rising topp first staind the bashfull light That man (I thinke) wrested the feeble life From his old father that mans barbarous knife Conspird with darknes gainst the strangers throate (Whereof the blushing walles tooke bloody note) Huge high floune poysons, ev n of Colchos breed, And whatsoe re wild sinnes black thoughts doe feed, His hands have padled in his hands, that found Thy traiterous root a dwelling in my ground Perfidious totterer | longing for the staines Of thy kind Master's well deserving braines Mans daintiest care, & caution cannot spy The subtile point of his coy destiny, W h way it threats with feare the merchant's mind Is plough d as deepe, as is the sea with wind, (Rowz d in an angry tempest), Oh the sea! Oh! that's his feare there flotes his destiny While from another (unseene) corner blowes The storme of fate, to weh his life he owes By Parthians bow the soldier lookes to die, (Whose hands are fighting, while their feet doe flie) The Parthian starts at Rome's imperial name, Fledg d with her eagles wing, the very chaine Of his captivity rings in his eares Thus, ô thus fondly doe wee pitch our feares Farre distant from our fates our fates, that mocke Our giddy feares with an unlook t for shocke A little more & I had surely seene Thy greisly Majesty, Hell's blackest Queene.

And Œacus on his Tribunall too.

Petronius

Ales Phasiacis petita Colchis &c

He bird, that's fetch't from Phasis floud, Or choicest hennes of Africk-brood, These please our palates. & why these? 'Cause they can but seldome please Whil'st the goose soc goodly white, And the drake yeeld noe delight, Though his wings conceited hewe Paint each feather, as if new These for vulgar stomacks be, And rellish not of rarity But the dainty Scarus, sought In farthest clime, what e're is bought With shipwracks toile, oh, that is sweet, 'Cause the quicksands hanselld it The pretious Barbill, now groune rife, Is cloying meat How stale is Wife? Deare wife hath ne're a handsome letter, Sweet mistris sounds a great deale better Rose quakes at name of Cinnamon Unlesse't be rare, what's thought upon?

Horatus

Ille & ne fasto te posuit die &c

SHame of thy mother soyle! ill nurtur d tree! Sett to the mischeife, of posteritie! That hand, (what e re it wer) that was thy nurse. Was sacrilegious, (sure) or somewhat worse Black, as the day was dismall, in whose sight Thy rising topp first staind the bashfull light That man (I thinke) wrested the feeble life From his old father that mans harbarous knife Conspird with darknes gainst the strangers throate (Whereof the blushing walles tooke bloody note) Huge high floune poysons, ev n of Colchos breed. And whatsoe re wild sinnes black thoughts doe feed, His hands have padled in his hands, that found Thy traiterous root a dwelling in my ground Perfidious totterer! longing for the staines Of thy kind Master's well-deserving braines Mans daintiest care, & caution cannot spy The subtile point of his coy destiny, Wh way it threats with feare the merchant's mind Is plough d as deepe, as is the sea with wind. (Rowz d in an angry tempest), Oh the sea! Oh! that's his feare there flotes his destiny While from another (unseene) corner blowes The storme of fate, to wh his life he owes By Parthians bow the soldier lookes to die, (Whose hands are fighting, while their feet doe flie) The Parthian starts at Rome's imperial name, Fledg d with her eagles wing, the very chaine Of his captivity rings in his eares Thus, o thus fondly doe wee pitch our feares Farre distant from our fates our fates, that mocke Our giddy feares with an unlook t for shocke A little more, & I had surely seene Thy greisly Majesty, Hell's blackest Queene; And Œacus on his Tribunall too,

Sifting the soules of guilt, & you, (oh you!) You ever-blushing meads, where doe the Blest Farre from darke horrors home appeale to rest. There amorous Sappho plaines upon her Lute Her loves crosse fortune, that the sad dispute Runnes murmuring on the strings Alcaeus there In high-built numbers wakes his golden lyre, To tell the world, how hard the matter went, How hard by sea, by warre, by banishment There these brave soules deale to each wondring eare, Such words, soe precious, as they may not weare Without religious silence, above all Warres rathing tumults, or some tyrants fall The thronging clotted multitude doth feast. What wonder? when the hundred-headed beast Hangs his black lugges, stroakt with those heavenly lines,

The Furies curl'd snakes meet in gentle twines, And stretch their cold limbes in a pleasing fire Prometheus selfe, & Pelops sterved sire Are cheated of their paines, Orion thinkes Of Lions now noe more, or spotted Linx.

On y Gunpowder Treason

I Sing Impiety beyond a name
Who stiles it any thinge, knowes not the same Dull, sluggish Ile! what more than letharev Gripes thy cold limbes soe fast, thou canst not fly. And start from of[f] thy center? hath heaven's love Stuft thee soe full with blisse, thou can st not move? If soe, oh Neptune, may she farre be throwne By thy kind armes to a kind world unknowne Lett her survive this day, once mock her fate. And shee s an Island truely fortunate Lett not my suppliant breath raise a rude storme To wrack my suite oh keepe pitty warme In thy cold breast, & yearely on this day Mine eyes a tributary streame shall pay Do st thou not see an exhalation Belch d from the sulph ry lungs of Phlegeton? A living Comet, whose pestiferous breath Adulterates the Virgin aire? with death It labours stif'led nature s in a swound, Ready to dropp into a chaos round About horror's displayd It doth portend, That earth a shoure of stones to heaven shall send, And crack the Christall globe the milky streame Shall in a silver rain runne out, whose creame Shall choake the gaping earth, wh then shall fry In flames, & of a burning fever dy That wonders may in fashion be, not rare, A winter's thunder with a groane shall scare, And rouze the sleepy ashes of the dead, Making them skip out of their dusty bed Those twinckling eyes of heaven, wh ev n now shind, Shall with one flash of lightning be struck blind The sea shall change his youthfull greene, & slide Along the shore in a grave purple tide It does præsage, that a great Prince shall climbe, And gett a starry throne before his time

To usher in this shoale of Prodigies, Thy infants, Æolus, will not suffice. Noe, noe, a giant wind, that will not spare To tosse poore men like dust into the aire, Justle downe mountaines Kings courts shall be sent, Like bandied balles, into the firmament Atlas shall be tript upp, Jove's gate shall feele The weighty rudenes of his boysterous heele All this it threats, & more Horror, that flies To th' Empyræum of all miseries. Most tall Hyperbole's cannot descry it, Mischeife, that scornes expression should come nigh it All this it only threats the Metcor ly'd, It was exhal'd, a while it hung, & dy'd Heaven kickt the Monster downe downe it was throwne, The fall of all things it præsag'd, its owne It quite forgott the fearfull earth gave way, And durst not touch it, heere it made noe stay At last it stopt at Pluto's gloomy porch, He streightway lighted upp his pitchy torch. Now to those toiling soules it gives its light, Wch had the happines to worke i'th' night They banne the blaze, & curse its curtesy, For lighting them unto their misery Till now hell was imperfect, it did need Some rare choice torture, now 'tis hell indeed Then glutt thy dire lampe with the warmest blood, That runnes in violett pipes none other food It can digest then watch the wildfire well, Least it breake forth, & burne thy sooty cell

FROM SANCROFT MS

Upon the Gunpowder-Treason

R Each me a quill, pluckt from the flaming wing Of Pluto's Mercury, that I may sing Death to the life My inke shall be the blood Of Cerberus, or Alecto's viperous brood Unmated malice! Oh unpeerd despight! Such as the sable pinions of the night Never durst hatch before extracted see The very Quintessence of villanie I feare to name it, least that he, weh heares, Should have his soule frighted beyond the spheres Heaven was asham d, to see our mother Earth Engender with the Night, & teeme a birth Soe foule, one minutes light had it but seene, The fresh face of the morne had blasted beene Her rosy cheekes you should have seene noe more Dy d in vermilion blushes, as before But in a vaile of clouds musling her head A solitary life she would have led Affrighted Phœbus would have lost his way, Giving his wanton palfreys leave to play Olympick games in the Olympian plaines, His trembling hands loosing the golden raines The Queene of night gott the greene sicknes then, Sitting soe long at ease in her darke denne, Not daring to peepe forth, least that a stone Should beate her headlong from her jetty throne Jove's twinckling tapers, that doe light the world, Had beene puft out, & from their stations hurl d Æol kept in his wrangling sonnes, least they With this grand blast should have bin bloune away Amazed Triton with his shrill alarmes Bad sporting Neptune to pluck in his armes, And leave embracing of the Isles, least hee Might be an actor in this Trageedy Nor should wee need thy crisped waves, for wee An Ocean could have made t have drowned thee Torrents of salt teares from our eyes should runne,

And raise a deluge, where the flaming sunne Should coole his fiery wheeles, & never sinke Soe low to give his thirsty stallions drinke. Each soule in sighes had spent its dearest breath, As glad to waite upon their King in death Each winged Chorister would swan-like sing A mournfull Dirge to their deceased King. The painted meddowes would have laught no more For joye of their neate coates, but would have tore Their shaggy locks, their flowry mantles turn'd Into dire sable weeds, & sate, & mourn'd Each stone had streight a Niobe become, And wept amaine, then rear'd a costly tombe, T' entombe the lab'ring earth for surely shee Had died just in her delivery. But when Jove's winged Heralds this espied, Upp to th' Almighty thunderer they hied, Relating this sad story streight way hee The monster crusht, maugre their midwiferie. And may such Pythons never live to see The Light's faire face, but still abortive bee

FROM SANCROFT MS

Upon the Gunpowder Treason

Row plumpe, leane Death his Holinesse a feast Hath now præpard, & you must be his guest Come grimme destruction, & in purple gore Dye sev n times deeper than they were before Thy scarlet robes for heere you must not share A common banquett noe, heere's princely fare And least thy bloodshott eyes should lead aside This masse of cruelty, to be thy guide Three coleblack sisters, (whose long sutty haire, And greisly visages doe fright the aire When Night beheld them, shame did almost turne Her sable cheekes into a blushing morne, To see some fowler than herselfe) these stand, Each holding forth to light the aery brand, Whose purer flames tremble to be see nigh, And in fell hatred burning, angry dy, Sly, lurking treason is his bosome freind, Whom faint, & palefact feare doth still attend These need noe invitation onely thou Black dismall horro, come make perfect now Th Epitome of hell oh lett thy pinions Be a gloomy Canopy to Pluto's minions In this infernall Majesty close shrowd Your selves, your Stygian states, a pitchy clowd Shall hang the roome, & for your tapers bright, Sulphureous flames snatch d from æternall night But rest, affrighted Muse thy silver wings May not row neerer to these dusky Kings Cast back some amorous glances on the cates, That heere are dressing by the hasty fates, Nay stopp thy clowdy eyes it is not good, To droune thy selfe in this pure pearly flood But since they are for fire workes, rather prove A Phenix, & in chastest flames of love Offer thy selfe a Virgin sacrifice To quench the rage of hellish deities

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But dares destruction cate these candid breasts, The Muses, & the Graces sugred neasts? Dares hungry death snatch of one cherry lipp? Or thirsty treason offer once to sippe One dropp of this pure Nectar, weh doth flow In azure channells warme through mounts of snow? The roses fresh, conserved from the rage. And cruell ravishing of frosty age, Feare is afraid to tast of only this, He humbly crav'd to banquett on a kisse Poore meagre horror streightwaies was amaz'd, And in the stead of feeding stood, & gaz'd Their appetites were gone at th' very sight, But yet their eyes surfett with sweet delight Only the Pope a stomack still could find, But yett they were not powder'd to his mind Forthwith each God stept from his starry throne, And snatch'd away the banquett every one Convey'd his sweet delicious treasury To the close closet of æternity Where they will safely keepe it, from the rude, And rugged touch of Pluto's multitude

FROM SANCROFT MS

Upon the Line's Coronation

S Ound forth, coelestiall Organs, lett heavens quire Ravish the dancing orbes, make them mount higher With nimble capers, & force Atlas tread Upon his tiptoes, e re his silver head Shall kisse his golden burthen Thou, glad Isle, That swim st as deepe in joy, as Seas, now smile Lett not thy weighty glories, this full tide Of blisse, debase thee, but with a just pride Swell swell to such an height, that thou maist we With heaven itselfe for stately Majesty Doe not deceive mee, eves doe I not see In this blest earth heaven's bright Epitome, Circled with pure refined glory? heere I veiw a rising sunne in this our sphere, Whose blazing beames, maugre the blackest night, And mists of greife, dare force a joyfull light The gold, in weh he flames, does well præsage A precious season, & a golden age Doe I not see joy keepe his revels now, And sitt triumphing in each cheerfull brow? Unmixt felicity with silver wings Broodeth this sacred place hither peace brings The choicest of her olive crownes, & praies To have them guilded with his courteous raies Doe I not see a Cynthia, who may Abash the purest beauties of the day? To whom heavens lampes often in silent night Steale from their stations to repaire their light Doe I not see a constellation, Each little beame of weh would make a sunne? I meane those three great starres, who well may scorn Acquaintance with the Usher of the morne To gaze upon such starres each humble eye Would be ambitious of Astronomie Who would not be a Phœnix, & aspire To sacrifice himselfe in such sweet fire? Shine forth, ye flaming sparkes of Deity, Yee perfect emblemes of divinity Fixt in your spheres of glory, shed from thence, The treasures of our lives, your influence For if you sett, who may not justly feare, The world will be one Ocean, one great teare

Upon the King's Coronation.

C Trange metamorphosis! It was but now The sullen heaven had vail'd its mournfull brow With a black maske the clouds with child by greife Traveld th' Olympian plaines to find releife. But at the last (having not soe much power As to refraine) brought forth a costly shower Of pearly drops, & sent her numerous birth (As tokens of her greife) unto the earth Alas, the earth, quick drunke with teares, had reel'd From of[f] her center, had not Jove upheld The staggering lumpe each eye spent all its store, As if heereafter they would weepe noe more Streight from this sea of teares there does appeare Full glory flaming in her owne free sphere Amazed Sol throwes of [f] his mournfull weeds, Speedily harnessing his fiery steeds, Up to Olympus stately topp he hies, From whence his glorious rivall hee espies. Then wondring starts, & had the curteous night With held her vaile, h' had forfeited his sight The joyfull sphæres with a delicious sound Afright th' amazed aire, & dance a round To their owne Musick, nor (untill they see This glorious Phœbus sett) will quiet bee. Each aery Siren now hath gott her song, To whom the merry lambes doe tripp along The laughing meades, as joyfull to behold Their winter coates cover'd with flaming gold Such was the brightnesse of this Northerne starre, It made the Virgin Phænix come from farre To be repaird hither she did resort, Thinking her father had remov'd his court The lustre of his face did shine soe bright, That Rome's bold Eagles now were blinded quite, The radiant darts, shott from his sparkling eyes, Made every mortall gladly sacrifice A heart burning in love, all did adore This rising sunne, their faces nothing wore, But smiles, & ruddy joyes, & at this day All melancholy clowds vanisht away.

FROM SANCROFT MS

Upon the birth of the Princesse Elizabeth

Right starre of Majesty, oh shedd on mee, A precious influence, as sweet as thee That with each word, my loaden pen letts fall, The fragrant spring may be perfum d withill That Sol from them may suck an honied shower. To glutt the stomack of his darling flower With such a sugred livery made fine, They shall proclaime to all, that they are thine Lett none dare speake of thee, but such as thence Extracted have a balmy eloquence But then, alas, my heart oh how shall I Cure thee of thy delightfull tympanie? I cannot hold, such a springtide of joy Must have a passage, or twill force a way Yet shall my loyall tongue keepe this command But give me leave to ease it with my hand And though these humble lines source not soe high, As is thy birth, yet from thy flaming eye Drop downe one sparke of glory, & they I prove A præsent worthy of Apollo's love My quill to thee may not præsume to sing Lett the hallowed plume of a seraphick wing Bee consecrated to this worke, while I Chant to my selfe with rustick melodie Rich, liberall heaven, what, hath yor treasure store Of such bright Angells, that you give us more? Had you, like our great Sunne, stamped but one For earth, t had beene an ample portion Had you but drawne one lively coppy forth, That might interpret our faire Cynthia's worth,

That might interpret our faire Cynthia's worth, Y had done enough to make the lazy ground Dance, like the nimble spheres, a joyfull round But such is the ccelestiall Excellence, That in the princely patterne shines, from whence The rest pourtraicted are, that its noe paine To ravish heaven to limbe them ore againe Wittnesse this mapp of beauty, every part Of whoth the doth show the Quintessence of art

See! nothing's vulgar, every atome heere Speakes the great wisdome of th' artificer Poore Earth hath not enough perfection, To shaddow forth th' admired paragon Those sparkling twinnes of light should I now stile Rich diamonds, sett in a pure silver foyle, O1 call her cheeke a bed of new-blowne roses, And say that Ivory her front composes, Or should I say, that with a scarlet wave Those plumpe soft rubies had bin drest soe brave, Or that the dying lilly did bestow Upon her neck the whitest of his snow, Or that the purple violets did lace That hand of milky downe all these are base, Her glories I should dimme with things soe grosse, And foule the cleare text with a muddy glosse Goe on then, Heaven, & limbe forth such another, Draw to this sister miracle a brothei, Compile a first glorious Epitome Of heaven, & earth, & of all raritie. And sett it forth in the same happy place, And I'le not bluise it with my Paraphrase.

FROM SANCROFT MS

EX FUPHORMIONE

O Dea syleres seu tu storps alera Terantis &c

Right Goddesse, (whether Jove thy sa her be Or Jove a father will be made by thee) On crowne these praiers (mov d in a hippy hower) But with one cordiall smile for Cloe that power Of I oues all-daring hand, that makes me burne, Makes me confest Oh, doe not thou with scorne, Great Nymph, o relooke my lownesse heav n you know And all their sellow Detites will bow Even to the maked st vowes thou art my site To thee the Parce have given up of late My threds of life if then I shall not live By thee, by thee yet lett me die this give, High beauties soveraigne, that my sunerall slames May draw their first breath from thy starry beames I he Phœnix selse shall not more proudly burne, I hat setcheth fresh life from her strutfull urne

An Elegy upon the Death of Mr Stanninow,
Fellow of Queenes Colledge

I I Ath aged winter, fledg'd with feathered raine, To frozen Caucasus his flight now tane? Doth hee in downy snow there closely shrowd His bedrid limmes, wrapt in a fleecy clowd? Is th' earth disrobed of her apron white, Kind winter's guift, & in a greene one dight? Doth she beginne to dandle in her lappe Her painted infants, fedd with pleasant pappe, Weh their bright father in a pretious showre From heavens sweet milky streame doth gently powre? Doth blith Apollo cloath the heavens with joye, And with a golden wave wash cleane away Those durty smutches, weh their faire fronts wore, And make them laugh, weh frown'd, & wept before? If heaven hath now forgot to weepe, ô then Wt meane these showres of teares amongst us men? These Cataracts of griefe, that dare ev'n vie With th' richest clowds their pearly treasurie? If winters gone, whence this untimely cold, That on these snowy limmes hath laid such hold? What more than winter hath that dire art found, These purple currents hedg'd with violets round To corrallize, weh softly wont to slide In crimson waveletts, & in scarlet tide? If Flora's darlings now awake from sleepe, And out of their greene mantletts dare to peepe O tell me then, what rude outragious blast Forc't this prime flowre of youth to make such hast To hide his blooming glories, & bequeath His balmy treasure to the bedd of death? 'Twas not the frozen zone, One sparke of fire, Shott from his flaming eye, had thaw'd it's ire, And made it burne in love 'Twas not the rage, And too ungentle nippe of frosty age 'Twas not the chast, & purer snow, whose nest Was in the modest Nunnery of his brest

FROM SANCROFT MS

Noe none of these ravish t those virgin roses, The Muses, & the Graces fragrant posies Weh, while they smiling sate upon his face, They often kist, & in the sugred place Left many a starry teare, to thinke how soone The golden harvest of our joyes, the noone Of all our glorious hopes should fade. And be eclipsed with an envious shade Noe twas old doting Death, who stealing by, Dragging his crooked burthen, look t awry And streight his amorous syth (greedy of blisse) Murdred the earth's just pride with a rude kisse A winged Herald, gladd of soe sweet a prey, Snatch t upp the falling starre, soe richly gay, And plants it in a precious perfum d bedd, Amongst those Lillies, weh his bosome bredd Where round about hovers with silver wing A golden summer, an reternall spring Now that his root such fruit againe may beare, Let each eye water t with a courteous teare

An Elegie on the death of Dr. Porter

Tay, silver-footed Came, strive not to wed Thy maiden streames soe soone to Neptunes bed Fixe heere thy wat'ry eyes upon these towers, Unto whose feet in ieverence of the powers, That there inhabite, thou on every day With trembling lippes an humble kisse do'st pay. See all in mourning now, the walles are jett, With pearly papers carelesly besett Whose snowy cheekes, least joy should be exprest, The weeping pen with sable teares hath drest Their wronged beauties speake a Tragoedy, Somewhat more horrid than an Elegy Pure, & unmixed cruelty they tell, Wch poseth mischeife's selfe to Parallel Justice hath lost her hand, the law her head, Peace is an Orphan now, her father's dead Honesties nurse, Vertues blest Guardian, That heavenly mortall, that Seraphick man Enough is said, now, if thou canst crowd on Thy lazy crawling streames, pri'thee be gone, And mulmur forth thy woes to every flower, That on thy bankes sitts in a verdant bower, And is instructed by thy glassy wave To paint its perfum'd face wth colours brave In vailes of dust their silken heads they'le hide, As if the oft departing sunne had dy'd Goe learne that fatall Quire, soe sprucely dight In downy surplisses, & vestments white, To sing their saddest Dirges, such as may Make then scar'd soules take wing, & fly away Lett thy swolne breast discharge thy strugling groanes To th' churlish rocks, & teach the stubborne stones To melt in gentle drops, lett them be heard Of all proud Neptunes silver-sheilded guard, That greife may crack that string, & now untie Their shackled tongues to chant an Elegie Whisper thy plaints to th' Oceans curteous eares, Then weepe thyselfe into a sea of teares

TROM SANCROFT MS

A thousand Helicons the Muses send In a bright Christall tide, to thee they tend, Leaving those mines of Nectar, their sweet fountaines, They force a lilly pith through rosy mountaines Feare not to dy with greife, ill bubling eyes Are teeming now with store of fresh supplies

FROM BRITISH MUSEUM

Additional MS. 33,219.

T th' Ivory Tribunall of your hand
(Faire one) these tender leaves doe tiembling stand
Knowing 'tis in the doome of your sweet Eye
Whether the Muse they cloth shall live or die
Live shee, or dye to Fame, each Leafe you meet
Is hei Lifes wing, or her death's winding-sheet

Hough now 'tis neither May nor June And Nightingales are out of tune, Yet in these leaves (Faire one) there lyes (Swoine servant to your sweetest Eyes) À Nightingale, who may shee spread In your white bosome her chast bed, Spite of all the Maiden snow Those pure untroden pathes can show, You streight shall see her wake and rise Taking fresh Life from your fayre Eyes And with clasp't winges proclayme a Spring Where Love and shee shall sit and sing For lodg'd so ne're your sweetest throte What Nightingale can loose her noate? Nor lett her kinred birds complayne Because shee breakes the yeares old raigne For lett them know shee's none of those Hedge-Quiristers whose Musicke owes Onely such straynes as serve to keepe Sad shades and sing dull Night asleepe No shee's a Priestesse of that Grove The holy chappell of chast Love Your Virgin bosome Then what e're Poore Lawes divide the publicke yeare, Whose revolutions wait upon The wild turnes of the wanton Sun, Bee you the Lady of Loves Yeere Where your Eyes shine his Suns appeare There all the yeare is Loves long Spring There all the year Loves Nightingales shall sitt and sing

FROM BRITISH MUSEUM MS

Out of Grotius his Tragedy of Christes sufferinges

Thou the Span of whose Omnipotence Doth graspe the fate of thinges, and share the events Of future chance! the world's grand Sire and mine Before the world Obedient lo I loyne An æquall pace thus farre, thy word my deedes Have flow d together if ought further needes I shrinke not but thus ready stand to beare (ffor else why came I?) ev n what e re I feare Yett o what end? where does the period dwell Of my sad labours? no day yett could tell My soule shee was secure Still have I borne A still increasing burden, worse hath torne His way through bad, to my successive hurt I left my glorious Fathers star pay d Court E re borne was banish t, borne was glad t embrace A poore (yea scarce a) roofe whose narrow place Was not so much as cleane, a stable kind The best my cradle and my birth could find Then was I knowne, and knowne unluckily A weake a wretched child, ev n then was I For Juryes king an enemy, even worth His feare, the circle of a yeares round growth Was not yett full, (a time that to my age Made litle, not a litle to his rage) When a wild sword ev n from their brests, did lop The Mothers Ioyes in an untimely crop The search of one child (cruell industry!) Was losse of multitudes, and missing mee A bloud drunke errour spilt the costly ayme Of their mad sin (how great and yett how vayne!) I cald a hundred miracles to tell The world my father, then does envy swell And breake upon mee my owne virtues height Hurtes mee far worse then Herods highest spite A riddle ! (father) still acknowledg d thine Am still refus d before the Infant Shrine Of my weake feet the Persian Magi lay And left their Mithra for my star this they

But Isaacks issue the peculiar heyres, Of thy old goodnesse, know thee not for theires, Basely degenerous Against mee flocke The stiffe neck'd Pharisees that use to mocke Sound goodnesse with her shadow which they weare, And 'gainst religion her owne colours beare The bloud hound brood of Priests against mee draw Those Lawlesse tyrant masters of the Law Profane Sadocus too does fiercely lead His court-fed impes against this hated head What would they more? th' ave seene when at my nod Great Natures selfe hath shrunke and spoke mee god Drinke fayling there where I a guest did shine The water blush'd, and started into wine. Full of high sparkeling vigour taught by mee A sweet inebijated extasy And streight of all this approbation gate Good wine in all poynts but the easy rate, Other mens hunger with strange feasts I quell'd Mine owne with stranger fastings, when I held Twice twenty dayes pure abstinence, To feed My minds devotion in my bodyes need A subtle inundation of quicke food Sprang in the spending fingers, and o'reflow'd The peoples hunger, and when all were full The broken meate was much more then the whole The Wind in all his roaring brags stood still And listned to the whisper of my will, The wild waves couch'd, the sea forgott to sweat Under my feet, the waters to bee wett In death-full desperate ills where art and all Was nothing, there my voyce was med'cinall. Old clouds of thickest blindnesse fled my sight And to my touch darke Eyes did owe the light Hee that ne're heard now speakes, and finds a tongue To chaunt my prayses in a new-strung song Even hee that belches out a foaming flood Of hot defiance 'gainst what e're is good Father and Heyre of darkenesse, when I chide Sinkes into Horrours bosome, glad to hide 366

FROM BRITISH MUSEUM MS

Himselfe in his owne hell, and now lets loose
Mans brest (his tenement) and breakes up house
Yett here s not all nor wast enough for mee
To freind the living world even death did see
Mee ranging in his quarters, and the land
Of deepest silence answered my command
Hew n, Earth, and Sea, my triumphs what remain d
Now but the Grave? the Grave it selfe I tam d
&cc

THE END

In the following references the lines are numbered from the top of the page including titles

A=1646 B=1648 C=1652 D=Bntish Museum Addit MS 33 219 E=Sancroft MS F=B V Addit MS 34 692 G=Harl MS 6 917 and 18

EPIGRAMMATA SACRA p 25 1 5 Printed est but altered to sit in ink in copies seen. The original editions have been followed in printing the second letter of each initial word as a capital and for the sake of uniformity the same style has been adopted in printing from MSS

STEPS TO THE TEMPLE and DELIGHTS OF THE MUSES p 65 1 6 A] With other Delights | | 11 12 1] Printed and Published according to Order 1 14 All rinted by T W for

p 67 1 20 Al fancied their dearest

p 70 Behind the page containing The Authors Motto A prints] Reader there was a sudden mistake (tis too late to recover it) thou wilt quickly find it out and I hope as soone passe it over some of the humane Poems are mis placed amongst the Divine

p 71 1 4 Eleye expends 1 27 El that s vext

p 72 1 5 D and E] manly sun 1 29 D and F] in a too warm bed

p 73 1 2 Title in E] Upon the Water wch baptiz d Christ 1 8
Title in E] Upon the Æthiopian 1 15 E grees the ref] John 6 1 17
A D and L] be sound 1 20 Title in E] On our Saviour's Sepulcher This epigram and one or two others were selected by Crawshaw to form part of Carmen Deo Aostro As the Divine Epigrams form a series by themselves I thought it better to print twice the very few so chosen instead of omitting them here and giving only the later forms as in the longer and separate poems (see pp 230 79 and 233 83 and 243 85 and 244) 1 23 E] widows two mittes Last line E] other threw

p 74 1 1 Title in F] Upon the rich young man Luke 15 13 A also gives the ref | Luke 15 1 7 Title in F] The sick crave the shadow of Peter 1 22 Title in E] Upon the print of Christ's wounds Joh 20 20 1 24 Title in E] Upon the tongue E also adds as lines 5 and 6 of the epigram]

Oh wild fire oh rude tongue if nought will shame thee Hell hath a wilder fire and that shall tame thee

p 75 l 2 Title in E] Mary to the Angell shewing her the place where Jesus lay 1 9 Title in E] Pilate washes his hands 1 13 D and E] his fountaine in thy 1 17 E] milkie founts 1 21 Title in E] On Christ's Miracle at the Supper

- p 76, 1 19 Title in E] Upon the Virgins looking on our Saviour 1 29 El those teares
- p 78,1 3 E] (Lord) hath 1 10 B] wor'ds A] word's 1 17 Title in E] Christ accused answered nothing 1 20 D and E] spake when first he 1 24 Title in E] Christ turnes water into wine 1 26 D and E] sweet acts
- p 79, l 18 D] Had not l 29 D] never was man Title in E] In Sepulchrum Domini Luke 23 where was never man laid, see also p 233 Last line] A full stop has been supplied here, and elsewhere at the end of a poem, where it is left out in the original by a printer's error
- p 80, l 1 Title in E] It is better to enter into the Kingdome of God with one eye, &c 1 5 E] Or if 1 7 E] of thee 11 9, 10 Title in E] Christ casteth out two divells at once 1 12 A] on B] one 1 14 A] is B] his 11 16, 17 Title in E] To them yt passed by at or Saviors passion 1 24 Title in E] Blessed is—& the papps, went thou hast suckt &c
- p 81, 1 1 Title in E] On Pilate washing his hands B] blood stanied 1 12 E] its own 1 15 E] sad murmur that staines 1 16 E] Oh leave, for shame 1 23 E] of him that Last line L] Roses heere
 - p 82, 1 7 D and E] Oh thou alone 1 8 E] thou giv'st us none
 - p 83, 1 1 D and E add] Joh 1.6 A reads]

Upon the Thornes taken downe from our Lords head bloody

Know'st thou this Souldier? 'tis a much chang'd plant, which yet

Thy selfe did'st set,

'Tis chang'd indeed, did Autumn e're such beauties bring

To shame his Spring?

O' who so hard an husbandman could ever find

A soyle so kind?

Is not the soile a kind one (think ye) that returnes

Roses for Thornes?

See also p 243 ll 16, 17 Title in E] Upon Mary Magdalene l 17 D] hayre l 28 Title in E] Joh 3 19 Light is come into the world l 30 D and E] his darknesse l 31 B] Worl'ds A] World's B] Hell A] Hell, l 32 D and E] Hee will not love his

- p 84, 1 2 Title in E] Pauls resolution 1 3 E] Come bonds, come death 1 4 E] hard names 1 5 E] other bonds 1 6 A] Nor other death E] than that 1 7 Title in E] On Peter's casting the nett 1 12 A, D and E] Our Lord In E the poem is arranged in couplets 1 14 B] life? A] life?) 1 18 E] floodgates 1 19 E] Then shall hee drinke and drinke shall doe his worst 1 21 E] My paines are in their Nonage my young feares 1 22 D] yet but 1 23 D, E] darke woes 1 24 E] are tender 1 25 B] unfleg'd A] unfledg'd 1 26 E] a towardnesse 1 30 E] The knife
- p 85, 1 22 See also p 244 1 27 A] O never could bee found Garments too [B to] good 1 28 A] but these
- p 86, 1 5 E] these paths 1 6 A] One whose 1 17 E] Makes high noon 1 22 D] And when simple 1 28 E] weary wonder 1 29 E] giddy steps 1 30 A and E] Spreads a Path cleare as the Day 1 34 E] learne new 1 35 B] Sepheards A] Shepheards

p 87 l 1 D] and covers 1 4 E] that shade 1 19 E] his brims

l 23 E] about my 1 29 A] eternity B] eternity

- p 88 l 1 E adds after title] Paraphrasi Poetica 1 5 E] On the willowes nodding 1 28 E] that cryd'st 1 29 D] and never never
- p 89 1 1 Title in A] Easter Day E] Upon Christ's Resurrection 1 13 A and L] annalls live.
 - p qo l 1 E indexes this poem but the leaves are missing in the MS
 - p gr 1 27 A full stop replaces a comma at the end of the line
- p 97 1 4 The full stop in B has been changed to a comma at the end of the line 1 16 A full stop has been added at the end of the line
 - p q8 1 8 A semicolon has been added at the end of the line
 - p 101 1 6 A colon has been added at the end of the line
 - p 103 l 27 A parenthesis has been taken away before said
 - p 105 1 2 A onuts] snake 1 24 B] murmurs A] murmurs
 - p 106 l 36 B] Breasts A] Beasts
 - p 107 l 21 El ut tenerae 1 30 B misprints] ta ignam
 - p 108 1 9 E] volvit opes 1 19 E] Divitusque
 - p 100 1.6 B misprints on z
- p 110 l 1 A] G Herberts Title in E] Upon Herbert's Temple sent to a Gentlewoman 1 5 E] fire from your faire eyes 1 7 E] hand unities 1 8 A] you have an Angell by th wings 1 9 E] gladly would 1 10 E] waite on your chast morning 1 14 E] That every
- p III 1 1 The poem originally appeared in I obert Shelford's Five Pious and Learned Discourses Cambridge 1635 4to where it is entitled Upon the ensuing Treatises and signed Rich Crashaw Aul Penb A B 1 13 A and Shelford read this booke 1 18 Shelford thy altars wake l ar Shelford] Pure sluttishnesse
- p 112 1 22 In Shelford the poem ends with the following additional ten lınesl Nor shall our zealous ones still have a fling
 - At that most horrible and horned thing
 - Forsooth the Pope by which black name they call The Turk the Devil Furies Hell and all
 - And something more O he is Antichrist
 - Doubt this and doubt (say they) that Christ is Christ Why tis a point of Faith What ere it be
 - Im sure it is no point of Charitie In summe no longer shall our people hope
 - To be a true Protestant's but to hate the Pope p 113 l 12 Grosart prints] In tu quas
- p 119 l r E] Fidicinis & Philomele Bellum Musicum 1 20 D E] the warres
- p 120 l 2 E] slick passage 1 6 D] evenly sheard 1 32 D] floods of 1 33 A] when in E] whence in
 - p 121 | 7 A] There might you | 23 A] grave Noat

- p 122, l 9 E] Those pathes l 16 E] thus does he D] some grace Thus doth he l 25 E] murmure melting in mild l 28 A] he dare l 35 E] so long & loud l 40 E] full mouth'd
 - p 123, l 7 E] chatting strings
 - p 124, 1 17 A] decet tantus
 - p 125, l r D adds] Upon Ælia l 7 D] businesse there
- p 126, ll 1, 2 Title in E] E Virg Georg particula In laudem veris 1 4 A and F] Their gentlest 1 19 E] his most loved blossome to 1 36 E] but that Heav'ns
- p 127, 1 7 D] Send no 1 8 D, E] I shall 1 10 Title in E] The Faire Æthiopian 1 12 A, D] in a tender 1 16 E] that great 1 24 D, E] her third 1 30 E] their glimmering
- p 129, l 10 A superfluous parenthesis has been taken out after Jove l 14 D] mens feare l 22 B] Cease l 23 D] Pitty him not l 28 A full stop has been added at the end of the line
- p 130, l 1 D] Out of the Greeke No title in A l 3 A full stop has been added at the end of the line l 8 D adds] Out of Ausonius l 9 D and E] sweet Cytherea l 15 E] thus, let us thus be
- p 131, l 1 B] In Senerissimæ Reginæ patrum [partum A] hyemalem l 35 A capital has been supplied here at the beginning of the line and elsewhere in similar cases
 - p 132, 1 13 A] huc nempe
- p 133, l 10 A] Sub praeside l 22 B] sacilitate, feveritas A] facilitate, severitas l 28 A] mortem l 32 A] nimirum l 35 A] Anglicana ad l 36 A] ne malitia
- p 134, 1 3 A] ipsa nec dum quem monstrat 1 4 A] totam solus 1 13 E] mox sacrum 1 14 E] ad ætheriis 1 15 E] Porrevit astris 1 16 E] chartâ cæteris audies quoq; 1 17 Published unsigned under a poitrait of Bishop Andrewes freing the second edition (folio) of his sermons, 1631 The copy in the University Library, Cambridge, possesses the portrait apparently lacking in the volume Grosart examined (see his edition, Vol I p 217), and gives the following variations 1 18 See heer 2 shidow from that 1 19 through this 1 20 of our 1 22 Whose lare industrious 1 28 a flaming 1 29 Where still she reads 1 20 B] duil A] dull 1 22 E] Whose rare
- p 135, l 1 Title in D] Upon the Death of Mi Chambers Fellow of Queens Colledge in Cambridge Title in E] In obitum desideratissimi Mⁿ Chambers, Coll Reginal Socii 1 5 E] leest joyes 1 6 G omits] a 1 11 E adds]

For soe many hoped yeares

1 16 A] snacht

Of fruit, soe many fruitles teares I 19 E adds

Leaving his death ungarnished Therefore, because hee is dead,

- 1 20 E] If yet at least 1 21 G] Thee the 1 29 E] there are 1 35 A] rest B] rest,
- p 136, l 1 Title in D] Upon the Death of Mr Herris Fellow of Pembrooke Hall in Cambridge Title in E] In ejusdem præmatur obitu Allegoricum l 10 E] giatious tree l 25 E] Peept out of their l 26 E] on each l 32 D] in th' shade l 34 E] blooming joyes l 35 D] Lavish't the

p 137 l 13 E] Fecere tantae terra impar

p 138 | 1 Title in D] Upon the same Title in E] An Elegie on Mr Herris | 1 17 D and E] thy Easterne | 1 19 E] his can | 1 20 D oniti] tt | 1 22 D] thou Death | 1 2, E] to lend | 1 30 E] given to Last line E] shower new

p 139 l 15 E] rugged storme l 23 D] Spare then Death l 25 1 34 E adds]

E] And let not keepe him close close in thine armes Seal d upp with a thousand charmes

p 140 l 31 El its spleen 1 35 D E] That quotes

p 141 l 1 Title in D] Another upon the same 1 6 El each lease Dlevery lease 1 13 El Could bin found 1 26 El here is dead Title in E] Epitaphium in eundem 1 5 D] Ere thou

p 143 1 8 E] with downy 1 9 E] untimely wave 11 15 16 Title in D] An Epitaph upon the reverend Dr Brooke Title in F] In

obitum Das Brooke 1 23 L] loved banck

p 144 l 1 Title in E] An Invitation to faire weather In itinere ad urgeretur matutinum cœlum tali carmine invitabatur serenitas hights 1 6 G] on yond faire flockes 1 8 G] thy front and then there 1 13 E] command smooth 1 15 E] Those tender drops that D and G] thy cheeke 1 1, Glthese delicious 1 18 El Will rise Gland disclose 1 10 D] To every blushing bed of new blowne Poses L] Two ever blushing beds of new blowne roses GJ To every blushing bedd the new borne Pose

1 24 EJ soft and dainty 1 2, GJ in golden 1 29 DJ golden Mother

GJ to meete 1 30 DJ how shee GJ holy flight 1 31 EJ in liquid DJ in liquid Night 1 37 EJ joy is

p 145 1 4 D] Sea by Land 1 5 D] at her

p 146 ll 1 2 Title in E] Ad Auroram Somnolentiz expiatio 1 4 G] my Muses 1 9 E] call back D and G] thy eyes 1 15 D] which still hides 1 18 D L] Mine owne 1 21 I J no winge G] Since this my humble 1 22 E] raptures [20 A] start E] and bringe 1 27 D] IIIs starry 1 28 D] lift up 1 29 D]

To rayse mee from my lazy urne and clime Upon the stooping [A stooped]

Last line D] where Pitty

p 147 1 3 E] Bee gentle then D] and next time hee doth rise 1 5 E] radiant face 18 L] tell how true 1 to G] and duty 1 to G] And that 1 to D and G] thy altar 1 22 D] Why shakest thou thy 1 28 An exclamation mark has been supplied leaden

p 148 l 15 E] man s fate 1 20 D omits] the 1 31 D] warme

p 150 l 1, A] tenet ille

p 151 1 27 D] those treasures 1 31 D] So made men Both friends for ever

p 153 l 1 Title in D] Italian 1 4 D] have reft 1 16 D] Italian

p 155 l 1 Printed in both A and B as Crashaw s but it is now generally attributed to Dr Edward Rambow Bishop of Carlisle (see Notes and Quenes and Ser iv 86) Only the second of the two poems is given in E Both (see next page) face the title 1 age of Henry Isaacson's Saturni Ephemendes 1633 where they are entitled. The Frontispiece explained

- p 156, 1 4 E and Isaacson] die, if (Phoenix-like) 1 5 E and Isaacson] Nature take 1 6 A comma takes the place of a full stop at the end of the line
- p 157, ll 1, 2
 Citizen of London

 Title in D] An Epitaph upon the Death of Mr Ashton
 l 14 D adds]
 For every day his deeds put on
 His Sundayes repetition
- l 21 A full stop has been taken away after zeale D] yett in zeale. l 25 D] in Life hee lov'd l 26 D] to lead him
 - p 158, l 24 B] trınmphi
- p 159, l 1 Title in E] Catull Vivamus, mea Lesbia &c l 5 D and E] Blithest Sol l 10 D and E] numerous kisses l 11 D] upon our l 15 A and B] of another l 18 D and E] our reckoning l 31 A] infans B] infuns
- p 160, l 11 G] steps tread our l 15 G] Meete her my wishes l 20 D] gawdy fair l 26 G] a bowe, blush l 29 G] commend the
- p 161, 1 6 G] what their 1 15 G] Themselves in simple nakednesse 11 16—18 G] displace outface grace 1 26 G] that dares
- p 162, l 10 G] Teares fond and sleight l 14 D] And fond ll 19, 21 G has this verse after the next one
- p 163, l 6 D] Art and all ornament th Shame l 26 D] dares apply Last line G] but she my story
- p 164, l 1 Published in 'Voces Votivæ ab Academicis Cantabrigiensibus pro novissimo Carolo et Mariæ principe filio emissæ, Cantabrigiæ apud Rogerum Daniel MDCXL' l 2 B] paturientem
- p 165, l r Published in 'Voces Votivæ' l 9 VV] to our l 14 B] to short to long
- p 166, ll 1—3 Title in E] A Panegyrick Upon the birth of the Duke of Yorke A and D] Upon the Duke of Yorke his Birth A Panegyricke The section-titles are not in A, D or E l 10 A and D] full glorys l 18 A, D and E] O if l 19 E] hadst need l 20 D] make thee l 32 These last four lines are not in A, D or E
- p 167, l 2 A] Great Charles l 11 B] owne A] one l 16 A, D read] in these [E those] l 18 E] alablaster l 19 A and D] These hands these cherries l 20 A and D] art of all l 21 D] The well-wrought l 23 A] mayest thou l 24 A and D] th'ast drawn this l 31 D] so that l 33 The first six lines of this section are not in A, D or E
- p 168, l 8 A and E] were the pearls D] that wept l 10 This section is not in A, D or E
 - p 169, l 38 A and D] may the Light
 - p 170, l 5 A and D] that's done l 24 A, D and E] their offrings
 - p 171, last line E] Castris quippe
 - p 173, ll 7, 8 E] Ut sunt
- p 174, l 1 E] malorum mala fœmina l 10 E] agnoscite vestros l 21 B] Mortalcs Last line E] Nempe fuit
 - p 175, l 1 Title in E] In Phoebum amantem
 - p 177, l 13 E] ni Dominæ

p 178 l 2 E] ignis habet l 16 E] Troja libentius These two words end the previous line in E

p 179 l r Title in E] Pigmalion

p 180 l o E] alter vetat ut sit l 21 E] muta it ll 24 26 E] Genethliacon vel Epicedium 30 E] Haud parere

p 182 l 16 Title in E] Turbe rerum humanarum per errorum insidias

p 183 l 7 E] perfido paratu

CARMEN DEO NOSTRO Crashaws designs will be found at the end of these notes. The lines under one of them do not occur elsewhere in his works and as they may not be easily read as engraved. I give them here —

Expostulatio Jesu Christi cum mundo ingrato

Sum pulcher at nemo tamen me diligit
Sum nobilis nemo est mili qui serviat
Sum dives a me nemo quicquam postulat
It cuncta possum nemo me tamen timet
Acternus essto quieror a prucissimis
Prudensque sum sed me quis est qui consulti?
It sum via at per me quotisquisque ambulat?
Sum ventas quare mili non creditur?
Sum vita verum rivus est qui me petit
Sum vera lux videre me nemo cupit
Sum miserioris millis fidem in me collocat
Tu si peris non id mili imputes Homo
Salus tibi est a me parata hac utere

p 185 1 16 C] heaty 1 20 C] ef Paris

WHAT Heav n besinged Heart is this

p 190 ll 6—8 In the British Museum there is a copy of this letter separately printed in 4to undated in type but bearing the written date 1653 entitled A Letter from Mr Crashaw to the Countess of Denhigh Against Irresolution and Delay in matters of Religion London The differences are so many that it seems simpler to print the 1653 version here in full

> Stands frembling at the Gate of Blisse Holds fast the Door yet dares not venture Fairly to open and to enter? Whose Definition is A Doubt Twixt Life and Death twixt In and Out Ah! linger not lovd Soul A slow And late Consent was a long No Who grants at last a great while try'de And did his best to have Deny de What Magick Bolts what mystick Barrs Maintain the Will in these strange Warrs? What Fatall yet fantastick Bands keep the free Heart from his own Hands? Say lingring Fair why comes the Birth Of your brave Soul so slowly forth? Plead your Pretences O you strong In weaknesse why you chuse so long In Labour of your self to ly Not daring quite to Live nor Die

So when the Year takes cold we see Poor Waters their own Prisoners be Fetter'd and lock'd up fast they lie In a cold self-captivity

Th' astonish'd Nymphs their Floud's strange Fate deplore,

To find themselves their own severer Shoar

Love, that lends haste to heaviest things,
In you alone hath lost his wings
Look round and reade the World's wide face,
The field of Nature or of Grace,
Where can you fix, to find Excuse
Or Pattern for the Pace you use?
Mark with what Faith Fruits answer Flowers,
And know the Call of Heav'n's kind showers
Each mindfull Plant hasts to make good
The hope and promise of his Bud

Seed-time's not all, there should be Harvest too Alas! and has the Year no Spring for you?

Both Winds and Waters urge their way, And muimure if they meet a stay Mark how the curl'd Waves work and wind, All hating to be left behind Each bigge with businesse thrusts the other, And seems to say, Make haste, my Brother The aiery nation of neat Doves That draw the Chariot of chast Loves, Chide your delay yea those dull things, Whose wayes have least to doe with wings, Make wings at least of their own Weight, And by their Love controll their Fate So lumpish Steel, untaught to move, Learn'd first his Lightnesse by his Love

What e're Love's matter be, he moves By th' even wings of his own Doves, Lives by his own Laws, and does hold In grossest Metalls his own Gold

All things swear friends to Fair and Good, Yea Suitours, Man alone is wo'ed, Tediously wo'ed, and hardly wone Only not slow to be undone As if the Bargain had been driven So hardly betwink Enith and Heaven, Our God would thrive too fast, and be Too much a gainer by't, should we Our purchas'd selves too soon bestow On him, who has not lov'd us so When love of Us call'd Him to see If wee'd vouchsafe his company, He left his Father's Court, and came Lightly as a Lambent Flame, Leaping upon the Hills, to be The Humble King of You and Me Nor can the cares of his whole Crown

(When one poor S gh sends for him down) Detain him but he leaves behind The late wings of the lazy Wind Spurns the tame Laws of Time and Place

And breaks through all ten Heav ns to our embrace

Yield to his Siege wise Soul and see Your Triumph in his Victory Disband dull Feares give Faith the day To save your Life kill your Delay Tis Cowardise that keeps this Field And want of Courage not to Yield Yield then O yield that Love may win The Fort at last and let Life in Yield quickly lest perhaps you prove Death's Prey before the Prize of Love

This Fort of your Fair Self if t be not wone He is repuls d'indeed but Your undone

1 22 A parenthesis has been supplied after "ceaknes!

p 191 l 22 C] rebell word

p 193 ll 1-7 Title in B] On the name of Jesus 1 14 B reads] the bright instead of you bright 1 4 A full stop has been taken away after 1 31 B] little word

p 194 1 18 B] This C] Thas 1 20 A full stop has been added after sing 1 25 B] a habit fit of self tund 1 29 A semicolon has been added after 1011

p 195 l 8 B] Your powers l g C] yours Lutes 1 28 B] aloud Last line B yeild

p 196 l 1 B] Seraphins 1 2 B] Loyall breast I 10 B] forth from 1 11 A comma has been added after Light 1 15 A full stop has been taken as ay after Guest 1 28 B] All heavens

p 198 l 2 A comma has been supplied after Paridises 1 18 B] bare thee 1 20 B] ware thee 1 25 B] served soules tastes 1 r8 B] bare thee 1 20 B] wa therein thy A full stop has been added after ends

p 200 Title in B] An [A in A and E] Hymne of the Nativity sung as by [A and E sung by] the Shepheards

p 201 ll 4-7 A and E read]

Come wee Shepheards who have seene Dayes Ling deposed by Nights Queene Come lift we up our lofty song

To wake the Sun that sleeps [E lies] too long

Il 8-10 A and E read]

Hee in this our generall joy

Slept and dreampt of the fair ey'd Boy
While we found out the fair ey'd Boy

A and El thy eyes 1 26 The Chorus lines 1 10 C] Thysis 1 25 A and E] thy eyes 1 26 The Chorus lines between the stanzas are not in A or E 1 27 A and E] chid the world 1 31 C] eye s 1 32 A] frosts

p 202 l 2 A B and E] Bright dawn The second and third stanzas on this page are not in A or E 1 3 E] thy eyes A and E] the East B] their East C] their Late 1 5 A comma has been supplied after ng/t I II Blye powers 1 13 Blye Powers 1 14 Bl Thyrs Cl Thyt

l 17 B] 18 all one l 18 C] morn B] morne, l 20 B] Babe, &c l 21 B] Tit C] Tir l 23 E] white sheets l 24 A colon has been supplied after bed l 28 In A and E the stanza is as follows]

I saw th' officious Angels bring,
The downe that their soft brests did strow,
For well they now can spare their wings,
When Heaven it selfe lyes here below
Faire Youth (said I) be not too rough,
Thy Downe though soft's not soft enough

In line 3 of this stanza B prints wings, otherwise as in C Last line B] said we

p 203 The first stanza on this page reads as follows in A and E]

The Babe no sooner 'gan to seeke,
Where to lay his lovely head,
But streight his eyes advis'd his Cheeke,
'Twixt Mothers Brests to goe to bed
Sweet choise (said I) no way but so,
Not to lye cold, yet sleepe in snow

l r C] No no B] No, no, l 5 B] said I l 7 B] choice, &c l 16 A and E] Welcome to our wondring sight l 20 A and E] glorious Birth l 22 A, B and E] not to C] silk A, B] silke, l 24 A and E] virgins l 26 A] breathes B] breath's C] brearnes l 27 A, B and E add the following stanza after this one]

Shee sings thy Teares asleepe, and dips
Her Kisses in thy weeping Eye,
Shee spreads the red leaves of thy Lips,
That in their Buds yet blushing lye,
Shee 'gainst those Mother Diamonds tiyes
The points of her young Eagles Eyes

1 28 A full stop has been taken away after flyes Last three lines A and E 1ead]

But to poole Shepheards, simple things, That use no varnish, no oyl'd Arts, But lift clean hands full of cleare hearts

p 204 A and B print as two stanzas, as throughout the poem 1 6 B] their sheep A and E] The Shepheards, while they feed their [E the] sheepe 1 11 A and E omit] Till burnt 1 12 A and E] Wee'l burne, our owne best sacrifice

p 205, ll 1, 2 Title in A] An Himne [B A Hymne] for the Circumcision day of our Loid 1 3 A] thou first 1 7 A] of Laces 1 9 A] Guild thee 1 12 B] bosome showes 1 16 A] his glorious beames 1 18 A] his eyes 1 20, 21 A]

Rob the rich store her Cabinets keep, The pure birth of each sparkling nest

1 23 A and B] embrace 1 25 A] in them

p 206, l r A] the sweet l 3 A and B] The Moone l 4 A] And leave the long adored Sunne l 5 A] Thy nobler beauty l 8 A and B add]

Nor while they leave him shall they loose the Sunne, But in thy fairest eyes find two for one

p 207 Title in B] A Hymne for the Epiphanic Sung as by the three Kings 1 1 Not in B 1 4 (2) not in B 1 6 (2) not in B 1 15 A full stop has been supplied after Eyes 1 25 Cleast Bl East

D 208 1 4 Bl halfe spheare Cl half spear 1 11 Bl (1) Cl (2)

Bl world's Cl wold's

p 210 1 6 B] thy chast 1 1, A full stop has been taken away after uorn 11 21-3 B] gives But lean and tame as the beginning of 3 s lines and gives the Mithra line only to Chorus

p 211 l 13 A semicolon has been supplied after son, and a full stop after in line 15 l 16 Bl 1 Cl (2) l 10 Bl love sick world Cl love sick us in line 15 world 1 26 Bl deere doome 1 28 Cl ludgment 1 38 Bl domesticks

1 40 Cl hours

p 212 1 6 B] 1 C] (2) 1 10 A full stop has been added after Light 1 24 B] the best 1 26 B] 1 C] (2) 1 30 B] Use to 1 31 C] m [the B] self their rorch [torch B] 1 33 B] the conscious 1 3, C] Ground 1 38 C] decant B] descant 1 39 B] with what 1 40 B] his strong

p 213 l 2 B] seize 1 3 C] obsequious 1, A full stop has been added after you 1 12 C] negatine

p 214 l 10 Bl clorious Tire 1 13 Bl t His Gold Cl (2) His Gold P 225 1 3 B addi) upon his dedicating to her the foregoing Hymne 1 5 B] crownes C] cownes C] race B] race 1 9 C] face B] face 1 to B] Rossel down 1 14, B] We wade in you (dear Queen) 1 17 B] Royall harvest 1 21 Bl whole groves 1 23 Bl Lamb s great Sire

p 216 In B only the hymns for each hour are given numbered i to under the general tule Upon our B saviours Passon followed by The Antiphona for Compline (see p 229) The recommendation of the precedent Poems (see p 230) A Prayer' O Lord Jesus Chnet Son of the Living God interpose etc and Christ's victory divided later into The Antiphona for the third sixth and ninth hours (see pp 221 223 and 225)

n 217 l 10 Bl wakefull dawning l 21 Cl Father word l 26

Bl betrayd and taken

p 218 1 10 B omits here and elsewhere the words unto all quick and dead and reads the Church p 219 l 14 B] early Morne l 15 B] It could l 10 B] blotts

those 1 23 C] Antiphona

p 220 l 13 C]O Lrod living Ood

p 221 1 18 B] then C] them 1 24 C] rhe 1 25 A full stop has been taken av ay after side 1 28 C] Jalyor Last line C] word's losse

p 222 last line Cl vorld

p 223 l 15 B] For the faint 1 18 B] The fruit 1 31 B] the first

p 224 l 5 A full stop has been taken away after Crosse

p 225 l 14 B] rocks C] rocks l 18 B] our great sin a sacrifice 1 20 Cl Deard Last line Cl word s losse

p 227 l 13 B] could not

p 229 1 13 B] The nightening hour 1 15 A] heartlesse 1 23 C] Heart B] Heart 1 30 B] such rate

p 230 ll 11-13 See p 73

- p 231, ll 2-5 Not in B 1 7 B] languishing I ast line C] v arth
- p 232, 1 6 B make a throne C] I shone 1 13 B] costly crueltie 1 16 B] heav'n wag'd 11 17, 18 B reeds]

Both with one price were weighted, Both with one price were paid

The 7th stanza is not in B 1 31 B] live for to 1 32 B] which thy bles ed death did

- p 233 See p 78
- p 234, l 12 A comma replaces a full stop after i eritinaise
- p 235, 1 1 C| Ler 1 = B] Thou
- p 237, 1 7. C] Nother 1 13 B] Are more Owne heart 1 33 A semicolon has been supplied after smart 1 34 C] growingt
- p 238, 1 18 C] nobest 1 26 B] love 1 30 B] something to thy
 1, 32 B] Oh give me too
- p 239 B omits stanzas VII and VIII 1 = C] etertall 1 24 B] Shall I in sins sets there 1 29 C] Is B] If not more just
- p 240, 1 2 B] Lend, O lend 1 10 B] studie thee 1 15 B] thy deare 11 19, 20 B]

Let my life end in love, and life beneath Thy deare lost vitall death,

- 1 22 B] in thy Lords death
- p 241 E gives 5 stanzas only, 1, 3, 4, 5, 2 ll 1—6 Title in A and D] On the bleeding wounds [B body] of our crucified Lord 1 9 A, D and E] thy hands 1 10 A, D and L] thy head 1 11 A, D and E] thy purple 1 12 This verse is 5th in A and D, the order being 1, 3, 4, 5, 2, Water'd (see below) 6, 7, 8, 9 1 14 A and D] In Feares? 1 16 B] That streames 1 18 A, D and E] they cannot 1 20 A] they are wont D omits] ever 1 21 D and B] own blood 1 23 A and E] Thy hand 1 26 E] It dropps
 - p 242, 1 5 A prints stanza 2 here and follows with]

 Water'd by the showres they bring,

 The thornes that thy blest browes encloses
 (A cruell and a costly spring)

 Conceive proud hopes of proving Roses
- 1 7 A and D] Not a haire but 1 18 A and D] Threatning all to overflow
- p 243 See p 83 1 7 A full stop has been taken away after jet 1 12 C] Thrones
- p 244 See p 85 ll 1-6 Title in A] On our crucified Lord Naked, and bloody l 11 A] could be found Garments l 12 A] but these
- pp 245 and 246, ll 1, 2 Title in B] A Hymne to Our Swiour by the Faithfull Receiver of the Sacrament 1 3 the Power 1 6 A full stop has been added after me
- p 247, l 1 B] Help, Lord, my Futh, my Hope increase ll 5, 6 B omits these lines
- p 248, ll 1—5 Title in B] A Hymne on the B Sacrament 1 9 The last two words are omitted in the 1652 copy used I have supplied them from B 1 10 B] Heav'n, and Hands 1 12 B] Ambitions 1 14 C] Lice 1 28 B] Law of a new Law

- p 249 l. 18 B] Names not things 1 21 B] on Christ 1 4 B] Nor wound
 - p 250 l 14 C] Sacrieice l 26 B] meane soules
- p 251 ll 1-, Title in B] A Hymne in meditation of the day of judge ment 1 10 C] rm
 - p 252 1 4 B] the Judge 1 28 A colon has been supplied after me
- p 254 ll 1—3 Title in B] The Virgin Mother 1 5 B] below the 1 13 G] on the 1 24 B] spring 1 29 C] their mother B] your mother
 - p 255 1 4 B adds] The door was shut yet let in day
- p 255 ll 1-7 Title in B] On the assumption E adds] of the Virgin Miner 1 to A and F] heavenly Light 1 1, A E and F] Shees call d againe harke how th immortall Dove 1 16 E] fair and 1 19 A and F] No sweets since thou [E save you] art wanting here 1 23 1 and F on a fresh line] Come away come away The 16 lines that follow are not in A E or F 1 28 B] Except 1 2
- p 257 l r B] Tree C] three l 2 B] leavy l 12 B] so great l 13 A E and F] thy great l 17 A B E and F add]

And though thy dearest looks must now be [L give] light

[F now take its flight]
To none but the blest heavens whose bright

Beholders lost in sweet delight Feed for ever their faire sight

With those divinest eyes which wee

And our darke world no more shall see Though, our poore joyes [E and F eyes] are parted so

Let shall our lips never let goe

Thy gracious name but to [h for] the last

Our Loving song shall hold it fast

1 18 A E and F] sacred Name A full stop has been taken away after \$d\$ 20 A and F] holy cares 1. 27 A and F] our sweetness 1. 28 A and F] they may 1. 31 E] mother to 1. 32 A and F] Live rarest Princesse and 1. 33 A and F] of an incomparable 1. 37 E] humble bragg 1. 38 C] ctown E] Prince of women Pride of men 1. 40 C] brest

pp 258-9 Title in A B and D] The Weeper A omits B gives the couplet on p 258 under the title

p 259 The order of verses in A is 1 \times 3 \times 4 \times 12 \times 8 Not the soft Gold (see below) 5 to 3.5 14 Thus down thou melt the year (see note to p 264 \times 11 \times 2-4) Time as by thee (see below) 24 \times 3 \times 36 \times 82 \times 39 The order in D is as in A save that Not the soft Gold and 7 are transposed The order in E is thus \times 12 \times 3 4 \times 12 \times Not the soft Gold 7 \times 5 Sadnesse all the while 9 to 13 14 26 Thus dost thou melt (see note to p 264 \times 12 \times 12 \times 12 \times 12 \times 13 \times 12 \times 12 \times 12 \times 12 \times 13 \times 13 \times 14 \times 15 \times 16 \times 16 \times 16 \times 17 \times 17 \times 17 \times 17 \times 18 \times 19 \times 14 \times 16 \times 16 \times 16 \times 17 \times 19 \times 1

The following are the three verses referred to above they do not form part

of the later text Not the soft Gold which

> Steales from the Amber weeping Tree Makes sorrow halfe so Rich As the drops distil d from thee

Sorrowes best Jewels lye in these Caskets, of which Heaven keeps the Keyes

Sadnesse all the while
Shee sits in such a Thione as this,
Can doe nought but smile,
Nor beleeves shee sadnesse is
Gladnesse it selfe would bee more glad
To bee made so sweetly sad

Time as by thee he passes,

Makes thy ever-watry eyes

His Hower-Glasses

By them his steps he rectifies

The sands he us'd no longer please,

For his owne sands hee'l use thy seas [E thy teares]

1 5 A, B and D] silver-forded 1 19 A, D and E] they are indeed 1 27 A] rivers meet 1 28 A, D and E] Thine Crawles 11 29, 30 A, D and E]

Heaven, of such faire floods as this [E these], Heaven the Christall Ocean is

p 260, l 4 A, D and E] soft influence l 21 A, D and E] Her richest l 24 E] pale cheeks l 27 A, D and E] it tremble heere A comma as in B has taken the place of the full stop in C l 28 A, D and E] to be thy Teare l 35 E] and more sweet

p 261, 1 3 A] the case 1 5 B] they are, C] they, are 1 7 A, D and E] May Balsame 1 19 A, D and E] with their bottles 1 20 B and E] And draw D] from those 1 25 A, D and E] Might hee flow from thee 1 26 A and D] would he 1 27 A, D and E] Richer farre does he esteem 1 32 E] thy eyes 1 34 A, D and E] softer showres 1 35 A, D and E] returned fairer flowers

p 262, 1 2 C] ckeeks 1 4 A full stop has been taken away after doves 1 5 B] washt C] washt, 1 8 Not numbered in C 1 9 A full stop has been taken away after wees 1 10 B] and terms, and smiles 1 17 B] balsome fires fill thee? 1 18 B] Cause great 1 24 B] this vine 1 25 B] that wounded 1 26 B] those wounded

p 263, 1 3 B] large expences 1 5 B] the wrath 1 22 A, D and E] the Night arise? 1 23 A, D and E] thy teares doe 1 24 A, D and E] Does night loose her eyes? 1 31 A, D and E] Thy teares just cadence still keeps time 1 32 A] Prayer B and E] praier C] paire

p 264, ll 2-4 A, D and E]

Thus dost thou melt the yeare Into a weeping motion, Each minute waiteth heere,

1 4 C] waits B] waits, I io A and E] Will thy I is A, D and E] by Dayes, by Monthes, by Yeares A full stop has been taken away after yeares I is B] fire I 23 B] ye bright The version in A, D and E is thus]

Say watry Brothers
Yee simpering sons of those faire eyes,
Your fertile [D and E fruitfull] Mothers
What hath our world that can entice

You to be borne? what is t can borrow You from her eyes swolne wombes of sorrow

1 31 A D and E] O whither? for the sluttish Earth 1 33 A B D and E] your Birth. 1 34 A D and E omit] Sweet

p 265 l 3 E] The darling No such thing we goe to meet 1 6 A D and E read]

A worther [D and E worthy] object Our Lord s [E Lord Jesus] feet pp 265 and 267 ll r 2 Title in A and B] In memory of the Vertuous and Learned Lady Madre de Teresa that sought an Early Martyrdome

p 257 1 4 C] word B] word 1 5 A] Wee need to goe to 1 6 A] stout and tall 1 7 A] Ripe and full growne that 1 10 A] unto the 1 12 A] whose large breasts built a glorous and great 1 14 A] Weell see A full stop has been added after child 1 17 A] had B] hath C] has A] a name 1 27 A] had B] hath C] has 1 33 A] we straight C] you staight

p 268 1 3 A] thust dare 1 6 A and B] Her weake C] Her what A A kases C] hasles 1 10 C] Maryrdom B] for a 1 11 A] for her 1 13 B] and try 1 14 A] Sine officts 1 26 A and B add] Farewell what ever deare may bee 1 27 A fall stop has been added after Arg and after marryrdom 6 lines below 1 37 B] soft cabinet 1 39 A full stop has been added after so

p 269 l 2 A] Loves hand l 15 A] be spent B] be sent l 17 A comma replaces a full stop after *Thee* l 18 A] and the first borne l 20 Al he still may dy l 32 Bl thine embraces 1 34 Printed thus in A]

Balsome to heale themselves withthus

When these etc In B and C thus follows with in the same line without any break in C after a full stop and with a capital T in B

p 270 1 7 A and B] as thou shalt first 1 13 A] on thee 1 14 A] when she shall C] Lef 1 15 A] her hand 1 18 A] joy 1 31 A and B add) All thy sorrows here shall shane 1 32 A and B] And thy 1 35 A] deaths B] Deat hs 1 36 A] soule which late they

p 271 1 12 A] thy spowse 1 19 A and B] keeps

p 272 ll 2 and 4 A full stop has been taken away after Apologue C prints Hymen ll 1—7 Title in A is An Apologie for the precedent Hymne The title in B is the same but in B the precedent hymne is The Flaming Heart (see p 274) 1 9 A] Faire sea 1 10 A] heavenly maxim 1 19 A] there lye 1 23 A] one blood L 25 C] and 1 27 A] it dwell in Spaine

p 273 l 3 B] a wondring l 4 A] Who finds A and B add hatchd after Heart l 7 A and B] are enow l 12 A omits] to B frints] to l 18 A full stop has been added after alone l 19 A] youths Life 1 23 A and B] in one

p 274 1 4 B omits] the seraphicall saint 1 8 C] biside 1 rr B] so much 1 rg B] And Him for Her 1 26 B] happier A full stop has been added after see

p 275 l 2 A full stop has been added after Hor 1 5 B] to paint

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- l 10 B] form'd Seraphicall l 11 B] But c're wore faire l 13 B] cheekes l 28 B] shafts l 38 B] who kindly takes the shame
- p 276, l 4 C] suffting 1 13 C] part B] part, 1 14 A full stop has been supplied after heart and after Flame 4 lines below 1 15 C] lov'es 11 25 to end are not in B 1 33 C] undanted 1 38 C] thrists
- p 277, 1 4 A parenthesis has been added at the end of the line 1 9 Title in B] A Song of divine Love The second part is more distinctly divided from the first, than in C 1 10 C] geace 1 23 B] longing strife
- p 278, ll 1—5 Title in A] On a prayer-booke sent to Mrs M R Title in B as in C but omits *Prayer* 1 1 and *little* 1 3 1 6 A and F] but large ll 7—15 For these lines A and F 1 cad]

(Feare it not, sweet, It is no hipocrit)

Much larger in it selfe then in its looke

1 16 A and F] iich handfull 1 17 A and F] royall Horsts 1 19 A
and F] A thousand 1 21 C] il self 1 22 A, B and F] your white
1 24 A and B] the ghostly your part F] your ghostly your part 1 25
A, B and F] your chast 1 26 A and F] the Armory 1 29 A] hand

- p 279, l 1 F] That holds l 5 A, B and F] your heart l 6 B] its part l 13 A] And bring hei [B its, F his] bosome full of blessings l 19 A and F] comes l 20 A and F] wandring heart l 24 A] pleasures. l 26 A and F] dance in the B] ith' l 28 A and B] Spheare l 34 A, B and F] And stepping l 35 A and B] the sacred l 38 A] These tumultuous
- p 280, 1 6 A colon has been added after desire 1 13 A] An hundred thousand loves and graces F] A hundred loves and graces 1 18 F] That dull mortalists 1 19 A and F] this hidden store 1 30 A and F] Devre silver breasted dove 1 33 F] With mingled vows 1 35 F] With her immortal 1 36 A and F] Happy soule who
- p 281, l 3 A and F] O let that [F the] happy soule hold fast l 13 A and F] Happy soule l 16 A and F] a God
 - p 282, 1 9 B] may C] my

1 31 B] The sinne

- p 283, 1 6 B] most pretious
- p 284, ll 1—3 A full stop after 'complaint' has been removed to after 'Alexias' 1 6 B omits] sanite 1 8 B] loud Praise 1 16 B] Would see 1 24 B] leads the way 1 30 B] change its
- p 285, l 1 B] when lovers A full stop has been taken away after graves
- p 286, 1 4 A full stop has been added after me 1 12 B] the beauteous Skies 1 22 B] old Times
- p 287, 1 7 C] eost 1 9 B] with sawcy 1 15 C] Aleyis 1 19 B] O tell 1 21 C] tell B] tell, 1 31 B] The Blessed Virgin 1 35 A colon has been inserted after approach
- p 288, 1 7 B] No facing Gorgon 1 17 B] How sweet's 1 20 B] thousands
- p 289, l 1 A full stop has been taken away after Description B omits ll 4—6 of Title l 9 B] pavements weeping l 10 B] costly l 12 384

C] frishing B] frishing 1 22 B] slumbers C] slumbers? 1 23 C] And sing & & sigh 1 24 B] round Spheare 1 25 B]
Hands full of hearty labours Paince that pay

And prize themselves doe much that more they may

1 28 C] dayly ding

p 290 1 , B] ly close and keep

p 291 ll 4-6 Title in A and D continues thus] Husband and Wife which died and were buried together Title in EJ Epitaphium conjugum una mortuor et sepultor Title in GJ A man and his wife who dyed to una mortuor et sepator que mortuo de la Alhe second 1 11 Al not sever man and Gl Met that love 1 12 A D and Gl Because Lard 1 16 A D E and Gl Met that love 1 11, -20 A D E and G omt/l And though no harm 1 23 A B D E and Gl And the G mortung dawn 1 25 A E and G] and they waken with that Light [B wake into that] 1 26 A D E and G] never sleepe in

p 292 ll 1-e Title in A] Upon Mr Staninough's Death Title in B] At the Funerall of a young Gentleman Title in D] Upon the Death of Mr Stammough Fellow of Queens Colledge in Cambridge 1 13 A B and DJ Stammough Fernow of Section Stammough 1 1 21 A and D the Jes off 1 18 A J thy I drau 1 19 A and DJ thy bulke 1 21 A and DJ the J thy I drau 1 25 C I neighbourhood In A and D the line ends thus — nothing I here put on and the hext lines — Thy selfe in this unseigned reflection omitting I roud eyeliddes I 29 A and D] (Through all your painting) showes you your own face 1 at A and D] To the proud hopes A full stop has been added after Mortal by 1 32 A and D] this selfe prison d eve

p 293 The poem appeared in the English translation of Leonard Lessius 8 Hygiasticon see 3rd edn published at Cambridge in 1636 The first 12 lines This past to the second of the poem are not the regiven ll 1-6. It the in A and B] in praise of Lessus his rule of health D] Upon Lessus (L) Upon Lessus his Higgens tecon 1 7 A B D and C onut] and 1 9 A D and C] cruell strife 1 15 A D and E] at length 1 16 A D and E add]

Goe poore man thinke what shall bee

Remedie against [E gainst] thy remedie I 10 A Dand Lessius wouldst thou Dends at Reader

and Lessius] Wouldst see | 1 22 A and h] His own Physick 1 20 Lessius] Whose soul s Cl oppest

p 294 1 5 C] way B] way 1 6 A and D] Heavn hath a 1 7 A] Would st thou see 1 10 A B D and Lessus A set 1 13 A and Lessus All a nest of roses D] see a bed of roses grow 1 14 D] In a nest of C] nf renerend 1 16 C] Sring 1 22 Lessius His soul 1 24 D] A sigh a kisse The last 8 lines of the poem are not in A

p 295 l 1 Title in A and B] On Hope By way of Question and Answer betweene A Cowley and R Crashaw In both editions this and the answer on pp 297 and 8 form one poem ten lines of Cowley being followed by ten of Crashaw 13 And Blsucceed and 14 Aand Blill and 18 AlThe Fates have BJThe Fates for 19 And Blsucceed and 14 Aand Blill and all I 17 Full stops have been added after bed and Thee two lines below I 19 A and B] So mighty 1 21 A and B] its spirits 1 25 A semi colon has been added after are 1 26 A and B] Thine empty cloud the eye

APPENDIX

it selfe deceives 1 31 A and B] not North 1 34 C] repenrance A and B] shield of fond Last line A and B] Chymicks

p 296, 1 2 A and B] strange witchcraft

p 297, l 1 A full stop has been taken away after Crashaws l 5 A and B] of things ll 8, 9 A, B and G read thus]

Faire cloud of fire, both shade, and light, Our life in death, our day in night

- I 12 A, B and G] thinne dilemma I 13 A, B and G] like the sick Moone at the A full stop has been added at the end of this line and the twelfth below I 14 A, B and G] Thou art Loves I 15 A, B and G] Of Faith the steward of our growing stocke I 16 A, B and G] Crownlands lye above I 20 C] ckeek I 21 A, B and G] Thou thus steal'st downe I 22 A, B and G] Chaste kisse wrongs no I 26 A, B and G] The generous I 27 A, B and G] Nor need wee kill I 28 A, B and G omit growing Last line A and B] subtile essence
- p 298, l 1 A, B and G] law warres 1 2 A, B and G omit] walks, & l 3 A, B and G] where our winds A comma has been added after stirr 1 4 A, B and G] And Fate's whole A and B add]

Her shafts, and shee fly farre above,

And forrage in the fields of light, and love

- 1 6 A and B] where, or what 1 10 C] antitode 1 11 A, B and G] Temper'd 'twixt cold despaire 1 15 A, B and G] And loves G] fierce and fruitlesse 1 16 G omits] all 1 17 A and B] Huntresse 1 18 A and B] field
- EPIGRAMMATA SACRA, 2nd Edn, 1670 Only those poems not in the 1st edition are here printed. I do not know what authority there may be for these additions, so long after Crawshaw's death, but they are probably genuine as two are in the Sancroft MS (Improba turba tace and O ut ego, pp 304 and 305). As the first of these differs somewhat from the Sancroft copy I have given the MS form in its place on p 318 (Tu mala turba tace)
 - p 303, l 2 $\sigma\epsilon\delta$ s in text l 14 "H η in text
- p 305, l 4 E] ego ut 1 8 E] error abegit 1 12 E] Ex his quos 1 13 E] Ex me
- p 339, 1 18 Mr F G Plaistowe, M A, Librarian of Queens' College, who has very kindly allowed me to refer to him in a few cases of difficulty in the reading of Abp Sancroft's transcript, suggests that $\alpha\nu\alpha l\kappa\eta\nu$ in the MS is an error for $\dot{\alpha}\nu\dot{\alpha}\gamma\kappa\eta\nu$
 - p 345, 1 13 E] forbid the
- p 346 D gives the following variations in this poem 1 i Out of Petronius 1 8 And dayntyest drake The two following lines 'Though new' are not in D 1 i3 pietious Scarus 1 i7 The Barbill too is now 1 i8 And cloying
 - p 349, 1 6 E] from of
 - p 351, 1 9 A full stop has been supplied after villanie
 - p 356, l 11 E] From of 1 16 E] throwes of
 - p 359, 1 6 E] smile for Chloe that
- p 364, ll 20 and 24 A colon has been supplied at the end of each line and also at the end of l 19, p 366

absens medetur 37 Act 10 39 313 Act 12 23 310 Acts 28 3 308 Ad Bethesdae piscinam positus 13 Ad Christum de aqua in vinum versa 53 Ad D Lucam medicum (Latin) 49 Ad D Lucam medicum (Greek) 30 Ad hospites coenae miraculosae quin que panum 46 Ad Infantes Martyres 23 Ad Judaeos mactatores Stephani 22 Adoro Te 246 Ad Principem nondum natum 159 Ad Regmam 124 Ad Reginam Et sibi Academiae parturientem 164 Ad S Andraem piscatorem 20 Ad verbum Dei sanatur caecus 24 Ædificatis sepulchra Prophetarum 48 Æger implorat umbram D Petri 27 Ænaeas Patris sui bajulus 178 Athiopian On the baptized 73

Abscessum Christi queruntur disci

Absenti Centurionis filio Dominus

puli 312

Æthiops lotus 15

faith? 76

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Alexans The complaint of the For saken Wife of Sainte Alexas 284
Aliqui verò dubitabant 41
And he answered them nothing 78
Andrews Picture before his Sermons
Upon Bishop 134
Annunciant ritus quos non licet
B B 2

Afraid why are ye O ye of little

Agnus Dei qui tollit peccata mundi

Apologie In 272 Apricockes sent to Cowley by Sir Crashaw Upon two greene 1,5 Aquae in vinum versae 37 Arbor Christi jussu arescens 30 Arion 180 Ashton Mr a conformable Citizen An Epitaph upon 157 Asse that bore our Saviour Upon Assumption of Our Blessed Lady In the glorious 256 A telonio Matthaeus 18 Attulerunt es omnes malè affectos daemoniacos lunatico & sanavit eos 51

nobis suscipere cum simus Romani

Apocal xii 7 312

Baptismus non tollit futura peccata 115
Beatae Virgini Credenti 33
Beatae Virgini De salutatione An gelica 56
Beati oculi qui vident 32
Beatus venter & ubera &c 39
B Lord upon the choise of His Sepulcher To Our 233
B Virgins bashfullnes e On the 76
Blind cured by the word of our Saviour The 78
Body of our Bl Lord Naked and Bloody Upon the 244

Bonum est nobis esse hic 310
Bonum intrare in coelos cum uno
oculo &c 19
Brooke Doctor An Epitaph upon 143
Brook Omatissimo viro Pracceptor
suo colendissimo Magistro 8
Bulla 171

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CRASHAW S DESIGNS IN 'CARML' DEO NOSTRO



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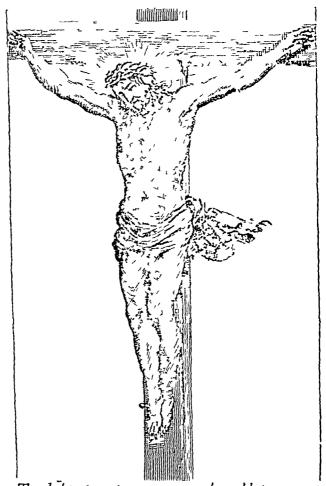
Faces the full-page title of the poem 'In the Holy Nativity'

Below the plate is printed 'Quem vidistis Pastores' &c Natum vidimus &c'



Headpiece to the poem

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Tradidit Semetip sum pro nobis oblationem et hosham Deo in odorem Suaintatis, ad Ephe s

On the reverse of the full-page title of 'The Office of the Holy Crosse' p 216

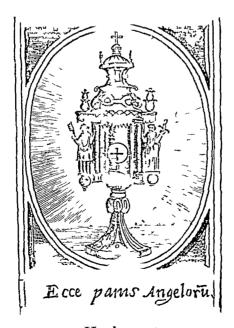


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Full page from.

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Below the plate is printed

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